"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair, cooler Saturday; Sunday, fair, rising temperature; moderate north to northwest winds.
For full weather report see Page 20.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,607. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1911.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES ONE CENT In Greater New York, Yonkers, Jersey City, and Newark. | Elsewhere. TWO CENTS.

CHARTER INSURGENTS WON OVER IN SENATE

Roosevelt, Their Leader, Said to Have Ambitions for a Nomination for Congress.

ONLY THREE STAND FIRM

Burd, Black, and Sayne — Tammany Members Working Hard to Push the Bill Through.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 29.—With a concurrent resolution providing for final adjournment at 9 o'clock to-morrow evening pending, the Legislature is still tied in a hard knot to-night over the three principal propositions before it, namely, the Cullen-Foley New York City Charter bill, the Congressional Reapportionment bill, and direct primaries.

The concurrent resolution was introduced in the Senate to-day by Minority Leader Edgar Truman Brackett, who has lost no opportunity of late to voice the resentment of the Republican lawmakers at the innumerable delays to which they have been subjected while the Democratic majority has been pulling wires to win votes for their pet measures, the New York Charter and the Reapportionment bill.

The fate of the Charter bill is still in the balance. A lack of votes prevented the organization from putting it to its final test in the Senate, although the advantage gained in the Assembly last night when Assemblyman Ashton Parker of New York changed his vote to please the lieutenants of Tammany Leader Murphy, was followed by a somewhat similar victory in the Senate to-day, when it was announced that Senator Franklin D. Roosevelt of Dutchess had been won over to the organization cause.

The announcement made later that four of the rebellious Democratic Senators from Kings had "seen the light," did not come as a surprise, because they have always been out-and-out organization men. The only Brooklyn member of the upper house who is still opposed to the Charter bill is Loring M. Black, Jr., whose youth has won for him the sobriquet "the boy Senator." Senator Black had barely attained his majority when he became a candidate for the Senate a year ago.

Roosevelt's Move a Surprise.

The report that Senator Roosevelt would desert came as a stunning blow to the opponents of the Charter. It was a surprise to everybody. Not only has Senator Roosevelt been the most outspoken foe of the Tammany-made Charter bill, but his long fight as head of the insurgent movement to prevent the election of William F. Sheehan as United States Senator is still fresh in the memory of everybody at the Capitol.

It is known that the organization leaders have been using the Congress Reapportionment bill as a vehicle to win votes for the proposed city Charter. Senator Roosevelt had lodged a vigorous protest with the Reapportionment Committee with regard to the Congress district carved out of the County of Dutchess, where he lives, and the Counties of Putnam and Orange.

He declared this morning, however, that it was by the merest coincidence that this district had been changed over night into one providing an exceptional opportunity for a popular young Democratic resident of Dutchess with ambitions to go to Congress.

The latest Congress district including Dutchess County, in fact, had been laid out pretty nearly along the lines originally suggested by Senator Roosevelt to make it safely Democratic, and in connection with this it became known today that the Senator and the two Assemblymen from Dutchess County were closeted with the Reapportionment Committee until after midnight.

Embarrassing, Says Senator.

"This whole thing is most embarrassing and annoying," said the former insurgent leader when questioned on the subject this afternoon. "But if my district has been changed, and I do not know that it has, the change made will bear no relation whatever to my vote for the Charter bill, should I decide to vote for it, and I have not made up my mind as yet. The fact is that I am in a most awkward position. All my objections to the Charter bill have been met, and the idea of making it take effect on July 1 next year really came from me, so there is now no reason why I should vote against it. In fact, I do not see how I very well could do so and still do my duty by the Democratic Mayor of New York City, who wants this Charter passed."

There is the greatest likelihood that rivalry may arise over the claim made by Senator Roosevelt that the July 1 idea originated with him. John McCooey, the Democratic leader of Kings County, more than intimated in a conversation with the correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES last night that he thought of it first as a proposition that was fair and at the same time might conciliate the legislative rebels in his political bailiwick.

When the Legislature got together for business this morning the leaders found that they still had ten Democratic Charter insurgents on their hands in the Senate, namely, Senators Burd and Loomis of Buffalo, Harden, Cronin, O'Brien, Sanner, and Black of Kings, Long of Suffolk and Nassau, Harte of Queens, and Sayne of Richmond.

Winning Votes for Charter.

The five Brooklyn Senators had been closeted with Leader McCooey until 2 o'clock this morning. When they left his quarters at the Hotel Ten Eyck they were still undecided. There was another conference to-day, which lasted for many hours. When they emerged from the McCooey presence and entered the Senate Chamber, Senator Cronin, speaking for all except Senator Black, declared that, while they did not approve of the Charter bill in every particular, the organization had a strong claim on them, and the organization wanted the bill passed.

"I guess we will vote as the organization wants us to," said Senator Cronin with a laugh.

Senator Harte of Queens had been away from the Capitol all day. When he made his appearance in the Senate Chamber at the session to-night it became known that if his vote was needed for the Charter the organization could have it. The scruples of Senators Long and Loomis had also been removed by that time through arguments advanced by the organization Senator Stilwell of the Bronx, who had become a Charter insurgent in order to get a more satisfactory reapportionment of his borough. There is no indication, however, that he will derive any benefit from his change of heart so far as reapportionment is concerned.

As a result of the activities of the organization there remain to-night only three Democratic Senators who are outspoken opponents to the Charter, and declare that they will not vote for the Cullen-Foley bill. They are Senators

Continued on Page 2.

NEW TIME TABLE OCTOBER 1 on the New Jersey Division of the Pennsylvania Railroad.—Adv.

MAY FLY AS THE BIRDS DO.

Wrights to Try Out a Motorless Aeroplane with Wings.

Special to The New York Times.

KITTY HAWK, N. C., Sept. 29.—Lorin Wright of Dayton, Ohio, elder brother of Wilbur and Orville Wright, arrived here to-day in advance of his brothers and is busily engaged in erecting a new building at Camp Wright near the famous Kill Devil Hills.

From the little information given out by Lorin Wright it appears that the Wrights, accompanied by some English aviators, will be here in a few days to carry on some further experiments in flying. The experiments this time will be devoted to machines without motors. It seems that they have an idea that they can make a great step forward in aeronautics by applying the wing motion of the birds instead of the motor driver screw.

J. P. MORGAN IN WASHINGTON.

Visit Purely a Personal Matter, He Says—Consults an Oculist.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—Many groundless rumors got under headway here to-day to explain the arrival here of J. P. Morgan and his son-in-law, H. L. Satterlee. The first suspicion was that a conference between Attorney General Wickersham and Mr. Morgan was the object of the visit. Another connected the appearance of Mr. Morgan in the capital with the announced intention of Chairman Stanley to summon him before the Congressional Committee that has for months been investigating the Steel Trust. Others sought for an explanation in some possible function of the Episcopal Church, an errand on which Mr. Morgan frequently comes to Washington.

Mr. Morgan and Mr. Satterlee left on the Congressional limited at 4 o'clock without other explanation than that the two had spent two hours at the office of one of the leading oculists of Washington. Both Mr. Morgan and Mr. Satterlee are patients of this specialist, the former lately having had trouble with his right eye, and Mr. Satterlee for some time having suffered acutely with a malady involving both eyes and threatening loss of vision.

Asked if he could make public the purpose of his visit here, Mr. Morgan said:

"My business here is purely of a private nature."

"Will you see the Attorney General or have you arranged for any conference with the Department of Justice?"

"No. I have nothing to confer about."

Asked concerning the speech of the President yesterday at Waterloo, Iowa, Mr. Morgan said he had not yet had time to read it. On being told the substance of what the President said, and that he had spoken in the spirit of "let us reason together," the financier said shortly: "I hope so."

He then retreated to one of the cosy corners of the Arlington lobby and unfolded a morning paper and read the President's speech.

BREAKS POTATO PRICES.

Mayor Offers 500 Bushels at 75 Cents to Aid Indianapolis Consumers.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 29.—The 500 bushels of potatoes brought to this city by Mayor Shank to be sold to the consumers at cost of putting them on the market, 75 cents a bushel, will be sold to-morrow. The Mayor expects to bring other farm products to the city and force the commission men to give fair prices. Already a tumble in the potato market has resulted.

When the potatoes were piled up in front of Tomlinson Hall to-day, a large crowd gathered and there were insistent demands that they be placed on sale at once, but the would-be purchasers were told they would have to come again.

The wholesale price of potatoes at the commission house to-day tumbled to 70 cents and 75 cents a bushel, with the retail price at the groceries upward of $1. Some grocers were cutting the price, one advertising potatoes at 95 cents a bushel. One was found who was selling at 21 cents a peck, which left him small profit. It is thought the price may come down still more when Mayor Shank's potatoes are put on sale. One grocer said he had been told by a commission house man that the commission men would make the price low enough to the grocers so they could undersell Shank, no matter what the latter's price might be.

The potatoes will be sold at 40 cents a half peck, 20 cents a peck, or 75 cents a bushel. Arrangements will be made to deliver them in lots of not less than two and one-half bushels nor more than five bushels, at a cost of 10 cents a bushel, but no telephone orders will be taken. A sign, "Shank's potatoes," will be placed above the potatoes, so the public will know just where to get them.

CLEANING UP CHICAGO.

Mayor Harrison Visits "Levee" District and Closes Variety Shows.

CHICAGO, Sept. 29.—Following a midnight ramble of Mayor Carter H. Harrison through the South Side "Bowery" quarter of Chicago, an order will go out from Chief of Police McWeeny to-day closing several variety shows and "fake" auction salesrooms.

The Mayor walked along South State Street and inspected carefully the attractions that savor of the lives. He was accompanied only by his brother. The inspection resulted in a letter to the head of the Police Department.

"In looking around town last night," reads the letter, "I found conditions pretty rotten in State Street south of Van Buren. One of the last acts of my administration before leaving office in 1903 was to give orders looking to the cleaning up of the old-time levee. To-day State Street south of Van Buren, while not so vile as it used to be, is a cheap imitation of a Midway show.

"On State Street they advertise the 'grizzly bear' dance. They have a barker in front of the place and regular Midway music. This character of a show has no place in a city."

OWNER OF THE UNION HOTEL.

Assistant District Attorney Says It Is the Hamilton Fish Estate.

Assistant District Attorney Smith, who prosecuted the case against Charles Green, clerk in the Union Hotel at Third Avenue and Fifteenth Street, whose discharge in Special Sessions on Thursday caused several ministers to protest to District Attorney Whitman [illegible] the action taken by Justices [illegible] and O'Keefe in Special Sessions in discharging the man, received information yesterday which he considers valuable. Mr. Smith would only say last night that he had been able to find out the owner of the property. The building is owned by the Hamilton Fish Corporation and was leased to Morris Lublitz, the lease running on April 30, 1914. The liquor license was made out in the name of Lena Rom[illegible]

SATURDAY ATLANTIC CITY EXPRESS. Saturday only through express train to Atlantic City via Pennsylvania Railroad, leaving Pennsylvania Station 1:20 P. M., will be continued. Returning, same through train will leave Atlantic City 5:15 P. M. beginning October 1st.—Adv.

STRIKE ON HARRIMAN LINES THIS MORNING

Leaders' Purpose Is to Force Recognition of Federation—Wages Not in Dispute.

MAY INVOLVE OTHER ROADS

Shops Protected and Furnished to Take Care of Strikebreakers—30,000 Men Concerned.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 29.—Four thousand shopmen in the Burnside shops of the Illinois Central, as well as between 25,000 and 30,000 men on the other divisions of the road and on the entire Harriman system, will walk out to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock, beginning the most serious strike since that of 1894.

Thousands of clerks are expected to follow the example set by the office workers on the southern divisions of the Illinois Central earlier in the week, and quit the local offices. They may be followed by fully 10,000 freight handlers, who have voiced sympathy with the railroad employes in their efforts to force recognition of the shop system federation.

The official strike bulletin was issued at 2 o'clock this afternoon by the international President of each of the nine shop crafts involved in the shop federation scheme. The issuance of the call was a victory for the leaders of the shop-craft movement, who forced the international officers of each craft to recede from the contention that the time was not ripe for a strike. The officers had the choice of sanctioning a strike or letting the men walk out without the official order.

Preparations to meet the strike at Burnside and the other shop points are being rushed by the Illinois Central. Two carloads of strike breakers and guards departed to-day from Chicago for shop towns north of the Ohio River. Other trainloads of men from this city and the East passed through to-day bound for division points on the Harriman lines. In each party of strikebreakers, it is asserted are men representing the various unions. Illinois Central officials insist that the strike will cause little inconvenience, beyond a temporary congestion, as the road has been preparing for such an emergency for months. According to C. H. Markham, President of the Illinois Central, there are ten applicants for every position that will be [illegible] with the threatened walk-out.

One of the greatest industrial struggles in the history of railroading in the United States is expected by both sides to the controversy. Union leaders profess to believe that it will be even more serious from the standpoint of inconvenience to the public than the strike of the American Railway Union in 1894. They contend it will be the last struggle in a short time when various brotherhoods of trainmen will be involved.

Strike Forced by the Men.

The strike situation on the Illinois Central was forced by the men over the protests of their own leaders fully ten days before it was expected. The second strike vote recently ordered by the international officers is still being taken at Paducah. The strike goes into effect, so far as many of the crafts are concerned, in direct violation of their contract agreement to give thirty days' notice.

Socialists in the shops of the federation along the Illinois Central are credited with the movement to force the strike at the same time as that on the other Harriman lines. This is the first time that the Socialists have gained the upper hand among the railroad employes in labor troubles.

The strike is also the first test in America of the Socialistic shop system federation scheme on any large scale.

Railroad officials of the Harriman lines and the Illinois Central would not talk for publication to-day. They were busily engaged preparing for the strike. Word that the call was out was brought to the Illinois Central almost as soon as President Kline had issued it from the office in the Monon Building. Two railroad detectives shadowed the building all day Yesterday.

Railway clerks were being examined and signed up by two officers of the Illinois Central and agents of a detective agency at the branch offices. The contracts required the men to "stick" for a month if they expected pay. The wages promised were the same as those being paid clerks—$40 to $75 a month. About 100 clerks are said to have been signed and sent South to-day.

Shops and Unions Affected.

The strike bulletins went to the following shop centres: Burnside, Oak Park, Centralia, East St. Louis, Clinton, Mattoon, Freeport, Ill.; Waterloo, Iowa; Paducah, Ky.; Memphis, Tenn.; McComb, Water Valley, and Vicksburg, Miss.; Oakland, Sacramento, East Bakersfield, Los Angeles, Cal.; Portland, Ore.; Tucson, Ariz.; North Platte, Neb.; Salt Lake, Utah; Cheyenne, Wyo.; Pocatello, Idaho; Omaha, Neb.; Beaumont, San Antonio, Houston, and El Paso, Texas.

From these main shop centres the message was relayed to smaller shops and roundhouses where members of the crafts are employed. The crafts involved are: Railway clerks, equipment painters, carmen, steamfitters, sheet metal workers, boilermakers, blacksmiths, machinists and the so-called "Federal Union," which is composed of engine hostlers and small crafts of insufficient strength to form a local union of their own.

Ultimately the whole United States will be affected, and there will be a complete tie-up of all railroads, according to James W. Kline, International President of the Blacksmiths and Helpers' Union, who made the official announcement of the strike.

Later Mr. Kline made a statement containing the views of the labor leaders. He said:

"The storm clouds that have hovered over the Harriman lines and the Illinois Central for two months have broken. We want the public to give us a square deal. There has been more or less delay over calling the strike, and we have not yet been able to settle all of the details. The strike will take place at 10 o'clock Saturday.

"One of our objections to the Illinois Central and the Harriman system is the physical examination. There are many other objections which will be made evident from time to time.

Labor Headquarters at Atlanta.

"We will shift our headquarters from Chicago to Atlanta, Ga., to-morrow. There the National convention of the Blacksmiths and Helpers is being held. In my absence S. T. Osten, 7,244 Lowe Avenue, who is a District Superintendent of the union at the Burnside shop, will have charge of the Chicago situation.

"I believe, as do the other officers of the various unions, that victory is certain. This is to be the big test. The Chicago & Northwestern, the Chicago & Eastern Illinois, and the Missouri Kansas & Texas roads have refused to meet the employes pending the outcome of the situation that has resulted in calling the strike of employes on the Illinois Central and Harriman lines. If we win this strike all the railroads in the United States will sub-

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THE WAR IN TRIPOLI.

What it means and how it arose, told authoritatively in a magazine article in

To-Morrow's Sunday Times.

TO ARREST WOODRUFF FOR SUNDAY FLYING

Warrant Issued in Campaign to Prevent Repetition of Air Racing To-morrow.

PUBLIC NUISANCE ALLEGED

Unseemly Noises, Liquor Selling, and Other Forms of Sabbath Breaking Charged in the Affidavit.

A warrant was issued last night by Justice of the Peace Dittens of Hempstead, L. I., for the arrest of ex-Lieut. Gov. Timothy L. Woodruff, charging him with violation of the Sunday law in conducting the aviation meet at the Nassau Boulevard grounds a week ago. This action was precipitated by the persistence of Mr. Woodruff in asserting that there would be flying again to-morrow in spite of the protests of Bishop Burgess, Canon Chase, and various Long Island church congregations.

The warrant was backed by six affidavits replete with details of the events last Supday. They describe Mr. Woodruff as the "head showman" and recite conversations had with him on the grounds during the Sunday flying by detectives sent there for that purpose.

Mr. Woodruff, visibly disturbed by the new turn in his controversy over the right to have Sunday flying, remained at his home last night for the express purpose of receiving any constable who might call to serve the warrant. He was not visited up to a late hour, but he said that he had heard all about the matter, and expected to be called upon at any moment. In a statement of two typewritten pages explaining his position, he declared that "if the Sheriff considers it his duty to make arrests we can but submit, conscious, however, that the final determination of the matter in the courts will sustain the position that this meet does not come within the scope of the specified or implied prohibitions of the statutes of the State."

The movement against Mr. Woodruff was made in such a complete form, so far as the presentation of evidence was concerned, that there is nothing about it to suggest the prearrangement which Mr. Woodruff intimated several days ago would be welcomed by him as a "test case," on the law's provisions.

Detectives who visited the grounds retained the tickets which they purchased and attached them to their affidavits. They kept the labels from beer bottles bought in the tented cafés, and took down the numbers of the men in uniform who used megaphones and who collected tickets.

The detectives alone described the flying meet from the inside, but there joined with them two residents of Nassau Boulevard, who swore that the flying grounds constituted a public nuisance, and the Superintendent of a Sunday school, who described the manner in which his peace of mind was disturbed by the loud noises and cheers from the meet last Sunday.

The complainant against Mr. Woodruff is Robert Rogers of 300 McDonough St., Brooklyn, Chairman of the Sunday Observance Section of the Social Service Committee of the Episcopal Diocese of Long Island. What he sets forth is upon his "information and belief" as conveyed to him from various sources other than by actual attendance at the Sunday meeting.

The lawyers representing Rogers were the firm of Moss, Lalmbeer, Marcus & Wells of 299 Broadway. They obtained three warrants upon their representations from Justice of the Peace Charles F. Dittens at Hempstead. One was against Mr. Woodruff, one against John Roe, described as a ticket seller, and one against the Nassau Aviation Corporation.

Mr. Rogers sets forth that on last Sunday there was held on Nassau Boulevard "an international tournament and public show of various aeroplanes and flying machines propelled by professional aviators from various countries, and that this show was conducted as aforesaid in violation of Section 2,145 of the penal law of the State of New York; that the show was advertised in various daily newspapers, in programmes, and on posters which set forth that the show would take place on that date; that the show was witnessed by thousands of people; that a regular admission fee was charged and paid by many persons; that loud noises were occasioned by the cheering of thousands of spectators, the shouting through the megaphones, the operation of motors, the hawking of official programmes, postal cards, flags, and food, the explosion of bombs, and the playing of a brass band of forty pieces."

"All these things," the complaint continues, "disturbed the peace of the Sabbath Day and seriously interfered with the repose and the religious liberty of the community."

Accompanying the complaint are affidavits of William A. Hartman and Alfred E. Bowman, who describe themselves as agents of the Society for the Prevention of Crime, with offices at 26 Union Square; Frank M. Clute and Warren Trummel, residents of Nassau Boulevard, and Walter Randall Marsh, Head Master of St. Paul's School in Garden City.

Annexed to the complaint as exhibits were various posters distributed in Garden City and a postal card addressed from the aviation grounds to announce the automobile-aeroplane race scheduled for last Sunday, with Louis Disbrow at the wheel of the automobile and Sopwith, the English flier, in charge of the aeroplane.

Hartman's affidavit and a corroborating affidavit by Bowman describe in detail their various experiences at the Sunday "show." As they approached the grounds they were accosted, they set forth, by a man who was shouting: "Admission, 50 cents; with seats, $1." They saw large signs proclaiming this same fact. From a ticket booth set against the side of a fence they obtained two tickets by paying $5 and receiving in change the sum of $3.

A ticket taker on whose cap was the number 529 took coupons from the tickets of both men and passed them inside the grounds. There they encountered still another gate where portions of their tickets were torn off, and they were passed into the grand stands.

"There," continued Hartman, "a man was pointed out to me as Timothy L. Woodruff, advertised on the programme as Chairman of the Grounds Committee. Near him was a man shouting, 'Get your tickets for the grand stand, $1 here.'

"The man who had been pointed out to me as Mr. Woodruff advanced to a closed gate which he kicked open, declaring as he did so that he did not want it locked, as he intended to go in and out through that entrance. He asked a ticket seller if there was anybody in charge of that gate, and the ticket seller replied to Woodruff

Continued on Page 3.

ITALY BEGINS WAR ON TURKEY; WINS FIRST NAVAL BATTLE

Troops Land in Tripoli and Epirus—Turkish Torpedo Boats Ashore

TRIPOLI IS BLOCKADED

Turkey Not to Offer Resistance There — Two Barges of Italians Sunk in Landing.

TURKISH CABINET FALLS

Move of Turks to Take Thessaly or to Block Greece May Start General War.

ITALY RUSHING FORCES ON

Army of 40,000 Men for Tripoli and Navy Prepared to Crush Sultan's Feeble Squadrons.

ITALIAN HASTE DENOUNCED

English and German Press Characterize Assault on Turkey as the Act of a Bandit.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Saturday, Sept. 30.—War began between Italy and Turkey at 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and within a few hours the first blow was struck. Italian troops, according to a dispatch from Constantinople, landed at two points on Tripoli's soil, Tripoli and Bengasi. Italian cruisers pursued and fired upon Turkish transports near Prevesa, in Epirus. A dispatch from Salonica adds that a Turkish torpedo boat destroyer has been destroyed by an Italian cruiser in the harbor of Prevesa, and that Italian troops were landed there.

The report of the Italian aggression has been followed by the fall of the Turkish Cabinet.

Thus an era of the gravest menace to Europe has been opened. Nobody can foretell what developments the conflict may take—whether it will lead to the break-up of the Ottoman dominion in Europe or precipitate a European Armageddon.

Already there is unrest in Albania and Crete, where Constantinople's difficulties may be the signal for an uprising against Mussulman domination, while in Vienna it is believed Turkey will attempt to create a diversion by requiring Greece to give a declaration that she renounces all interest in Crete, in default of which Turkey will make a military demonstration on the Thessalian frontier. Mobilization in this direction is reported to have already begun, and some color is lent to the report by the theory that Turkey would thereby show the rest of the Balkan States that her strength on the mainland is not diminished by the Italian command of the sea, while she might also gain some compensation for the loss of Tripoli.

Effort to Localize War.

At present, war having begun, the chief concern of Europe is to localize it. Operations in Tripoli itself need not involve very grave results, though it is possible that the subduing of the Turkish troops in Tripoli and the tribesmen of the interior may prove no easy task.

Italy's extreme and unnecessary haste is receiving general condemnation here. She is described by one paper as a "pirate, brigand, and buccaneer," and another says that King Ahab's excuse for his invasion of Naboth's vineyard was hardly more artificial than Italy's in entering Tripoli. No specific acts of a hostile character on Turkey's part were alleged. There was only a comprehensive complaint of disorder and unfriendliness to Italian enterprise.

The ultimatum, indeed, was framed in such a way as almost to court defiance, and Turkey, though no longer the haughty empire of other days, still has pride of nationality, and no Government could hope to retain its authority which submitted meekly to menaces expressed in such uncompromising tenor.

The London Times still clings to the hope that actual war may be averted. "For the moment," it says, "no actual fighting has taken place, and the attitude of Turkey leaves a faint glimmer of hope that it will be avoided. That Turkey still thinks a settlement possible is shown by the decision of the Porte to offer no opposition to the Italian landing at Tripoli, where the tricolor now flies over the Turkish Government buildings.

"Further appeals have been made to the powers to use their good offices, and it is known that Italy, while insisting on the substance of her demand for the occupation of Tripoli, is prepared to make large concessions in matters of form, and, in the way of compensation.

"On the other hand, it is extremely doubtful how long Turkey will be able to maintain her present attitude. Public opinion is naturally exasperated, and Hakki Pasha's Cabinet has been compelled to make way for a Ministry with the veteran statesmen, Said Pasha and Kiamil Pasha, as Grand Vizier and Minister of Foreign Affairs, respectively. Their names are a guarantee against rash or precipitate action.

"Even so, there is always a danger of regrettable incidents, a danger especially great in view of the large Italian colonies in Constantinople and in most Turkish ports. That no such incidents have yet occurred, even in Tripoli, is a fact on which Turkey must be congratulated."

Balkans Not Yet Affected.

Referring to the possible consequences of the war, The London Times points out:

"There is so far no definite indication of any effect in the Balkan Peninsula, but there are rumors, that cannot be ignored, of preparations for a new rising in Albania, and an increasing tension between Turkey and Greece.

"The feeling seems to be growing among the Turks that they have as good a right to Thessaly as the Italians have to Tripoli, and may just as legitimately seize it as their compensation. Were they unwise enough to do anything of the kind, they would set light to a fire that would speedily spread to the whole of Southeastern Europe, and might easily involve the great powers."

The reports from Italian sources do not confirm the landing of Italian troops in Tripoli. A dispatch to The Daily Mail, dated Tripoli, Friday, says:

"An Italian torpedo boat destroyer entered the port of Tripoli this afternoon, flying a white flag, and summoned the garrison to surrender. This the Turkish authorities refused to do. All the Europeans have now taken refuge in the Italian Consulate and are waiting for the first shot of the campaign. A state of war exists from this evening. The Italian colony in Tripoli is making preparations for defense."

Another dispatch dated Turin, and sent by special courier to the frontier, says:

"As soon as the Italian ultimatum was delivered to Turkey, the Italian fleet established a blockade of the coast of Tripoli. Not a Turkish steamer can now get in. The mission of the fleet for the moment is to prepare everything for the landing of an expeditionary corps commanded by Gen. Caneva. If Italian subjects are molested in Turkey the fleet will extend the area of its operations. If the Turkish warships attempt any action, a strong Italian squadron will be sent to deal with them at once.

Main Investment Next Week.

"No disembarkation of Italian sailors or marines in Tripoli is to be expected, as the force would not be sufficient to sustain an attack by the Turkish garrison. The main landing force will leave Italian and Sicilian ports early next week.

"Tripoli will not be bombarded unless the life and property of Italians and other foreigners are endangered. The Turkish fortifications are armed only with Krupp guns of small calibre, and these can do no injury to the Italian warships, while the Italian warships' armament is heavy enough to destroy the forts without difficulty.

"The cruisers Marco Polo and Vettor Pisani have left Taranto with a squadron of torpedo boats under command of the Duke of the Abruzzi, cousin of King Victor Emmanuel. At the moment of departure the mineship Minerva went ashore, but suffered only slight damage. She carries 150 torpedoes, besides mines.

"Gen. Caneva will be accompanied with his expeditionary corps by Gen. Briccola and Gen. Count Geraldi. The first force dispatched will consist of 25,000 men, but altogether 40,000 troops will be landed in Tripoli. From all the chief Italian towns regiments are departing every day for Palermo, Naples, Brindisi, Syracuse, Catania, Messina, Taranto, Genoa, Ancona, and Venice, where they will be embarked in transports. Warships will convey the transports to the coast of Tripoli by Oct. 7. This army will be established in Tripoli, and ships carrying ammunition, guns, and telegraphic apparatus will follow the transports. Aeroplanes and probably a military airship will also be dispatched.

"The occupation is looked forward to in Italy with the utmost enthusiasm. Demonstrations in favor of the war are taking place in all towns, and the people form processions and sing national songs as they march.

"The Italian Government has also elaborated a plan for the government of Tripoli. The first step will be a proclamation annexing the Tripolitan from many taxes which they now pay. The Duke of the Abruzzi, it is said, will be the first Governor.

"The Socialists continue the agitation against the war in spite of the failure of the general strike. At Langhirano, near Parma, the Socialists came into collision with the police. Three demonstrators were killed and several injured. In another conflict in the same region one man was killed and others injured."

NAVAL BATTLE OFF EPIRUS.

Italians Attack Turkish Destroyers—Two Ashore Badly Damaged.

PARIS, Saturday, Sept. 30.—The Matin's Athens correspondent says that the telegraph official at Vonitza, Greece, wires to the Government that a naval battle occurred off Prevesa at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Italian warships belonging to the Ionian squadron encountered a flotilla of Turkish destroyers cruising off the Coast of Epirus. The Italians promptly attacked the flotilla, and two Turkish ships were badly damaged by shells. They have gone ashore in the Gulf of Arta.

A Government dispatch from Vonitza says that six Turkish torpedo boat destroyers were attacked and pursued by the Italian squadron cruising off Prevesa. One was wrecked at Nicopolis, another escaped into Prevesa, and the others escaped to the open sea.

SALONICA, Saturday, Sept. 30, 1 A. M.—An Italian cruiser has destroyed a Turkish destroyer in the harbor of Prevesa, in Epirus, and landed troops. The Turkish authorities are sending a battalion of troops to Prevesa.

ATHENS, Sept. 30.—The Premier has received a telegram from Vonitza announcing that Italian warships pursued and fired upon two Turkish transports carrying troops. The transports went ashore near Prevesa.

ITALY DECLARES WAR.

Action Taken in Answer to Turks' Move for Delay.

ROME, Sept. 29.—Italy has declared war on Turkey. The official announcement was made late this afternoon. It declared that the two countries were in a state of war beginning at 2:30 o'clock on the afternoon of Friday, Sept. 29—the hour at which the Italian ultimatum to Turkey expired. The action followed a session of the Cabinet, at which the Turkish reply was considered and found unsatisfactory.

Italy will provide for the safety of Italians and all other foreigners in Tripoli and Cyrene, using to this end all the means at her disposal. The blockade of the entire coast of Tripoli and Cyrenaica will be undertaken immediately, and a notification of this act will be sent to all neutral powers.

The Minister of Marine is believed to have sent wireless orders to the Italian fleet off Tripoli to act immediately.

Though every indication pointed to the decisive action taken by the Royal Government, there was always a possibility that the good offices of other Governments would be successful in avoiding hostilities, and when the final decision of the Cabinet was announced the excitement throughout the city was [illegible]

Throughout the earlier hours of the afternoon the papers had [illegible] special editions announcing that the [illegible] fleet was sailing in plain sight [illegible] Tripoli, and intimating that [illegible] would be declared at any moment.

The Minister of Foreign Affairs, the Marquis di San Giuliano, received the Turkish reply from the Turkish Ambassador this morning, and immediately went into conference with his associates in the Ministry. It is understood that the German Government completely accepted Italy's economic claims in Tripoli, but evaded the direct answer demanded by this Government, which had set forth in the ultimatum that Turkey must say that she would not resist the proposed occupation of Tripoli and Cyrene. Instead the Porte sent a conciliatory note suggesting further delay. It was known that at the same time Turkey transmitted a note to the powers, in which it is assured that she represented herself as the injured party, and by inference at least sought their intervention.

The Royal Government decided to stand absolutely by their ultimatum of yesterday, and in the absence of the reply called for to declare Italy and Turkey in a state of war from the hour that the ultimatum of twenty-four hours expired.

The Italian newspapers, including those of the Opposition, approve the action of the Government, but some of the Socialist papers oppose it, while The Milan Secolo, the organ of the Radicals, strongly criticises the moment and means chosen for occupation. The Secolo says: "If the principle is established that it is enough to say to Turkey, 'You left Tripoli in disorder and abandonment, therefore we take it and bring civilization there,' any power, richer, stronger and more civilized than Italy might say to her, 'You left the South crushed under poverty, illiteracy and superstition, therefore we seize it.'"

All day long special editions were printed by the newspapers, and eager crowds snapped them up quickly. In the evening several thousand manifestants gathered in the Place Colonna, and proceeded to the Place Quirinal. The procession acclaimed the Foreign Office and then marched to the Ministry of War and the Victor Emmanuel Monument, shouting themselves hoarse, cheering wildly for the army and navy, and singing patriotic songs. There were no disorders and the procession broke up peaceably long before midnight.

Pushing Invasion of Tripoli.

GENEVA, Switzerland, on the Italian frontier, Sept. 29.—Dispatches from the important Italian cities tell of much enthusiasm over the expedition to Tripoli, the various regiments composing which are now centred at various ports. All the officers have volunteered for service in

chess who will take part in the expedition are to be chosen by lot.

The police measures to check disorders have been made very stringent, especially in the provinces of Modena, Parma, Ravenna, Forli and Brescia. Large contingents of troops and carabineers are occupying the most riotous districts.

The Italian fleet will occupy the whole coast, from Tripoli through Benghasi to Derna, and prevent by force the landing of reinforcements. The military expedition is to be dispatched as rapidly as possible, and it is expected that the fleet will have completed the occupation by to-morrow.

Secret instructions have been given for the strategic distribution of ships also along the Albanian, Macedonian and Syrian coasts the moment action is begun, to prevent any attempt by Turkey to attack the Italian coast through privateers, which would be easy from the Albanian coast, which, on the opposite side of the Adriatic Sea, is but a few hours' sail from the Italian coast, which is quite undefended.

The ships have been instructed also to defend not only Italians but all foreigners on Ottoman territory, landing forces if necessary in order to take fugitives aboard.

The expedition to Tripoli consists of a complete army corps, which will be used in its entirety if necessary. It will be commanded by Gen. C. Canova, who has formed his staff with Gen. Briccola and Gen. Pecori, each in command of a division, and with Gen. Gastaldelle of the General Staff. His instructions are that the occupation of Tripoli and Cyrene shall be conducted with the least possible delay, but with prudence to avoid both foreign complications and unnecessary bloodshed.

Admiral Aubrey, in command of the Italian vessels in the waters of Tripoli, has been instructed, when the order to begin the occupation is issued, to embark immediately the few Italians who may be left there, and any foreigners wishing to leave. These it is thought will number about 100.

It is reported that Admiral Aubrey has been instructed, when the occupation is decided upon, to demand the immediate surrender of Tripoli, and if this is refused or delayed to give the population six hours within which to escape; at the expiration of which time he shall bombard the place until a landing is possible.

The Milan Corriere della Sera publishes an interesting telegram from Tripoli dated Sept. 28, when the ultimatum was not yet known there. The Italian Consul notified the Italians that whoever desired to leave could embark aboard the steamer Hercules. The only luggage allowed was a mattress and a basket of food for each person. The refugees, numbering about 800, mostly women and children, were prostrated by anxiety. Several Italians, after embarking their families, returned to Tripoli, but there was no sign of a panic, which seemed to have disappeared with the departure of the steamer.

The Turkish authorities doubled their vigilance for the maintenance of order. The town was patrolled by well disciplined policemen armed with rifles, and the police were reinforced at night by numerous platoons of infantry. The Governor called to the ancient castle, where he lives, heads of the native authorities, and read to them an order imposing upon them respect for the Italians.

TRIPOLI REFUSES SURRENDER.

Italian Torpedo Boat Brought Summons to the City.

TRIPOLI, Sept. 29.—The Italian squadron, which had been cruising in the offing, came close inshore this morning and the destroyer Garibaldino steamed into the harbor at noon flying a white flag. Great crowds gathered and watched her approach. After reconnoitering the destroyer launched a boat which came to the beach. An officer landed. He was preceded by a bluejacket carrying a white flag.

Turkish soldiers surrounded the pair. The officer asked for the Turkish commander. When taken to him he formally announced that the Italian fleet had been ordered to occupy the town. He therefore demanded the instant surrender of the whole Turkish garrison. The Turkish commander replied that he was unable to comply with the demand, and emphatically refused to surrender.

The incident was witnessed by the foreign residents, who gathered around the officer and cheered him enthusiastically. The boat then returned to the [illegible] which joined the fleet.

[illegible] the residents of Tripoli [illegible] camped on the beach [illegible] the Arabs should get out of [illegible] begin pillaging. Arabs are [illegible] arriving from the country. The [illegible] kept open, and throughout [illegible] were filled with praying [illegible].

[illegible] all of the Europeans left last night, [illegible] orders from the Italian Consul, and to-day the streets were deserted except for squads of Turkish soldiers. The steamer Hercules sailed with 500 Europeans aboard. All the Italians have gone. Father Rossetti, the Apostolic Prefect, and the manager of the Banca di Roma asked permission of the Italian Consul to remain, but they were advised to leave. The securities of the bank were placed in safe keeping.

The remaining foreigners have taken refuge in the Consulates. The British Consulate is crowded to its capacity with women and children. The native conscript reservists have been called out for service, and the Turks are purchasing all available camels and securing all possible supplies.

The belief that British war vessels are in the vicinity has tended to calm the native population. They express the hope that the Turkish fleet will soon arrive.

The Arabs have held mass meetings in all the mosques and taken a solemn oath of unity and allegiance to the Turkish flag "to the last drop of blood."

The Turkish transport Derna has discharged 2,000 tons of ammunition stores and 12,000 Mauser rifles. These have been taken into the interior, 450 camels being used in moving the supplies.

MALTA, Sept. 30.—Two Italian Consuls have arrived here aboard the steamer Bisagno. They report having landed at Bengazi, but were unable to reach the Consulate. A mob attacked them, smashing their trunks and scattering the contents. The police fired blank cartridges and dispersed the crowd. The people of Bengazi are violently agitated, and there is much fear for the Christians. Turkish soldiers tried to prevent the Consuls from re-embarking, but the latter succeeded in escaping during the night.

WILL NOT DEFEND TRIPOLI.

Turkish Government So Decides—Said Pasha Heads New Cabinet.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 29.—The Government has decided not to oppose an armed resistance to the occupation of Tripoli, and, further, to take no measures against Italian residents in Turkey. The Government hopes by adopting this attitude that Italy will not treat the Tripolitans as a conquered people.

The Turkish War Ministry, according to the reports current here to-night, has received a dispatch from the former Turkish military attaché at Paris, who has assumed command of the forces at Tripoli, stating that the Italians began to disembark this afternoon, but the Turks succeeded in sinking the first two barges.

It is rumored also that Italian forces have landed both at Tripoli and Bengazi.

The Porte's decision was announced after the Turkish Cabinet, presided over by Hakki Bey, had resigned. Said Pasha, President of the Senate, has been appointed Grand Vizier and Kaimil Pasha Foreign Minister, Mahmoud Shefket Pasha continuing as Minister of War.

The Sultan and the heir apparent sat in council with the Ministers all night.

The Italian Chargé d'Affaires, Signor Di Martino, handed the Porte this afternoon a communication intimating the intention of Italy to proceed with the measures foreshadowed in the ultimatum. This was tantamount to a declaration of war, and, as a state of war would give Italy greater freedom of action in Turkish waters, there is much apprehension regarding the Turkish war vessels at present steaming in the direction of the Dardenelles lest they be captured by the Italian squadron, which is believed to be watching the movements of Turkish ships.

The following is the text of the declaration which the Italian Chargé d'Affaires handed to the Porte:

> The Italian embassy, carrying out the orders of the King, has the honor to notify you that the delay accorded by the royal Government to the Porte, with a view to the realisation of certain necessary measures, has expired without a satisfactory reply reaching the Italian Government. The lack of this reply only confirms the bad will, or want of power, of which the Turkish Government and authorities have given such frequent proof, especially with regard to the rights and interests of Italians in Tripoli and Cyrenica.
>
> The royal Government, consequently, is obliged to itself to safeguard its rights and interests as well as its honor and dignity by all means at its disposal. Events which will follow can only be regarded as the necessary consequence of conduct followed so long by the Turkish authorities.
>
> The relations of peace and friendship being therefore interrupted between the two countries, Italy considers herself from this moment in a state of war with Turkey. I have therefore the honor to make known to your Highness that passports will be placed at the disposal of the Chargé d'Affaires at Rome, and I beg your Highness to hand passports to the representative of the royal Government.
>
> Ottoman subjects may continue to reside in Italy without fear of an attack upon their persons, property, or affairs.

The British Embassy here is concerned for the British officers with the Turkish squadron, and is instructing the Government to have them recalled. The question of protection of Italian subjects in Turkey is engaging the attention of the Italian authorities. It is thought that a request will be made to Germany to undertake the protection of the Italian citizens. The national emblems have been removed from the Embassy, the Consulate the Post Office, and the schools, with a view to preventing untoward incidents.

Italians Leave.

The Italian residents in Constantinople have received orders to close their schools and shops and not congregate anywhere in numbers. Many of them are leaving the city. The Banco di Roma and the Italian Post Office are strongly guarded.

A massacre of Italians in Adamia, Asia Minor, is feared. Italy has considerable interests and a large colony there. News has reached here that Turkish troops have occupied Thessaly to keep the Greeks in check and prevent them from attempting to capture Crete. The Russian fleet in the Black Sea is ready for any emergency. It is now anchored before Trebizonde.

The Government has decided to enforce martial law in Constantinople for the present. The population was quiet this morning, but it was feared that an actual rupture in the relations with Italy may lead to riots.

Telegrams from various towns of the empire announce that the Moslem youths are volunteering for a war against Italy. The Italian officers in the Turkish service left last night, having been recalled by their Government.

The Tanin, in a violent article to-day, accuses Italy of acting as a common brigand, and says that Turkey will respond with hatred and enmity, and the ultimatum will be the prelude to the thunder of cannon. It adds:

> "Turkey is not going to make a pretense of defending Tripoli and accept peace after the formal exchange of a few cannon shots. From this moment there will be implacable hatred between Italians and Turks. Not the face of an Italian shall be seen in our towns. Not an Italian flag in our ports. Vengeance must dominate every other feeling. For vengeance we shall live, and we shall succeed."

Public Indignation Intense.

Public indignation has been intense since the Italian demands were made known yesterday. The Italian Chargé d'Affaires presented the ultimatum at the usual weekly reception to the foreign representatives at the Foreign Office. Immediately afterward the then Grand Vizier, Hakki Bey, proceeded to the palace, where the Ministers were assembled in a special council meeting. The Ministers continued in session until after midnight.

The result of the Ministerial deliberations was communicated to the Italian Chargé d'Affaires, Signor di Martino, at 4 o'clock this morning.

The message was couched in friendly terms and expressed surprise at the action of Italy in view of the cordial relations existing between the two countries. It pointed out that Italian interests in Tripoli had not been threatened, and expressed the hope that Italy would desist from her contemplated measures. Assurance was given of Turkey's desire for a settlement of the matters pending between the two Governments.

The reply also stated that Italian subjects in Ottoman territory were exposed to no danger, as the authorities afforded them protection, and added that the Turkish military measures had been suspended during the period of the negotiations for a settlement of differences.

VIENNA, Sept. 30.—A dispatch from Constantinople says that it was the Turkish fleet, which was last reported off Chios, in the Aegean Sea, that sank the two barges of Italian troops landing at Tripoli.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—A dispatch to The Times from Constantinople says that according to the latest reports received by the Admiralty the Ottoman fleet is making for the Dardanelles with two Italian cruisers following on the port quarter. The fleet is expected to arrive at the Dardanelles to-morrow morning.

The Turkish Government, says the dispatch, has entire confidence in its ability to protect Italian subjects here and at the principal ports from reprisals on the part of the populace. But the position of Italian residents in the interior, especially the Italian workmen employed on the Taurus sections of the Bagdad Railway, is regarded as less secure.

The Turkish military strength in Tripoli appears to be entirely inadequate to meet the storm. Two regiments of cavalry, one infantry division, and six batteries of artillery at the most, with a few fortress troops and engineers, would furnish a maximum of 8,000 effective fighting men, of which about two-thirds are believed to be in Tripoli. Little or no progress has been made since the revolution in the organization of a local militia force.

The attitude of the masses in Constantinople, if despondent, is calm and orderly. No demonstration marked the Selamlik, when the Sultan appeared, somewhat downcast. Among the educated classes, especially the Young Turks, resentment against Italy's aggression is strong, and the Ministers are severely censured for their neglect to take the most obvious military and diplomatic precautions in the face of recent warnings.

GERMANY ACTS FOR ITALY.

Will Take Care of Italians in Ottoman Territory.

BERLIN, Sept. 29.—Germany, which is watching the Turco-Italian situation with the closest interest, is directing her endeavors toward concerted action with the other powers to limit the area of hostilities. Germany made the strongest efforts to prevent an outbreak of war, and only gave up hope at the last moment. It is announced that she has consented to undertake the protection during the hostilities of the property and lives of Italians in Turkey, who number 50,000.

It was late in the evening before the news of the declaration of war was made public in Berlin.

GERMANS DENOUNCE ITALY.

Press Calls War Act of Open Pillage and Naked Violence.

BERLIN, Sept. 29.—The German press to-day does not spare words in condemnation of Italy's action. The Lokal Anzeiger, which is in close touch with the Foreign Office, says:

> "A State with the slightest regard for its honor can only answer 'No!'"

The Frankfurter Zeitung declares that civilized Europe, disregarding political differences, must protest against an act of open pillage and naked violence, and says that there is no justification for Italy's "brutal methods particularly toward two allies."

The Zeitung am Mittag says that one must go back to the partition of Poland to find a similar example of brutal violence and political hypocrisy, which was strikingly illustrated in the warning of the powers to the Balkan States. They were told to "behave. They were dwarfs. Only mighty Italy may play the bandit." The paper adds that Italy with its hordes of illiterates is the least justified in making a pretext of conditions in Tripoli for an action against all the rules of civilized intercourse.

According to the Vossische Zeitung, Pan-Islamic representatives in Berlin held a meeting last night at which they adopted resolutions calling for an anti-Italian boycott by the Mohammedans of Egypt, India, Russia, and North Africa as well as in Turkey proper. The resolutions also warned the Turkish Government that any weakness at this time would be fatal to itself.

Prices on the Boerse were sharply depressed to-day, but the trading at no time assumed a panicky character. The operators were still trying to find hopeful features of the situation, and the faint hope was expressed that the powers or Great Britain alone would intervene and prevent war between Italy and Turkey. The traders, discussing the possibilities of an outbreak of a conflagration in the Balkans, leaned strongly to the view that war would be confined to Turkey and Italy, but persons in close touch with political circles were less optimistic.

The weakness of the market progressed as selling orders arrived from the provinces, but there was a slight improvement before the close upon better advices from Vienna and the Italian Exchanges.

BUCKNAM NOT IN NAVY.

American No Longer in Turkish Service, Says Ottoman Representative.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 29.—The views as to the reasons for Italy's move on Tripoli expressed by Yussuf Zia Pasha, the Turkish Ambassador in Washington, in his statement issued yesterday, do not seem to be shared by the Turkish Embassy in Paris. The First Secretary said to-day that he did not believe Italy's step was the result of a secret agreement among the powers attending the Berlin conference in 1877, whereby the powers are alleged to have given Italy the assurance that Europe would permit her to accomplish the pacific penetration of Tripoli. He said, "So far as I know, Italy was at that time politely but firmly shown out."

As to the suggestion contained in the latter part of Yussuf Zia's statement that America's attitude at this juncture may be influenced by the hope of gaining the favor of the Turkish Parliament in the matter of the concession for a railroad in Asia Minor, the Secretary declined to express any opinion. Asked about the present position of Capt. R. Bucknam in the Turkish Navy, the Secretary stated that, although Capt. Bucknam retained large business interests in Turkey, he had not been connected with the navy since 1909. The Secretary denied the rumor that Capt. Bucknam might now be asked to assume the command of the Turkish fleet.

ITALIANS NOT ENTHUSIASTIC.

Correspondent Reports Population Stupefied by Declaration of War.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—The Chronicle's Milan correspondent, who sends his dispatch by way of the Swiss frontier, says "Despite the vast preparations for war which the Government has been vigorously engaged in for the past week, the publication of the text of the ultimatum to Turkey has produced a veritable sense of stupefaction among the people. Except in Sicily there is nothing approaching enthusiasm at this colonial adventure. Anxious fears are expressed lest the brutal crudity of the ultimatum favor the impression abroad that the note was drafted under the inspiration of the worst ethics of Sicilian brigandage, rather than by the Cabinet of a Christian power.

"As during the recent ravages of the cholera, the Ministry has resorted to its favorite device—the wholesale stoppage of telegraph and telephone messages, even forbidding the sending of messages by Italian correspondents arriving at Tripoli, who found everything calm there and nothing in the attitude of the natives to justify a panic or an exodus."

ITALY WILL BE GENEROUS.

If Allowed to Occupy Tripoli Will Pay Sultan Large Indemnity.

PARIS, Sept. 30.—The Matin learns from a high official of Italy that if the Turkish Government does not oppose the occupation of Tripoli, Italy will be ready to give Turkey the fullest satisfaction, both moral and material. The suzerainty of the Sultan will be recognised, a very large indemnity will be paid, and everything done will be agreeable to Turkey in other ways.

"Italy will be as liberal as possible," said the official, "both in justice to Turkey and out of consideration for the powers, for we want at all costs to prevent them from being involved in complications."

ALBANIANS THREATEN REVOLT.

Elder Garibaldi Thinks Season Unpropitious, Owing to Snow.

CHIASSO, Switzerland, Sept. 29.—The expressed wish of the Italian Government that the Tripoli affair shall not be taken as an opportunity to create troubles in other Ottoman provinces appears likely to be disappointed.

The Albanians consider this an excellent moment for another uprising, and have addressed Gen. Ricciotti Garibaldi, the son of the Italian hero, urging him to organize an expedition of volunteers commanded by himself or his son, Col. Giuseppe Garibaldi, who figured in the recent Mexican insurrection.

The elder Garibaldi does not think the season propitious for a rebellion against Turkish authority, owing to the cold and the snow in the Albanian mountains.

WOULD DESTROY TURKEY.

Austrian Press Urges Government to Follow Italy's Lead.

VIENNA, Sept. 30.—While a number of papers condemn Italy's procedure as precipitate, on the whole, the Austrian press sympathizes with Italy's ambitions and condemns the Young Turks.

The Fremdenblatt avoids discussion of the merits of the conflict, but other official and semi-official organs wish Italy success and hope that a costly and bloody struggle will be avoided.

The Vaterland believes that the Tripolitan affair marks the beginning of the end of the Young Turks' rule, and that unless all signs are misleading the liquidation of European Turkey is at hand. The Vaterland openly urges Austria-Hungary to follow Italy's example, and to persuade Bulgaria to do the same. It declares that King Ferdinand holds the key to the Balkans, and has often proved his ability cleverly to turn given situations to his account.

FIVE DEAD IN ITALIAN RIOT.

Mob Obstructs Tracks Near Parma and Is Fired Upon.

CHIASSO, Switzerland, Sept. 29.—To-day's advices from Italy deplore the fact that a very small minority of extremists continue to sound a discordant note in the otherwise unanimous support of the Government in one of the gravest moments in her foreign policy since Italian unity was established.

In several places excesses of vandalism continue, notwithstanding the efforts of the authorities to prevent them without the use of arms.

Late reports describe the rioting at Langhirano, fifteen miles from Parma, as more serious than first appeared. A mob cut the telegraph and telephone wires and tearing down poles used them to obstruct the railway tracks, with the idea of hindering the movement of troop trains.

Carabineers who attempted to disperse them were stoned and wounded, and would have been routed had they not had resort to their weapons. They fired into the mob, killing five persons and wounding twelve others. Among the dead was a woman. The rioters fled before the bullets, but soon afterward gathered again, and surrounded the barracks, determined to burn the place and lynch the Carabineers. They might have been successful but for the timely arrival of troops, who restored order.

ITALY PLANNED SURPRISE.

Washington Was Not Prepared for Actual Declaration of War.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—Persons familiar with the conditions leading up to the war between Japan and Russia recalled that Japan took the course which is now being followed by Italy in practically beginning hostilities without warning to her powerful opponent, and thereby securing a tremendous advantage from a naval point of view by preventing the consolidation of the two sections of the Russian fleet, which were lying in the harbors of Port Arthur and Chemulpo, Korea. Most of the small Turkish fleet is off the Syrian coast at the extreme eastern end of the Mediterranean, and Italy's declaration today is believed to be with the deliberate purpose of securing warrant under international law for an attack upon that fleet before it can make its escape and find refuge in the Bosphorus, under the powerful shore defense. Such a move would leave Italy plenty of leisure to deal with the comparatively small Turkish military force in Tripoli, and to prevent any reinforcements reaching that country from Turkey by water.

The declaration of war without notice to neutral nations is coming to be the rule instead of exception in recent years, the old practice being for the belligerents to first issue to friendly nations more or less prolix argumentative statements of their respective attitudes before formally announcing a rupture. It is said at the State Department that there can be no objection to such a course as has been adopted by Italy in this instance so long as there is no undue interference with American commerce or other interests. It is assumed, of course, that if a blockade has been established by Italy of Ottoman ports, it will be really what is equivalent to a peaceful blockade, and will be confined to the turning back of neutral ships seeking to enter such ports without any attempt at seizure. It is expected that due notice of any such blockade will be given as soon as possible.

EMBASSY NOT ADVISED.

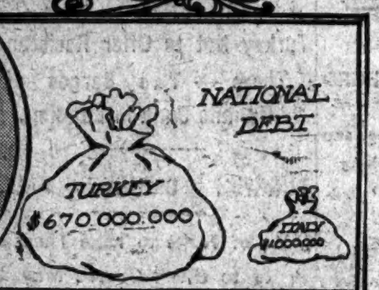
Italian Charge Has Not Been Informed of War Declaration.

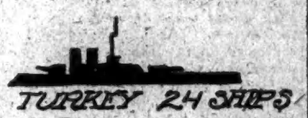
MANCHESTER, Mass., Sept. 29.—When informed that Italy had declared war against Turkey the Marquis Negrotto Cambiaso, Counsellor and Chargé d'Affaires of the Italian embassy, said this afternoon that no official word of the declaration had been received from Rome at the Summer headquarters of the embassy here.

He did not care to make any statement on the situation until such official notification had arrived. The Chargé had already made plans to leave for Washington to-night and said that these plans would be carried out.

The Theatre of War and the Rivals' Resources.

Mehmed V., Sultan of Turkey.





NAVAL

Turkey's standing army, 375,000; Italy's standing army, 225,000. Turkey's available fighting men, 2,725,000; Italy's, 1,725,000.

The stars on the map show the places where the Italians have struck the first blows of the war.

VICTOR EMMANUEL II.
KING OF ITALY.

ENGLAND FEARS MOVE OF TURKS ON GREECE

Thinks Demand for Surrender of Claim on Crete May Be Result of Tripoli War.

SUSPECTS TRIPLE ALLIANCE

Italian Move Taken to be Sequel of Austria's Advance in Balkans and German Morocco Attempt.

LONDON, Saturday, Sept. 30.—In Great Britain more than in any other European country, outside of the combatants, the war between Italy and Turkey causes apprehension. Damage to England's interests and prestige is a factor in the resultant anxiety. The danger is how far the Turks will exercise self-restraint and limit their retaliation to Italy; how far racial and religious feeling may excite them to political activities.

Much the darkest clouds seem to be in the direction of Greece. Strong fear prevails lest Turkish pride and the necessity for the Young Turk Government to gain popularity may incite that Government to show that it also can play the game of aggression and demand that Greece give up her claim on Crete.

British officials are more concerned over the possibilities of trouble in the Balkans and Greece than with the actual conflict over Tripoli. The theory gains ground here that Italy's stroke is the last act of the programme agreed upon by the powers of the Triple Alliance that it was arranged when Austria took Bosnia and Herzegovina, and that Italy only awaited an opportune moment to carry it into execution.

Austria's acquisition of the two provinces, Germany's forward movement in Morocco, and Italy's compensating campaign near by are interpreted by unfriendly observers as too logically interrelated to be considered mere independent acts. England's hands are tied officially in the present strained relations of Europe. The Government cannot afford to incur the enmity of either belligerent by taking sides with the other. Yet her neutrality means a loss of influence with Turkey, which she has been struggling to retain since the beginning of the Young Turk régime.

While most of the London papers bemoan the war as a calamity in which England could not interfere, The Daily Graphic attacks the Foreign Secretary, Sir Edward Grey, contending that he should have stood by the treaty obligations which make the integrity of the Ottoman Empire a European affair, in which no one power has the right to interfere.

The Foreign Office presented a scene of great activity all yesterday afternoon. Sir Edward Grey returned from the country, where he had been visiting, and had long and separate conferences with the Italian Ambassador, Marquis di Francavilla, and the Turkish Ambassador, Tewfik Pasha. Later the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador, Count Mensdorff-Pouilly-Dietrichstein, called on the Secretary.

The Economist, in an article entitled "The Partition of North Africa," says:

> "Undoubtedly Italy has as much right to establish a protectorate over Tripoli as France had over Tunis. We daresay that Italy's commercial interests in Tripoli and the Italian colonies in that somewhat barren country are at least equal to the original interests that served France as a pretext in Tunis or Morocco. Italy stands to lose heavily in any case."

The Economist declares that as the British Foreign Office embraced the Young Turks, and as Italy is one of the three powers against which the British feverish naval programme is directed, it would naturally be expected that the Foreign Office would exert itself to prevent this unprovoked attack on a Turkish vilayet. If Italy feared Austrian aggression, says the paper, it would not lock up its picked troops in a hazardous and costly expedition to a country offering so few attractions.

A news dispatch from Rome says that the Turkish heir apparent, who recently visited King Victor Emmanuel bearing the congratulations of his country on the occasion of the Italian jubilee, asked the Italian monarch to intervene and prevent a war.

On the stock market to-day Turkish bonds fell 4 points and Italian securities 1 point on the opening, while American shares opened from ¼ to 1⅛ lower in sympathy. A later rally was followed by a sharp recession. At noon the tone was weak with prices from ¼ to 2 points below yesterday's New York closing.

Prof. Norton of the American Archaeological Mission, in a second interview today, said that the Italians' difficulties will only begin when they have landed. There are only three towns on the whole coast worthy the attention of a gunboat—Tripoli, Bengazi, and Derna. There is no harbor and the ships must anchor a mile from shore. The invading force must take with it food supplies, as it will get no food from the hostile Arabs.

The Turks, said Prof. Norton, can afford to wait and harass the enemy from time to time as opportunity affords, while the larger the force of Italians to land the greater will be the difficulty of maintaining them.

NO RUSSIAN PROTEST.

Novoe Vremya Says She Has No Cause to Commiserate Turkey.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 29.—The Russian official view of the war is indicated by The Novoe Vremya, which says: "So long as France does not protest it is a matter of indifference to Russia who occupies the North African coast. Russia, further, has no cause to commiserate Turkey.

"The Young Turks, by perpetuating the old hostile and contemptuous attitude toward Russia, sowed the wind and they are now reaping the whirlwind. Russian diplomacy will remain passive unless Turkey should seek compensation, leading to disturbances in the Balkans."

RIVAL FIGHTING FORCES.

Turkish Navy Utterly Outclassed—Army Nominally Bigger by a Million.

The latest available data on the military establishment of the world gives to Italy a standing army of 225,000 men in active service and 300,000 in reserve. In addition to this armed force Italy has available for duty, but not organized, an additional 1,200,000 men. It would take several months to whip the unorganized force into shape.

At the head of the Italian Army is Lieut. Gen. Pollio. The army is organized into twelve corps, namely, the Corps of Turin, Alessandria, Milan, Genoa, Verona, Bologna, Ancona, Florence, Rome, Naples, Bari, and Palermo, each corps commanded by a Lieutenant General. Each corps is subdivided into two divisions, each commanded by a Lieutenant Gene[illegible]

The [illegible] authority on which the Italian [illegible] strength is figured puts the standing army of Turkey at 375,000 men, with [illegible] in reserve and 2,000,000 men who [illegible] arm-bearing age but unorganized.

The [illegible] an army, as a result of the revol[illegible] which resulted in victory for the Turks, is now in process of reorg[illegible]on, but a military council has been [illegible] into existence and a great deal [illegible] modern equipment has been pur[illegible]

The [illegible]e is divided into seven army corps, [illegible] and there are two independent divisions at Medina and Tripoli, respectively. By the existing recruiting laws all Mussulmans are liable to military service. Christians and certain Serbs have paid the exemption tax. The nomad Arabs, although liable to service by law, furnish few or no recruits, and many Kurds evade service. Much the best of the army is in European Turkey.

The Ottoman Navy counts in vessels commissioned, built, or building, 10 battleships, 9 armored cruisers, 17 unarmored cruisers and gun vessels, 36 destroyers, an equal number of first-class torpedo boats, and 22 submarines, besides many old ships of various types. The total is something like 181 ships. Italy has ready for duty two battleships of the San Giorgio type, which displace about 10,000 tons, (about the same size as the United States battleship Oregon,) two of the Pisa class of 10,118 tons, four of the Vittorio Emanuele class of about 13,000 tons, (same as the United States battleship Idaho,) two of the Benedetto Brin type of 13,500 tons, and four of the Garibaldi type of armored cruisers of 7,400 tons. In addition to these ships she has building, and some are nearly ready for service, three dreadnoughts of 21,500 tons and one of 19,000 tons.

The Duke of Genoa is the Admiral of the Italian Navy, his principal subordinates being Vice Admiral Bettolo and Rear Admirals the Duke of the Abruzzi and Grenet.

In the Italian naval service there are approximately 31,000 men. Seamen for the fleet are recruited by conscription, and all men following the seafaring life of 20 years of age must serve at sea for eighteen months or more. There are also naval training schools for boys. The fleet commands are:

Mediterranean fleet, Vice Admiral De Orestis; Spezia, Vice Admiral Mirenzo; Venice, Vice Admiral Viotti; Maddalena, Rear Admiral Favarelli; Taranto, Vice Admiral Gagliardi.

The navy is administered by the Minister of Marine, responsible to Parliament, and there are three naval districts, each administered by a flag officer. As a whole the Italian Navy is generally ranked fifth among nations, and has first royal dockyards where ships are built or repaired. As seamen the Italians are skilled and ingenious, and Italians have constructed some remarkable war vessels.

Naval lists show that Turkey has a fighting strength of 9 coast defense ironclads, 5 protected cruisers, 6 torpedo vessels, 1 gunboat, 21 torpedo boat destroyers, 27 torpedo boats, and 2 submarines. The number of ships which would be of any use in war is very much smaller than these nominal figures would indicate. English and American officers play an important part in Turkish naval affairs.

The imports and exports of the two countries, in pounds sterling, in 1906 were:

	Imports.	Exports.
Italy	£66,242,400	£32,963,736
Turkey	28,229,429	17,705,136

In 1906, however, Italy's balance of trade turned considerably, showing imports of £117,758,080 and exports of £70,010,984, which more closely approximates the proportion of Turkish imports to exports.

The direct trade of the two countries with each other has not in recent years been very heavy. Of her total imports of about $500,762,530 in 1907, for example, Italy got only about $4,979,755 from Turkey, and of Italy's total exports $34,790,900 in that year, she sent only about $3,385 to Turkey. Crete, Montenegro, Servia, Roumania, and Bulgaria combined.

ENMITY OF ANCIENT ORIGIN.

Italians First Helped to Defeat the Turks at the Battle of Lepanto, 1571.

The present trouble between Turkey and Italy dates back to 1878, when, with the making of the treaty concluding the Russo-Turkish war, the powers are understood to have agreed to permit Italy a "pacific penetration of Tripoli." Turkey asserts that this right has been respected ever since. Italy has colonized Tripoli until her interests in that African province are very great. She has asserted, however, that her subjects have been mistreated by the Ottoman authority and constantly discriminated against. Disputes have arisen frequently, but the prolonged negotiations have never resulted satisfactorily to Italy.

At the time that the Franco-German differences regarding Morocco were acute, Italy turned her attention again to Tripoli and in subsequent negotiations with Constantinople set forth that many outrages against her subjects had been perpetrated, for which no redress had been made. She assumed a decisive attitude and presently began the mobilization of her army and navy.

A few days ago the first squadron of the Italian Navy was sent to Tripolitan waters and it has since patrolled that coast. At the same time Turkey was warned not to send soldiers or munitions of war to Tripoli. A turkish transport bearing a few men and arms and ammu-

Continued on Page 8.

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ITALY BEGINS WAR ON TURKEY

Continued from Page 2.

ation later arrived at Tripoli from Constantinople, but was not molested on the ground that she had sailed before the Italian warning had been received.

The beginning of the enmity between the Turks and Italians, however, goes back to far earlier days than 1878. Had it not been for the Italians—or, rather, the Venetians—the Turks in their period of greatest power would probably have overrun Western Europe.

The greatest blow that the Ottoman Empire ever suffered in its attempts, continued through centuries, to expand to the west was the battle of Lepanto, fought on Oct. 7, 1571. On that day a Turkish fleet under Ali Pasha was utterly defeated by the allied fleet of Spain, Venice, and the Papacy, commanded by Don John of Austria. Spain and Italy still name ships of war Lepanto after the victory.

Don John of Austria was an illegitimate son of the Emperor Charles V. In 1571 he was the commander of the imperial fleet. It had saved Malta, but Cyprus had been captured by the Turks from the Venetians, and the atrocities committed by the Ottomans had filled Europe with horror. The Moslems were everywhere; not even the waters of the Adriatic were safe from their depredations.

After a long period of negotiation, the Spanish, Papal, and Venetian naval forces were united, and a great fleet of 208 galleys and other smaller craft, manned by 26,000 men, assembled at Messina. Don John was appointed Admiral, with power of free action.

The Christians' victory at Lepanto was overwhelming. Only forty vessels of an enormous Turkish fleet escaped, the rest being burned or captured, and the Turks lost 30,000 men killed or taken prisoners, while 15,000 Christian galley slaves, who had previously been captured by the Turks, were released. Had it not been for the ensuing jealousies among the Christian powers, there is little doubt that the Moslems could have been driven from Europe after the victory and, indeed, Constantinople prepared for an attack.

Turkey, taking advantage of the quarrels among the allies, escaped paying the penalty of her defeat and even succeeded in having the annual Venetian tribute to be continued, but the moral effect of the battle was enormous, and Lepanto is compared by many historians to Actium, one of the world's decisive conflicts.

The animosity between the Italians and the Turks has survived to this day and, in connection with the events that have transpired since 1878, helps to explain the existing situation.

PROTEST FROM A TURK.

Italy, He Says, Is Playing the Part of a Mere Highwayman.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The civilized world is witnessing at this moment an act of aggression which can scarcely find a place even in the annals of the Middle Ages. The twentieth century man who used to be proud of the last achievements in the field of international law and international justice will have some difficulty to adapt his mind to the fact that such an aggression has a modern and civilized country like Italy as actor. Indeed, he has full reason to be disappointed. The relative security prevailing in international relations since long years justified to a great extent the hope that international sense of justice was hencefourth a force to be relied upon in all international conflicts. Therefore, how unexpected must he find Italy's attitude, which is similar to the manner of a highwayman saying to his victim: "Hands up! I will take everything from you, and you will not defend yourself; otherwise it may cost your life!"

No doubt such an attitude must have a very bad and lasting influence on international morals, and I think the importance of the whole question consists in this fact, from a Turkish as well as from a human point of view. Turkey has a very delicate and difficult task of reformation on her hands. For the fulfillment of this great task she needs before all external security. Whatever the result of the declared war may be, we shall be deprived for a long time of such a security. Besides, Italy's bad example is likely to produce new ambitions in other countries, and to form an element of disturbance for all international affairs. In such an era Turkey will not only be at a loss to continue her noble work of reform, but the hopeful results of the activity displayed since three years on the moral and material order may be partly lost.

We are no more in the centuries where wars were fought finally and decisively on battlefields. Therefore Italy's favorable position at this moment, due simply to her naval supremacy, cannot mislead any normal-minded man in regard to the real result of the present conflict. I will not speak about the military resistance which Italy will have to face, and which will undoubtedly exceed her expectations. The nations of to-day cannot consider war as a game to be won or lost as such. They have at least they are supposed to have, another purposes in going to war. Therefore, in the case of Italy, the practical success will be inversely proportional to the success in the war. Italy will lose Turkey for ever as an export market, and this loss cannot be repaired by any conquest. Consequently, I am inclined to think that Italy's policy was not dictated by the industrial and progressive North, but simply by the impulsive South, and is rather an unhappy adventure than a political enterprise. She will have in consequence of her aggressions, and of the excitement which they will produce in the Mohammedan world, a very great historical and international responsibility. A strong antagonism will be brought about by Italy's action between the East and the West, which ought to be brought, in the interest of mankind, to friendly terms.

That Italy's action is a merely impulsive adventure is proved by its being considered as such by the Italians themselves up to recent weeks. A Rome telegram of Agencia Stefani, dated Sept. 11, made all rumors regarding the occupation of Tripoli by Italians ridiculous.

What is more interesting, plain assurances in regard to Italy's intentions concerning Tripoli were given last year by the most authoritative statesmen of Italy on the occasion of a visit paid by a Turkish group of officers, journalists and merchants to different parts of Italy. I was myself a member of this group which was, as the representative of the Giovanni Turchia, fervently applauded by the emotional Italians.

Several statesmen declared categorically to us that Italy wished the prosperity and integrity of Turkey, and could not have but economical intentions regarding Tripolis. Among them, the Director of Colonia Stefani went so far as to say: "We had bad experiences enough in colonial matters, therefore we cannot have any desires to new colonial adventures." Then he added laughingly: "If you want, we can even make a present of our colonies in Africa to you. They are only a bother to us."

Before closing, just a short remark regarding the habit of certain quarters to attribute to the Turkish people hostile feelings against the foreigners residing in Turkey. Turkish people are not only tolerable to foreigners, but they even admire and respect them for their intellectual attainments. Even the most ignorant Turk would not think of holding all Europeans responsible for an injustice done by Italians. At most, the thinking classes of Turkey will regret the prejudiced and hostile attitude of European powers, who have always interfered in the conflicts between Turkey and the Balkan States to the disadvantage of the former, whereas in this case they did not give any attention to the demands of Turkey to intervene between her and Italy.

S. EMIN,
New York Correspondent of Yeni-Gazetta, published in Constantinople.
New York, Sept. 29, 1911.

WE SHOULD MEDIATE, SAYS OSCAR STRAUS

Ex-Ambassador Asks United States to Offer Good Offices to Italy and Turkey.

PLEADS HAGUE TREATIES

Urges That Articles of 1899 Agreement Give Outside Power Right to Intervene Without Offense.

Charging that Italy's declaration of war against Turkey was a direct contradiction of her own act in signing The Hague treaties of 1899 and 1907, and that her treatment of Turkey cast an "unmistakable imputation of hypocrisy" on the world's whole peace movement of the last decade, Oscar S. Straus, former United States Ambassador to Turkey and member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration at The Hague, started yesterday a movement which he hopes will enable the Government of this country to meditate between the two powers to avert hostilities.

Articles 2 and 3 of Part II. of the 1907 Hague agreement, which were signed by forty-four powers, including Italy, Turkey, and this country, provide that outside powers have the right to offer good offices or meditation even during the course of hostilities between disputing powers, and that "the exercise of this right can never be regarded as an unfriendly act."

On the strength of these articles Mr. Straus sent the following telegram yesterday to Secretary Knox in Washington:

The Secretary of State, Washington, D. C.
—The approaching clash of arms between Italy and Turkey far transcends the interests of the two powers involved. The consequences of Italy's precipitate action cannot but have the most serious results as a precedent for similar aggressions by other powers.

The United States took the lead in freeing the Mediterranean from the Barbary pirates, and likewise has contributed foremost among the nations in the conclusion of the convention for the pacific settlement of international disputes. Our country is not only justified, but it is its duty to exercise its right under that convention to preserve the precedents for peace and prevent a possible state of war between the Mohammedan and Christian nations of the world. We are fortunately free from alliances such as apparently tie the hands of the European powers who should and probably will welcome our exercising the right of mediation which the dictates of humanity impose upon us as a people, and as a Nation, and which the terms of The Hague Convention give us the international mandate to exercise.

I am sure I am voicing the peace-loving sentiments not only of Americans but of all nations in calling upon our Government to promptly offer its offices of mediation, which is one of its rights, and which the convention expressly provides shall not be regarded as an unfriendly act.

Whatever rights, political or otherwise, Italy may justly lay claim to in Tripoli either for her own subjects or in the interest of civilization, certainly can be secured without bloodshed and with justice by submitting them to The Hague Tribunal.

OSCAR S. STRAUS.

"Both Italy and Turkey are signatories of the Convention for the Pacific Settlement of International Disputes, passed by the first Hague Conference in 1899 and extended by the second Conference in 1907," said Mr. Straus yesterday. "The articles of The Hague treaty which are applicable to the present situation are Nos. 2 and 3 of Part II. on Good Offices and Mediation. They are as follows:

ARTICLE II.

In case of serious disagreement or dispute, before an appeal to arms, the contracting powers agree to have recourse, as far as circumstances allow, to the good offices or mediation of one or more friendly powers.

ARTICLE III.

Independently of this recourse, the contracting powers deem it expedient and desirable that one or more powers, strangers to the dispute, should, on their own initiative and as far as circumstances may allow, offer their offices or mediation to the States at variance.

Powers strangers to the dispute have the right to offer good offices or mediation even during the course of hostilities.

The exercise of this right can never be regarded by either of the parties in dispute as an unfriendly act.

"This aggressive action on the part of Italy," said Mr. Straus, "far transcends the interests of either Italy or Turkey. It concerns all nations. If Italy can appropriate part of Turkey without international protest, then any other nation, if backed up with sufficient power, can appropriate part of the territory of any other nation it may covet.

"In the last twelve years, furthermore, the nations of the world have had two important conferences and have signed a number of international conventions for the purpose of preserving the world's peace. Can the nations of the world afford to let one power east to the winds and give an unmistakable imputation of hypocrisy to all these solemn international peace agreements?

"It is not to be disputed that Italy has serious grievances, such as the lack of protection her subjects have had in Tripoli and the alleged semi-barbaric nature of Tripoli's local Government. It may also be conceded that civilized States which have business interests in Tripoli can no longer patiently endure such a condition of affairs as exists there.

"But when all this is conceded it does not justify Italy or any other power in using this as an excuse to appropriate the country to itself. Admitting the justice of Italy's grievances, she should have delivered her ultimatum of war only after efforts at mediation had failed, and only after she had appealed either to The Hague or to one or more of the forty-four powers which signed The Hague agreement to mediate the alleged grievances.

"If after Italy had asked for mediation of her grievances by an international board composed of representatives of one or more powers, Turkey had continued to refuse to give satisfactory guarantees of better conditions for Italian subjects in Tripoli, then Italy would have been right in starting war.

"The reason the Triple Alliance recently ignored Turkey's appeal is probably because of some secret understanding embodied in the alliance.

"Another point that must not be lost sight of is that two years ago Turkey overthrew absolutism by deposing the tyrannical Sultan. She organized a constitutional government with a Parliament. Every one admits that this new regime is a great improvement over pre-existing conditions and that it contains substantial hope for the future. The present action of Italy cannot fail to weaken this new regime, if not overthrow it. The result of overthrowing the present regime in Turkey will probably be the throwing back of Turkey into a state of anarchy.

"I can well understand that, sooner or later, wherever the advanced nations of the world have business interests, they will demand an orderly form of government which insures security to natives as well as to foreigners. But there is no reason why this demand cannot be more satisfactory provided for by a tribunal composed of representatives of the civilized nations than by precipitating a war of conquest."

STRAUS APPEAL RECEIVED.

State Department Officials Silent on Proposal That We Offer to Mediate.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—Indications are that America will keep clear of the present struggle for domination in Africa. It is distinctly asserted at the State Department that the United States has absolutely no political interest in that part of the world. It is admitted, however, that in view of the highly advanced position America has taken in advocacy of the peaceful settlement of international disputes, the Government can only look with regret upon this resort to war.

Late this afternoon the State Department received the appeal from Oscar Straus, formerly American Ambassador to Turkey, asking this country to intervene between Italy and Turkey.

No official statement could be obtained from the officials of the State Department as to what disposition would be made of Mr. Straus's suggestion. Extreme caution must characterize any attempt at mediation, it was pointed out, for notwithstanding the declaration of Article III that an offer under this article cannot be regarded as unfriendly, it is a fact that heretofore, with one exception, the State Department has awaited some intimation from one or both principals in a dispute that its good offices would be welcome. The exception was in the case of threatened hostilities between Peru and Ecuador, and while the intervention of the United States was successful in preventing war, cynically minded persons have suggested that the ability of America to demand respectful consideration for its proposal had much to do with the success of that undertaking.

FAVORS STRAUS'S PLAN.

Turkish Envoy Thinks Taft as Mediator Would Fill a Magnificent Role.

BELLPORT, Sept. 29.—"For the President of the United States to act as mediator in the dispute between Turkey and Italy would be to fill a magnificent role, and prove a great practical step in international peace making," was the opinion expressed by the Turkish Ambassador, Zia Pasha, to-night.

The Ambassador said he appreciated the difference between this war and the sanguinary struggle between Russia and Japan, terminated through the intervention of former President Roosevelt, and rather foresaw that the present outbreak would be so circumscribed in its action and presumably so brief in duration that no mediation would be necessary.

His Excellency was not at all sure that the inhabitants of Tripoli would tamely submit to a change of regime when their sympathies and ties of many kinds bound them to Turkish dominion.

"The attitude of the Berber tribes, who form the greater part of Tripoli's population of about a million," he said, "must be counted upon. Might not they offer the same opposition to the Italians as did the bold Riffian tribes in Morocco to the Spanish invaders around Ceuta and the Chacula tribesmen to the advance of the French in the western part of Morocco?" he asked as to the probability of a holy war ensuing, the Ambassador said:

"Nothing is to be feared in that direction in Turkey proper. In Turkey there is good feeling between Mohammedan and Christian. Under the new regime Christians have been incorporated in the army. If some natural difficulties first attended the carrying out of the new recruiting law, they exist no longer, and to-day Christian and Mohammedan are standing loyally side by side in the Turkish Army.

"Some Mahommedans might construe the later campaigns of Christian nations of Western Europe in the light of a crusade—such as England in India, which gives her dominion over more Mahommedans than are now subjected anywhere to Turkish authority—England in Egypt, France in Tunis and Algeria and recently in Morocco, and now Italy in Tripoli."

Speaking of the alleged growth of German influence at Constantinople against that of England, Zia Pasha expressed the opinion that the reports of German ascendency at the Porte were greatly exaggerated. They were chiefly, he said, the outgrowth of the concession to Germany to build the Bagdad Railway.

AMERICAN TURKS MAY SERVE.

There Are 400,000 Naturalized, 50,000 of Them Here—Recall Possible.

Four hundred thousand citizens of the Ottoman empire living in the United States may be called upon to furnish an army of fighting men to take the field against the Italians, according to a declaration to-day by Dgelal Bey, the Turkish Consul General here.

"We have received no official news here of the declaration of war," the Consul General said. "Our only information on the situation is what we have seen in the newspapers to-day. But we are expecting to hear from the embassy at Washington at any moment."

Dgelal Bey said that there were 50,000 Turkish subjects living in New York City or about one-eighth of the entire number of Turks in the United States.

"Do you expect to call upon them to aid in the war which Italy has declared?" he was asked.

"Such a call is entirely possible," he replied. "It would be issued, however, not by me, but by the Ottoman embassy at Washington. I suppose I would see that my countrymen living in New York would receive it."

Dgelal Bey reached New York only last night from Constantinople to assume the post of Consul General made vacant by the recall of Refet Bey six months ago. The new Consul General served as First Secretary of the Turkish embassy at Washington for three years, leaving there in 1908 to return to Constantinople.

ITALIAN STEAMERS IMPRESSED.

Passenger Lines Withdraw Boats for Use in Transporting Troops.

The passenger and freight services of vessels under the Italian flag will be interfered with because of the war. At the office of the United Italian lines it was announced yesterday that the steamships America, of La Veloce line; the Lombardia, the Sannio, the Lazio, and the Luca di Genova of the Navigazione Generale Italiana; and the Mendoza, of the Lloyd Italiano, have been withdrawn from service and placed at the disposal of the Italian Government for carrying troops and supplies. These vessels are now all on the other side.

The Sicula Americana line announced yesterday that their steamship San Giorgio has been chartered by the Italian Government as a transport. She can carry 8,500 troops. As the vessel was scheduled to sail from the other side, the impression here is that she was wanted for the immediate carrying of men to Turkey.

TAFT HEARS OF THE WAR.

Reads the News at Ottumwa, but Refuses All Comment.

OTTUMWA, Iowa, Sept. 29.—President Taft got his first news of declaration of war by Italy upon Turkey to-day from press dispatches handed to him on his train.

Mr. Taft took the deepest interest in the news and asked for more. No comment of any sort was obtainable, however.

The Chester at Gibraltar.

GIBRALTAR, Sept. 29.—The American scout cruiser Chester arrived here to-day. She began coaling immediately, and will sail on Monday for Malta. From Malta she will probably proceed for Derna, a seaport of Africa, 140 miles northeast of Benghazi.

The cruiser Chester left Boston Sept. 20 for Tripoli. She was sent to the North Coast of Africa for the purpose of protecting the American Archaeological Mission now searching the ruins of Cyrene.

TOULON, Sept. 29.—The French armored cruiser Ernest Renan sailed from here this evening for Tripoli.

KIEL, Sept. 30.—It is rumored that the German battleship Elsass has been ordered to prepare to leave under sealed orders. Her destination is unknown, but is believed to be the Mediterranean. Naval officers, however, assert that she is only going to Wilhelmshaven.

MOTHER AND DAUGHTER SHOT

Former Dies, Latter Is Dying—Kentucky Posse Pursues Slayer.

Special to The New York Times.

PADUCAH, Ky., Sept. 29.—Mrs. John Matlock is dead and her daughter Pearl is dying, at Ragland, in this county, as the result of being shot early this morning by a man who has been chased all day by an angry posse of farmers and deputy sheriffs with bloodhounds.

He is thought to have been surrounded in the lowlands near Ragland at dark, when the chase temporarily ended. The posse will resume the chase early in the morning, and if the murderer is caught he will be killed on the spot.

About 1 o'clock this morning, while Mrs. Matlock and her daughter were asleep in their home, their assailant, using an automatic revolver, fired two shots at Mrs. Matlock and seven at her daughter through a window. After the daughter was shot three times she jumped out of bed and ran to the window only to receive four more bullets. Mrs. Matlock died later.

Bloodhounds were taken from Paducah to the scene this morning, and after trailing the murderer for three hours lost the scent, which was recovered in a hollow a few miles away.

Miss Pearl Matlock was divorced from Joe Canada recently. He left Ragland, but was seen in that vicinity yesterday.

STATE TO ABANDON NEW PRISON PLANS

Proposed Wingdale Institution Not Needed, Says Dix, Because of Decrease in Crime.

CONTRACTORS NOT SORRY

Will Get $125,000—$400,000 Already Spent on Two Sites—Prison Board to be Abolished.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 29.—A bill providing for the abandonment of the proposed new State prison at Wingdale, Dutchess County, which was to take the place of Sing Sing, and for the abolition of the new Prison Commission, has been prepared as a result of a conference between Gov. Dix, Supt. Scott of the State Prison Department, and Patrick J. Carlin, President of the P. J. Carlin Construction Company of New York, which contracted to build the prison for $2,150,000.

While the bill, which is now in the hands of Senator Murtaugh of Chemung, authorizes the State Superintendent of Prisons to take over the appropriation and to select a new site for a prison, Gov. Dix to-night said he had been informed that a new State Prison is not needed at this time. He said there had been a decrease in crime and that the new prison at Comstock, Washington County, would have capacity enough to relieve Sing Sing of the congestion which has been complained of for several years.

While it is said that there are engineering difficulties in the construction of the new prison foundation and that the site is not good sanitary condition, there was a report to-day that the contractor and his bondsmen, who include Tammany men, would gladly be relieved of the obligation in the contract. The Carlin bid was about $500,000 lower than any of the four other bids, and the difficulties found on the new site gave indications that little money could be made on the contract.

The bill which has been prepared provides an appropriation of $125,000 for the contracting company which is to release the State from the contract. If this plan should be adopted, the State will have paid out more than $400,000 in an attempt to build a new prison to take the place of Sing Sing, with nothing to show for the work of four years but the two sites which the State bought for prison purposes.

The first site was on Bear Mountain, on the western side of the Hudson, below Newburg, which was bought in 1907. After about $200,000 had been spent in preliminary work the site was abandoned as a condition of a gift of land and large sums of money for a State park. One of the gifts was that of Mrs. E. H. Harriman, who gave the State a large tract of land.

The State then accepted a sixty-five-thousand-dollar site at Wingdale, and plans were altered so that the proposed prison could be erected there. William J. Beardsley, the architect, has received 3 per cent. of the cost for his plans, in addition to a prize of $10,000 won in competition, and the contracting company has received payments of $16,000, making the total outlay at Wingdale more than $200,000 thus far.

Sanitary authorities have declared that Sing Sing is on an unsanitary site, the prison having been erected nearly 100 years ago. It is estimated that if a new system of cells is installed in Sing Sing the cost will be at least $1,000,000. The new Prison Commission, which was appointed by Gov. Hughes, is composed of Cornelius V. Collins of Troy, William J. McKay of Newburg, Elisha M. Johnson of Olean, Dr. George Skiff of Gainesville, and John C. West of New York.

The P. J. Carlin Construction Company is under two bonds, one for $1,000,000, on which the sureties are Arthur D. Baird, George C. Tillyou, John H. Mahlstedt, and John J. Carlin, and the other for $100,000, the surety being ex-Controller Herman A. Metz.

NAMES BOARD OF CLAIMS.

Dix Appoints R. L. Luce, W. A. Gardner, and J. C. McDonald.

ALBANY, Sept. 29.—Gov. Dix sent to the Senate to-day the following nominations for Commissioners of the State Board of Claims: Robert L. Luce of New York, William A. Gardner of Amsterdam, and James C. McDonald of Schenectady.

They succeed, respectively, Theodore H. Swift of Potsdam, Adolph J. Rodenbeck of Rochester, and Charles H. Murray of New York. Mr. Luce is to serve until Dec. 1, 1916; Mr. Gardner until 1914, and Mr. McDonald until 1912. The salary is $6,000.

Mr. Luce is an attorney, Mr. Gardner is a manufacturer and former State Senator, and Mr. McDonald is in the real estate business. The nominations were confirmed.

STRIKE ON HARRIMAN LINES THIS MORNING

Continued from Page 1.

mit to a federation. All the men that are out of work are union men and they will stick like glue. I predict that within a week there will be 75,000 employes of various railroads on strike."

Every railroad that connects with the Harriman lines and the Illinois Central will be crippled by the strike, which promises to be one of the greatest in the history of railroading, say the union leaders. Both sides are determined to win.

The attitude of the railroads is clearly shown in a statement made by one of their chiefs, who says:

"We might as well turn over our roads to the men as to grant their demands."

Leaders of the union forces declare that besides the 4,000 who will strike to-morrow at Burnside 6,000 other employes of the Illinois Central will walk out within a few days in sympathy with the Burnside strikers.

Temporarily the strike will affect the Chicago & Northwestern and the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul roads more than other roads, as the lines connect more often with the Harriman system than others.

Special to The New York Times.

PADUCAH, Ky., Sept. 29.—All the Illinois Central shop employes will go on strike at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning, according to official announcement here to-night. A telegram from President McConnell of the machinists' union was received by Secretary Bell this afternoon, ordering out that body at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning. A similar order from the international President of the blacksmiths was received at 6 o'clock this evening.

The carmen have had their order three or four days, and the men say all the trades will walk out at the hour designated. About 1,000 men are employed at the shops. They will also go out at other points on the Louisville division.

The clerks have been out since Tuesday afternoon. Incipient rioting took place to-day when a non-union clerk was hit in the back with a brick, and another was knocked down and kicked. Three of the strikebreaker-clerks joined the union to-day, with prospects that more will leave the railroad to-morrow.

The yards here are blocked with freight, and Supt. A. H. Egan of the Louisville division worked all day to relieve the congestion. Cars of meat are said to be spoiling in the yards, and shipments are being sent to wrong destinations. The yards are guarded by special agents as well as the non-union clerks.

HOLD STRIKEBREAKERS READY.

Building at Omaha Equipped with Cots—Fully Prepared.

OMAHA, Sept. 29.—The announcement is made that while the officials of the Union Pacific have been hoping that a strike of the shop men would be avoided, they have been quietly preparing for that eventuality. One of the old buildings formerly used by the shops of the company has been equipped with cots and other furniture for the use of a large number of men, and it is said forces of strikebreakers are already gathered at Eastern cities and will be brought here at once to fill the places of those who obey the strike order.

The normal number of men employed in the Omaha shops is about 1,500, although the number is sometimes increased to 1,800. At present, however, only about 1,200 are on the payrolls.

In further preparation for trouble, it is said the company has within the last three months had every piece of its rolling stock in the shops, so that it is all in the best possible condition. The foremen of the departments to-day expressed the opinion that the shops could be shut down for two or three months before the condition of the rolling stock would interfere seriously with the operation of the road.

An official of the company declared that recent polls of the shop employes indicated that fully 40 per cent., including the men longest in the service of the company, would refuse to obey the strike order. Many of these have but a short time to work before becoming eligible to old age pensions, and they hesitate to risk that benefit by striking now.

UNREST AT NEW ORLEANS.

Freight Handlers Strike, but Cotton Council Refuses to Take Part.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 29.—The strike of Illinois Central Railroad employes today spread to the river front, where 100 members of the New Orleans Freight Handlers' Union went out. This union is local, and has no connection with the Brotherhood of Railroad Freight Handlers, whose members struck here yesterday.

Negro freight handlers employed on the docks, who have a separate union, refused to strike, as did negroes employed on the Illinois Central and Yazoo & Mississippi Valley Railroad freight sheds.

The first disaffection in the ranks of the negroes occurred when fifty of them employed in the round house and engine house at the Harahan shops of the Illinois Central, ten miles north of New Orleans, walked out.

APATHY ON THE COAST.

Oakland and Fresno Employes Not Happy Over Strike Order.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 29.—Southern Pacific officials here questioned the statement attributed to President Franklin of the Boilermakers' Union, that a carload of strikebreakers had been shipped out of Kansas City to-day.

"We are in close touch with the situation in the East," said one of the heads of the Southern Pacific staff, "and we have had no information that men are being recruited to take the place of the union men."

Hotel Algonquin
59-65 West 44th St., N. Y.
A quiet, refined and convenient stopping place for ladies traveling alone.
Rooms with private bath, $2.50 and upward the day.
Correspondence solicited.
FRANK CASE.

TO ARREST WOODRUFF FOR SUNDAY FLYING

Continued from Page 1.

that there was not. Then Woodruff told him to put somebody in charge there. At 3:45 o'clock a man was put in charge."

Hartman described the aerodromes and the "mechanical devices commonly known as monoplanes," which he saw in them. He told of tents where he was able to buy food and drinks, and of the brass band, the megaphone men, and general field organization.

Frank M. Clute and Warren F. Thummel, the two Nassau Boulevard residents who swore that the flying grounds constitute a public nuisance which ought to be abated, were leaders in the movement against inviting aviators to Hempstead and near-by meadows. They opposed the holding of the present meet, and were several times visited by representatives of Mr. Woodruff, in the hope that they would cease their antagonistic campaign. For a time they lessened the vigor of their campaign, but in their affidavits they returned to it in its full vigor.

Head Master Marsh of St. Paul's School told of the annoyance he felt last Sunday from certain noises, strange to him, "which he was informed came from the aviation field."

The delegation of affidavit makers and the complainant visited Assistant District Attorney Nathan Trowbridge before going to the office of Justice of the Peace Dittens. The result of their conference with Mr. Trowbridge was not made public, but it is known that strong influence has been brought upon the District Attorney to compel action in anticipation of to-morrow's meeting.

The statement given out by Mr. Woodruff in defense of Sunday flying and his devotion to it reads:

How is it possible to abandon the International Aviation Meet on Sunday, Oct. 1, in view of the representations made to the public? I was competently advised when I consented on Sunday being included that the statutes and decisions and the precedents of the Belmont Park Meet, Mineola, where flying took place every Sunday all last Summer and an admission fee was charged, and at Brighton Beach, only a week ago last Sunday, justified by action.

No one has greater regard for the dignity of the Church or higher regard for the observance of the Sabbath than I have, and I regret more than I can express that some people do not seem to be able or willing to understand that our meet is not a show, but a series of aerial flights, demonstrating the scientific and educational character of the meet.

Can it be possible that it is not better for people to visit long after morning church hours an International Aviation Meet, which of necessity must be so far from the city that those who labor the other six days can only attend on Sundays, than to spend the time at Coney Island or other such resorts which they can visit any week day after working hours or in the evenings? Why is it against the development of science in which the world is taking more interest than it did in the steamship, the railroad, the telegraph, the telephone or the automobile in their early stages, and we want to give the masses of our people an opportunity to participate in it and contribute to it. To this end we have fixed the admission of 50 cents, and the Long Island Railroad Company the round-trip fare at 75 cents.

As long as we do not conflict with the hours of church worship, and maintain order by preventing the sale of liquor or anything else which is offensive to Christian people, it is inconceivable that we can be violating the statute law or the moral law.

If, however, the Sheriff considers it his duty to make arrests, we can but submit, conscious, however, that in the final determination of the matter the courts will sustain the position that this meet does not come within the scope of the specified or implied prohibitions of the statutes of the State.

We invite all who are interested in this, the most wonderful development of our age and who cannot attend on a weekday, to come on Sunday with the assurance that if it becomes necessary to do so, rather than have them suffer loss or disappointment, admission to the grounds will be free of charge.

Because of the wind and rainfall which continued the most of yesterday all flying events for the day were postponed. The events scheduled for to-day are these:

3:00 P. M.—Distance contest for monoplanes.
3:45 P. M.—Bomb throwing contest.
4:30 P. M.—Cross-country race for women pilots.
5:15 P. M.—Mail carrying race; open to all types of aeroplanes.

GERMAN AIRMAN KILLED.

BERLIN, Sept. 29.—Capt. Engelhardt, the pioneer German aviator, was killed to-day at the aviation meet in progress at Johannisthal Field. Capt. Engelhardt was trained by the Wright brothers, and was the leading aviation authority in Germany.

Herr Sedlmayr, who was a passenger with him, had his skull fractured and he received other injuries.

ENROLLS 5,700 STUDENTS.

University of Pennsylvania Has Record-Breaking Attendance.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 29.—The University of Pennsylvania opened its college year to-day with a record-breaking attendance. Registration has not yet been completed, but the number of students enrolled will be well past the 5,700 mark. Nearly all departments show an increase.

The formal opening took place in the gymnasium, where Dr. Edgar F. Smith, provost of the university, addressed the students.

TODAY!

Last Chance to See Thirty World-Famous American, English, French and Russian

Men and Women Flyers of every type of Aeroplane who are not prevented from flying by winds

In Air Races more interesting than any Horse Races
Bomb Throwing at Targets on the Ground, (By Special Request)
Balloon Chasing, (By Special Request) characterized as "Balloon Polo" by the Newspapers

Special Race between Automobile, driven by Mrs. Cuneo, and an Aeroplane

Carrying U. S. Mail at a Mile a Minute instead of by Mail Wagons. Collections made on the ground every hour. You can bring letters and postcards or buy them on the Field and mail them to any Place in the World.

Sunday, Special Flights, demonstrating the wonderful development and practical uses of the aeroplane.

The Greatest International Aviation Meet

Admission 50 cts. Seats right at Starting Line, $1.

Round Trip Fare, 75 cts. on Long Island Railroad from Pennsylvania Station, 7th Ave., 33rd St., Manhattan, and Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn. Trains running every five minutes after one o'clock.

An Aggregation never to be seen again.

Reserved Seats $2.00; Private Boxes (6 seats) $18.00; Auto Boxes $12.00; Auto Space $5.00. Can be secured at all Ticket Agencies and at 337 5th Avenue, Manhattan. Road from Queensborough Bridge in perfect condition.

CHARTER INSURGENTS WON OVER IN SENATE

Continued from Page 1.

Burd of Erie, Bayne of Richmond, and Black of Kings.

Three Insurgents Left.

"They will never change my attitude unless they consent to put a referendum clause in the Charter bill," said Senator Burd, "and that they will not do."

"I will not vote for the Charter bill unless they write into that measure a provision declaring in affirmative language that the Mayor shall not have the insuperable veto," said Senator Black. "There are some other objections, too, but this is the most vital one."

"My constituents are solidly against the enactment of the Charter in its present form," said Senator Bayne of Richmond. "I have not had time to read the Charter bill through to familiarize myself with its provisions. Both in deference to the wishes of my constituency and as a protest against the indecent haste with which it is proposed to put it through, I shall vote against the Charter. The amendment putting off its going into effect until July 1 next year will have no weight with me. My contention is that we should go about this business in an orderly fashion and perfect the Charter bill before we pass it at all."

The leaders to-night hope to win over Senator Black, but should they fail to do so the Charter bill will be lost if put on final passage to-morrow.

REAPPORTIONMENT CHANGES.

Dutchess Put in Safely Democratic District—Senator Fiero Disappointed.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 29.—The failure of the Reapportionment Committee to complete its work in its connection with the changing of some Congress districts from the original plan, kept the Assembly idle all day. It was more than hinted that the tardiness of the committee in reporting was due in part to a desire of the leaders to use the bill for purposes of barter in votes.

Three changes were made to-day. The new Congress district of Senator Roosevelt will be composed of the Counties of Dutchess, Putnam, and Greene, and the First Assembly District of Ulster County, a district providing a fair fighting chance for a popular Democrat. The change in the Roosevelt district has made it necessary to change the Twenty-seventh Congressional District as well. As originally constituted, this district was almost safely Democratic, consisting of Sullivan, Ulster, Columbia, Greene, and Schoharie. As revised, it will take in Putnam, Orange, Sullivan, and the Second Assembly District of Ulster, making a safe Republican district.

Senator William Pierson Fiero, the Democratic Senator of Ulster County, who has been one of the stanchest standbys of the organization from the rural sections of the State, is heartbroken over the change made to placate insurgent Roosevelt. He declared to-night that he would vote against the Reapportionment bill.

There have been some slight changes made in Erie County. Cortland County has been added to the Congressional district which originally consisted of Onondage County, and Schoharie has been added to the Counties of Schenectady, Montgomery, Fulton, and Hamilton, which, in the original plan, constituted the Thirtieth Congressional District.

DIRECT PRIMARIES DOOMED.

Republican Bill Substituted and Then Weakened by Amendments.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 29.—The decisive battle on direct primaries will take place in the Senate to-morrow. Even if the measure should pass the Senate its fate in the Assembly is probably already settled. Any advantage gained by the action of the Assembly which passed the Ferris-Blauvelt bill early in the session was lost to-day by the substitution of the Hinman-Green bill in the Senate.

The leaders of the Senate were taken unawares to-day when Senator Ferris moved that the Judiciary Committee be discharged from further consideration of the Ferris-Blauvelt bill. Senator Hinman moved to substitute the Hinman-Green bill, and this was adopted by a vote of 26 to 19. This action upset the plans of the Democratic leaders, and subsequent motions for the adoption of amendments to the Hinman-Green bill were adopted.

The Democrats who voted with the Republicans in favor of the Hinman-Green bill were Senators Bayne, Black, Fiero, Griffin, Loomis, Murtaugh, Roosevelt, Saxe, and White. Senators Coates, Platt, and Sage, Republicans, voted against the measure.

On Senator Ferris's motion the Massachusetts form of ballot was stricken from the bill and the New York State ballot or party column plan was adopted. Another amendment preserved the State Convention, its provisions extending to all offices below those on the State ticket.

As amended, the bill will be put on its passage to-morrow, and it is believed it will not be passed. Senator Black intimated that he would change his vote from affirmative to negative to-morrow.

At the close of the Senate's session to-night Senator Grady, who said he was a "pro tem" President pro tem, said it was the plan of the majority to hold continuous sessions day and night to-morrow, clearing the calendar so that the Legislature may adjourn sine die at the end of the day.

Some amendments were made to the Levy election law, the most important of which was a provision that if any candidate on a party ticket should receive not less than 10,000 votes the party would be entitled to a special column at the next ensuing election. Under the present law it could not have this privilege unless the head of the ticket should receive that number of votes.

When the amendments were received in the Assembly they were referred to the Rules Committee, Assemblyman Ward objecting to their immediate consideration.

Ancients on Bermuda Trip.

The Ancient and Honourable Artillery of Boston, 400 strong, will sail to-day on the Bermuda liner Oceana. The company will be met at Bermuda by army and navy officers with a detachment of the Bedfordshire Regiment now stationed at Bermuda. After a parade through the streets they will hear an address of welcome delivered by Mayor Wainwright of Hamilton. The Ancients will remain in Bermuda two days, the Oceana being held there specially for them. Their annual field day events will take place on Monday. Tuesday will be spent in sightseeing, and on Tuesday night they will give a banquet to the principal officers of the army and navy at Bermuda and the local Government officials.

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GOLD LABEL SHIRTS

THE quality and making are perfect—the price popular. A new combination—but a true combination: you'll find in the EMPEROR GOLD LABEL the best tub and tear proof fab

GIRL AIDED THIEF TO ROB HER FATHER

Carelessly Told Safe's Combination, She Says, Then Kept Silent Under Threat of Death.

PRISONER MAY GO FREE

Parents of Miss Vivian Jacobs of Boston Not Inclined to Prosecute—Warrant Out for Her.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 29.—The desire to have a good time, even at her father's expense, is the motive which the police ascribe to Miss Vivian Jacobs, for whose arrest they swore out a warrant to-day. Miss Jacobs is the daughter of Nathan Jacobs, a Washington Street tailor, whose residence at 529 Newbury Street was robbed last August of $2,000 worth of jewelry and $200 in cash.

A debonnair youth calling himself Gordon H. Rogers, but who is believed to be George H. Randall of New York, was arrested yesterday for the robbery, and the police and private detectives who worked together on the case say he made a confession and implicated Miss Jacobs as an accomplice.

When he was arraigned in court to-day his counsel asked for a continuance, saying to Judge Sullivan:

"There is a young girl involved in this matter. It is said she assisted this defendant in looting her father's home. It will take but a short time to settle the case to-morrow, and it is possible that Nathan Jacobs may not prosecute."

Inspector Conboy had placed complaints alleging breaking and entering and receiving stolen property against the prisoner. It was charged that "Rogers" broke into the Jacobs house on Aug. 21, and stole property valued at $170, and it was further charged that he received stolen property valued at $967 on Sept. 2. On each of the complaints he was held in $1,000.

As soon as it was learned that a warrant had also been issued for Miss Jacobs, the Jacobs family got busy and a statement from the young woman was forthcoming. An announcement accompanying the statement said that it had been made by Miss Jacobs in the presence of her parents, her grandmother, and her brother to Lawyer Rowley. Here it is:

"This man, George H. Randall, was introduced to me by Mrs. Chapman at a whist party at the New Winthrop Hotel, where I was stopping with my mother, in July. He said he was a Yale student, and that his father was district manager of the General Electric Company in New York; that his mother was dead and his father had remarried, and gave him a substantial allowance.

"He was about the hotel every day, entertaining the guests by playing the piano, and engaging in social conversation with many people. A few days after I met him he told me he admired my mother's jewels. I told him she had some beautiful diamonds at home. He said his people had beautiful jewels, and that they kept them in a safe in the house. He asked me if we had a safe. I told him we did.

"He said that he knew how to open his father's safe; that it had a combination lock, and the combination was the same as his initials, G. H. R. He said he did not think I knew the combination of my father's safe. I told him I knew what the combination was; that it was 50-20. I don't know why I told him this; he just talked about it in a natural way, and I didn't think anything about it at all; it was just everyday small talk.

"About the middle of August Randall told me that he had looked up our house in the telephone book, found it was 529 Newbury Street, and had been up there and found the lock to be a Yale lock, and that he had looked in my mother's room every day for a week, and had finally found a key, taken it, and gone up to the house and opened the safe and taken out some money, a diamond, and my watch, with my monogram on it. He said he had taken the diamond to Bigelow, Kennard's, and had it taken out of the setting, and had pledged it at the Collateral Loan Company for $150, but thought he had been followed, so he took the stone out the next day and had it put back in the setting.

"He said he had the diamond, my watch, and all the money, except $50, which he had spent, and that he would get this from his father the next week, and put it all back if I would not say anything about it. He cried and pleaded with me, and told me he had been arrested twice, and that his father had taken things up, and that he had made his father a lot of trouble, and if this should become known to his father would cut him off and he would be ruined forever.

"He told me if I even told my folks he would kill me, and that if he had to go to prison he would shoot me as soon as he got out. He prevailed on me to keep silent, promising every day that he would put everything back, and I thought he would. He kept telling me that everything would be all right; that he had all the things he had taken, and that he would get the rest of the money and return everything if I would keep still.

"I suppose I did help him by telling him the combination of the safe, but I did not give him the key to the house or go there with him. I would not have told him the combination of the safe if I had thought he was a thief."

This statement is not entirely correct, the police assert. They say that Miss Jacobs's participation in the robbery is not fully described, nor her share in pawning the plunder. They credit the prisoner's story.

He says that Miss Jacobs furnished the combination of the safe and went with him, and that when "Rogers" was unable to open the safe, even with the combination in hand, Miss Jacobs helped him get an experienced safe opener from the agency where the safe was bought, and that "Rogers" having represented himself as being a member of the family, the workman did the work honestly and well and was dismissed after he had opened the safe door.

"Rogers" told how he had made the acquaintance of Miss Jacobs at Winthrop, where the Jacobs family was spending the Summer, and went into some detail, the police say, as to his friendship with the girl which led them to take expensive automobile rides, dinners, &c.

Much of the jewelry taken from the Jacobs family safe, some of it owned by Miss Jacobs herself, has been redeemed from pawnshops in New York, where "Rogers" admitted having disposed of it, and the company which insured the contents of the safe has been released from liability.

The prisoner says he is a member of the sophomore class at Yale, and wears a Sigma Delta Phi fraternity pin. It is authoritatively stated, however, that he failed to pass the entrance examination at New Haven. He has shown consideration for his parents, for he has refused to give his name or his residence, and until Miss Jacobs's statement was given out these were matters only of conjecture.

Unless the police insist upon pressing the case against the young couple it will be dropped.

WE INVITE

investigation of our methods, our resources and our record.

If an unknown client came to us, we should not hesitate to investigate him.

It is a poor rule that won't work both ways.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction
Fifty-One Wall Street

FOUND THIEVING EASY IN BIG INSURANCE CO.

Clerks Drew Checks as Needed Until They Got More Than $13,000.

BEING CAREFUL UNDID THEM

Two North British & Mercantile Employes Stole Freely Without Collusion—Now Bank Is Asked to Pay.

How two men stole more than $13,000 in a little more than three years and might have continued indefinitely had not one of them, as he expresses it, "become too careful," is contained in the depositions of John W. Walker and Charles M. Bradford, now on Blackwell's Island, which were filed in the Supreme Court yesterday. These depositions, which recount in detail how Walker and Bradford conceived the scheme and how they operated it up to the hour of their discovery, were obtained by the North British and Mercantile Insurance Company, which has started suit against the Merchants' National Bank to recover $13,208.

The money which Walker and Bradford got was paid by the Merchants' Bank from the account of the insurance company, and on the ground that payments were made on checks bearing forged indorsements the insurance company is seeking to hold the bank responsible. It was said yesterday that the Nassau Bank was concerned in the suit, since about $8,000 worth of the checks had passed through its hands.

Walker and Bradford, as their depositions state, were employed in the auditing department of the insurance company on Aug. 1, 1907, about the time that they began their peculations. The discovery of the thefts came on Sept. 15, 1910, and they were arrested the following month. Their method of obtaining money was to cause checks to be issued which appeared to be in payment of premium rebates on canceled policies. Both Walker and Bradford prepared these checks in the regular course of their day's work and presented them to the cashier for his signature. Then they were supposed to be sent to persons who had canceled policies. The accountants discovered that no account was taken of the checks thus issued and that the returned vouchers were never examined.

Bradford said the idea of drawing checks to fictitious persons, or of duplicating checks already issued and then forging the indorsements, came to him through the suggestion of a fellow-employe, who, however, had no idea of operating it himself.

"I went broke one night," says Bradford in substance in his deposition. "I think I had been shooting craps in Dey Street. At any rate, the family were all away. I had sent my wife to the country, and there was no one at home. I was at my wits' end to raise money the next day.

"I went out to lunch with a fellow-employe and in the course of the meal he suggested how easy it would be to raise money by duplicating checks sent to policy holders who were withdrawing, or even by sending checks to purely fictitious persons. The fact of the sending of a check was entered in a register, but when the check was returned from the bank it was never examined beyond seeing if it bore the proper indorsement. It was never compared with the policy which occasioned its issuance, and so the company never knew whether a rebated premium had been paid more than once or not. That started me thinking.

"I didn't have to make a study of it. It came just as naturally as taking a drink. The checks all went through. I got various persons to cash them, and the company always paid without question. By this time I had got to the point of drawing checks for any name at all and then indorsing them properly. Then it occurred to me once that if an investigation were made of the register it would be found that the name of the person who actually had received the proper check for his rebate wouldn't agree with the indorsement on my checks, which corresponded in number to the good check, always supposing that it was my check which chanced to be looked up. I never felt in any fear of their finding both checks.

"To cover myself I began erasing names from the register and substituting the names for which I had made out my checks. These erasures finally attracted the attention of the auditors, but they couldn't catch onto the scheme then until I told them how it was worked."

Walker stumbled on the plan because he happened to notice once that in eight years only one thorough examination of the canceled policies and payments of rebated premiums was made by the auditors of the company. As soon as he found how easily the scheme worked he began to pay his bills with checks drawn on the insurance company.

He bought a piano with one of his early checks, making the check payable to the piano salesman from whom he made his purchase. In the insurance company's office, had any one looked it up, it would have appeared that this salesman was receiving a rebated premium on a canceled policy. To the salesman himself it appeared merely that Walker had asked his employers to make out a check for his convenience.

Walker said he paid his rent regularly each month with one of the company's checks, making it out in favor of his landlord. Walker said that while Bradford never suspected him, he had known for six months before their arrest that Bradford was doing the same thing, but said he never had spoken to him about it until they met in Police Headquarters as prisoners.

Most of the checks which Bradford and Walker drew were for amounts less than $50, so that it required more than 2,000 falsified checks for them to obtain the $13,208.

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GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER Co.

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$30,000 for Charity Voting for the distribution of this amount is now in progress. Full details, telling how every customer may vote for a favorite charitable or benevolent institution, are obtainable at the Voting Booth on the Fourth Floor, MAIN Building, near the entrance to the Ladies' Parlor.

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Shapes?

You trace the effect of "The Quaker Girl" upon French fancy in these fichus that are Charlotte Corday and Marie Antoinette, but most of all the demure Quaker maiden who took theatre-going Paris by storm. You find Side Frills or Plisses in every dainty combination, many of the extreme measuring 12 inches across the top. You find flat fichus or collars in deep Tuxedo or shawl shapes, some fish-tail, even the newer Postilion Cape Collars in lace.

Scarfs

repeat Moorish and Egyptian notes; wonderful pieces of hand run Spanish lace, glittering array of tinsel and beads. Others are embroidered. Others show the effect of the vogue for white and black. You find a new way to wear these beautiful Scarfs that combines the effect of fichu and girdle. And you are fascinated by the beauty of extreme novelties, one of a kind that cannot be duplicated.

Marabou

is in a class by itself, more beautiful than ever before. There are combinations of color that fasten attention by their unusualness—the newest note of navy blue and white, natural, black, white, and combinations and touches of ostrich that add a further beauty.

Mourning Neckwear

in an assortment that for extent cannot be matched in the greater city; in styles that are the extreme of good taste; beautiful ideas in black and white crepe in marquisette, organdie and other suitable fabrics.

Ribbon Neckwear

that is in a class by itself, a quick seizing upon every Parisian idea in this dainty French fashion. Brooches, crescents, wreaths, true in shape and color to the roses, violets, pansies, wild roses, berries, etc., represented, mounted on velvet or satin. And great roses and cactuses veiled in gold or silver for hair, for throat or for corsage wear, the result of our personal selection in Paris. In charm and in low pricing it has no equal.

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STOKES TO GIVE SON BIGGEST CITY HOTEL

Ansonia, Just Leased for Thirty Years at $9,000,000, Will Be Owned by 15-Year-Old Boy.

MANAGEMENT SHIFTS TO-DAY

Former Holland House Directors Will Take Charge—Huge Structure to be Devoted Wholly to Hotel Purposes.

Frank Harriman, for twenty years the manager of the Holland House, and Gustav Oberdorfer, who was steward of that hotel during the same period, signed a thirty-year lease yesterday afternoon, taking over the Hotel Ansonia from William Earle Dodge Stokes. Albert Pease of Pease & Elliman, the real estate brokers who negotiated the transaction, gave it as his calculation that the total rental will amount to more than $9,000,000, and this is said to be the largest unconditional lease signed in this city for at least fifteen years.

The new tenants will take possession to-morrow morning. It is their intention eventually to convert the Ansonia into a hotel for transients, thus carrying out the original plans that were had in mind when the building was erected. A friend of Mr. Stokes said yesterday that within the next two weeks he would transfer the entire property to his son, with the Title Guarantee and Trust Company acting as trustee. This fifteen-year-old boy, W. E. D. Stokes, Jr., will then own the largest hotel in New York.

Mr. Stokes built the Ansonia ten years ago, on land that he had owned for a long time. It stands on Broadway, with a frontage of 213 feet, reaching back 185 feet on Seventy-fourth Street and 249 feet on Seventy-third Street. It is sixteen stories in height, and has 1,400 bedrooms. It cost him $6,000,000 to build it. He fitted it out with apartments, a few of them for housekeeping purposes, and ranging in size from four to eighteen rooms.

The plans of the new tenants include the gradual alteration until the hotel is made up entirely of one and two-room suites with baths, and with these changes will come the general alteration of the lobby and dining-rooms to suit the needs of a transient hotel, such as it is intended to make the Ansonia as soon as it is feasible to operate so large a one so far uptown as Seventy-third Street. Mr. Pease pointed out yesterday, however, that with the express station of the Subway at Seventy-second Street, one could get down to the Grand Central in shorter time from the Ansonia than from some other hotels nearer by.

These changes are to come with time. No shake-up will occur when Messrs. Harriman and Oberdorfer move in to-morrow, and it was denied yesterday that there was any intention of starting a general migration of servants from the Holland House to the Ansonia. The small army of people who are installed to run the Ansonia will be left undisturbed, as will the tenants of the apartments, for the new proprietors have taken over all the equipment.

Mr. Harriman was manager of the Holland House until last May, when C. A. Wood, succeeding Gustav Bauman as tenant, took possession on a twenty-one-year lease. Mr. Oberdorfer stayed on, and will not sever his connection with the Holland House until this morning. The spirit and character of the Holland House under the old regime will be further transplanted to the uptown hotel, due to the interest taken in the new venture by Mr. Bauman. It is certain that he backed his old manager and steward with advice and encouragement, but whether his interest took the form of financial support is not known. Mr. Bauman has long had his eye turned in another direction. For two years he has been negotiating with the New York Central to build him a $7,000,000 hotel in the block between Vanderbilt and Madison Avenues and between Forty-third and Forty-fourth Streets. These negotiations, so far, have not been brought to any conclusion.

The negotiations for the Ansonia began about July 1. They were brought to a close yesterday, when the lease was signed at the Ansonia, with the Title Guarantee and Trust Company appearing for Mr. Stokes, through Mr. Lindner, the company's counsel. The exact amount of the total rental cannot be predicted now, for the lease is variable, and the amounts will depend on whether or not certain contemplated schemes are carried out. Some of those interested in the negotiations were of the opinion yesterday that the total would pass the ten million mark. An operating company for backing the undertaking has already been formed, although it is yet to be incorporated.

Among other unusual features, the Ansonia, at the time of its construction, was provided with a huge swimming pool, cut out of solid rock, and occupying more than half of one of the sub-basements. This pool has never been used, and the new proprietors have agreed to fit it out as part of a Turkish bath which they have promised to install.

Mr. Stokes was not only owner of the Ansonia, but its resident manager as well, and it is understood that he is surrendering it now because of the pressure of other business. At the time of his first taking charge, the magnitude of the undertaking excited considerable interest, for his was called the biggest housekeeping job in America, and his daily market basket seemed ample enough to provide rations for an army. The hotel has four and one-half miles of hallway, seventy-five miles of plumbing pipes, eighteen elevators, and 70,000 separate electric lights.

It was as a guest at the Ansonia that Mr. Stokes first met Lillian Graham, who, with her companion, Ethel Conrad, is now under indictment for attempted murder and assault in the first and second degree. They shot Mr. Stokes on July 7, in their rooms in the Varuna apartment house at the corner of Eightieth Street and Broadway. Their trial is yet to be held.

The son who is to own the Ansonia is the son of the first Mrs. Stokes, who was Rita Hernandez de Alba de Acosta, and who is now the wife of Capt. Philip Lydig. She divorced Mr. Stokes years ago, but he did not marry again until last February, when Helen Elwood of Denver, who had been visiting her sister at the Ansonia, became the second Mrs. Stokes.

PUBLIC SERVICE ENGINEER.

Alfred Craven Appointed Chief by the Commission at $15,000 a Year.

Alfred Craven was appointed Chief Engineer of the Public Service Commission yesterday at a salary of $15,000. Since the resignation on Sept. 23, 1910, of Henry B. Seaman, he has been Acting Chief Engineer at a salary of $10,000. Mr. Craven is a son of the late Rear Admiral Craven, and was graduated at Annapolis in 1867. He served in the navy until 1871, and then became connected with the State Geological Survey of California.

After some years of private practice he entered in 1884 the service of the Aqueduct Commission, and in 1900 became a division engineer of the old Board of Rapid Transit Commissioners. He succeeded George S. Rice as engineer in charge of subway construction in 1884.

Only Sons Share in Webber's Business

Supreme Court Justice Bischoff handed down a decision yesterday construing the will of Richard Webber, the market man, who died on the ocean while returning to this country from a visit to Europe on Oct. 8, 1908. The question was whether the testator, when providing for the equalization of the bequests to his sons and daughter, intended that the value of the good-will of the business bequeathed to the sons should be included in the scheme of equalization. Justice Bischoff decides that he did not.

LEGLESS NEWSBOY SUES.

Wants $25,000 Damages for Article That Said He Was Once a Tramp.

James Gray, the legless newsboy of Times Square, who for years has been a familiar figure to the restaurant and theatre crowds in the square nightly, has started suit in the Supreme Court against The Churchman, an Episcopal Church publication, Silas McBee, its editor, and James Forbes of the Mendicant Squad of the Charity Organization, for $25,000 damages for libel. Gray takes exception to an article prepared by Messrs. McBee and Forbes, and published Sept. 2.

In substance it is a warning to youths with a desire to get out and see the world. It refers to Gray by name, and publishes his portrait, stating that Gray, "typical of the runaway boy who goes on the road to see the world, lost both legs while a tramp; returned to New York and became a street beggar. Induced to lead an honest life under the auspices of the National Association, he has now for some years maintained himself honorably as a newsdealer at the northeast corner of Broadway and Forty-second Street."

Gray says that he has sold papers in Times Square for fourteen years, and has always enjoyed a reputation for honesty and integrity.

JILTED, HE TRIES TO DIE.

Turns on the Gas Because Bronx Girl Tired of His Attentions.

Because he was jilted by a Bronx girl, Herbert R. Lusty, 23 years old, a University of Pennsylvania graduate, attempted suicide by taking gas yesterday morning in his room at 322 East 201st Street, where he boarded with a number of Fordham students. Albert Osmond, a medical student, smelled gas as he passed Lusty's room and told Mrs. Catherine Kouts, the landlady. They went to the room and found Lusty unconscious in bed with the gas turned on.

Osmond ran to the office of Dr. T. G. Dilworth, two doors away. Dr. Dilworth gave Lusty antidotes and brought him around to consciousness. Meanwhile Dr. Donahue had arrived from Fordham Hospital and he took him away in an ambulance.

On the way to the hospital Lusty told the doctor and Policeman Cahill what the matter was. He had been courting a young woman for about a year and she seemed to like him but then tired of him. He did everything to regain her affection, but failed. Then in an effort to forget her he set out for Montana, where he stayed several months. Two weeks ago he returned. As she was still indifferent to him he decided to die.

Lusty's father is a mining promoter in Pennsylvania. It was thought by Mrs. Kouts that he took care of his father's business interests in New York.

WANTS TO SEE HER CHILDREN

Husband Stole Them, Wife Says, After Beating Them and Her.

Mrs. Clara Estelle Bellinger of 854 West 181st Street was granted yesterday in the Supreme Court a writ of habeas corpus directing her husband, Charles, to produce in court their children, Florence and Paul. Mrs. Bellinger said that her husband had made off with them on Wednesday and had refused to tell where they were except on conditions to which she refused to accede.

Mrs. Bellinger said that she was married in 1895. On Monday, she said, her husband quarreled with her and beat her. The children were present and Florence cried out that some one should get a policeman, and she said this enraged Bellinger, who beat both children. Mrs. Bellinger said she went shopping Wednesday and returned in the afternoon to find the children gone and her husband moving out the furniture.

She said her husband offered to tell her where the children were only on condition that she sign a paper stating that he never had abused her and a deed to real estate which was in her name. She said she refused to do this.

NEW WORK FOR JOSEPH HAAG

Named by Gaynor to Help Standardize Civil Service Salaries.

Joseph Haag, Secretary of the Board of Estimate, was appointed by Mayor Gaynor yesterday a member of a committee of one hundred to obtain legislation for uniformity of compensation for civil service employes. The appointment was made at the request of Charles Dick, former United States Senator from Ohio. Every State in the Union will have a representative on the committee.

The movement was started in Washington by Federal employes who interested ex-Senator Dick. They aim to promote greater efficiency and economy and a sound system of retirement applicable to all civil service employes. The sponsors of the movement say that for more than fifty years there has been no change in the salaries of Government employes, except those not in the classified service.

Mr. Haag was selected by Mayor Gaynor on the ground that he is peculiarly fitted for the work, as he was Chairman of the committee which equalized salaries in the City Government under the administration of Mayor McClellan. Mr. Haag is also the author of the pension retirement law which is applicable to department employes in New York City.

MARBLE STRIKERS GIVE IN.

Return to Work on Buildings Rather Than Face a Lockout.

The ultimatum of the Board of Governors of the Building Trades Employers' Association that a general lockout of 40,000 mechanics would go into effect at once if the sympathetic strikers on the Vanderbilt Hotel were not back at work before 8 A. M. on Monday resulted in the unions declaring the strike off yesterday.

The business agents of the unions met in Brevoort Hall, 154 East Fifty-fourth Street, in the forenoon, and after a long and stormy argument a resolution was passed ordering all who went out on the sympathetic strike to return to work. The plasterers obeyed at once, and others will do so to-day. None of the strikers cared to face a general shutdown.

As soon as the decision was reached a committee of seven notified C. G. Norman, Chairman of the employers' Board of Governors, and asked for a conference in reference to the strike of the marble workers. This was granted, and one will take place on Tuesday.

The strike was begun by the marble polishers, bodrubbers, and sawyers, who asked an advance of 50 cents a day. The employers declared the open shop, whereupon the members of the Reliance Labor Club of cutters, carvers, and setters went on strike on buildings for the same demand. The club withdrew its wage demand, but continued a sympathetic strike in support of the men in the shops.

PERSECUTING MISS AHLEN.

Some One Circulating Slanders and Rumors of Her Death.

The members of the Williams Avenue M. E. Church in East New York have been much disturbed lately by the apparently malicious efforts of some one to spread the report that Lottie Ahlen, one of the girls in the choir, had died on Sept. 14. Death notices and obituary comment appeared in two Brooklyn papers, and a friend of hers studying at Tilden Theological Seminary in New Hampshire received a telegram containing the same false news. Miss Ahlen has not even been ill.

Letters of an objectionable nature, all containing some reference to Miss Ahlen, all written in the same hand, and all anonymous, were received by several members of the church. One letter went to the pastor's wife. All the handwriting in the cases is distinctly feminine, and those who have a shrewd suspicion as to the authorship say that it was inspired by jealousy.

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TAFT IN CIRCUS TENT ENDS TOUR OF IOWA

Again Defends His Tariff Vetoes and Reasserts That He Is for Lower Wool Duty.

STANDS ON HIS RECORD

Speaks a Good Word for Postmaster General Hitchcock's Economy—At Missouri State Fair To-day.

OTTUMWA, Iowa, Sept. 29.—President Taft ended his two days' tour of Iowa here to-night with a speech on the tariff. To an audience which filled a tent of circus size and gave him the closest attention he has had, the President in a conversational tone and in an informal manner stated anew the position he had taken with reference to the tariff bills he vetoed. Mr. Taft made no bid for applause; no attempt at oratory. He took the audience into his confidence and stated his case with scarcely a pause.

The crowd was not a demonstrative one. It cheered the President when he began and again when he finished. There was occasional applause in between, the most spontaneous and prolonged occurring when Mr. Taft exclaimed:

"I am no free trader; I am a protectionist, pledged to the policy of a protective tariff based on the difference in the cost of production in this country and the cost of production abroad."

The President was again applauded when he declared that he was going to recommend reductions in the woolen and cotton schedules just as soon as the Tariff Board reported on those schedules in December. He denounced the present wool schedule as indefensibly high, but declared that the Woolen bill which he vetoed was drawn without regard to the effect it would have on the industry in this country; was drawn without adequate information, and was largely the work of a single Senator. Mr. Taft said he felt the country could well afford to wait two or three months longer and get a bill based on scientific data and complete information.

The Farmers' Free List bill, Mr. Taft said, was intended as a compensation to the farmer for whatever damage he might suffer from Canadian reciprocity. He asserted that reciprocity would not have hurt the farmers anyway, but its defeat in Canada wiped out the last reason for so slipshod a measure.

The President denounced the Cotton bill, which included revisions of the steel and chemical schedules, as a "piece of hodge-podge," that no one ever intended should become a law.

The detailed explanations given of the various bills were listened to with the greatest apparent interest. The President apologized several times for the dryness of his discussion, but he held his audience to the end.

The tariff talk was prefaced by a brief explanation of the trip he is now taking. Mr. Taft said he did not believe that a President of the United States had any right to make partisan speeches or to attack any one. He declared he was taking advantage of an opportunity to get in touch with the people to explain in person some of the acts of his Administration, to render an account of his stewardship.

"I want you to judge me by what I have done," he concluded; "to take into consideration the circumstances that surrounded me and the responsibilities that rested upon me, and to act as you deem best. I am content to abide by your decision."

Mr. Taft began the day at Des Moines, where he spent the entire forenoon and made an address in the Coliseum upon peace and the pending arbitration treaties. Senator Cummins, one of the leaders of the insurgent wing of the party, was on the Reception Committee at Des Moines, and made his only appearance with the President there. Mr. Cummins intimated in a talk with the President that with certain modifications he was inclined to favor the peace treaties. Mr. Taft said he would readily agree to any changes in the treaties which would not mar their effectiveness or question the good faith of this country in desiring peace with the world.

The Des Moines audience showed its friendliness by vigorously applauding Gov. Carroll when he introduced Mr. Taft as "the President whose Administration we appreciate, whose comprehension of public questions is as broad as the needs of the land, and whose courage to do right is measured only by the limit of human ability."

In Des Moines the President was the guest of honor at breakfast at the Grant Club, where he was introduced by Lafayette Young, Jr.

"Ralph Waldo Emerson," said Mr. Young, "declared that to be great is to be misunderstood. President Taft can claim greatness in Iowa."

Mr. Young was loudly applauded when he praised Mr. Taft for his vetoes of the Tariff bills.

The President, when he arose, said he was glad to be in Des Moines and "glad to find everything so peaceful."

"There is a general impression outside of Iowa that you are in a constant state of ebullition," the President continued. "I am glad to know that is not true, and to find gathered about this board all those elements which when mixed are supposed abroad to produce a dangerous effervescence."

Senator Cummins joined heartily in the laughter.

The President spoke of the importance of Iowa as one of the food-producing States of the Union. He declared that the dire prophecies of James J. Hill and Prof. Wallace as to the exhaustion of the soil made one hasten to the breakfast table each morning in the hope of at least getting one more meal. Mr. Taft said he did not agree with these prophets, but conservation of the soil undoubtedly was one of the pressing problems now before the people.

On the way from Des Moines to Ottumwa the President spoke at Pleasantville, Knoxville, Albia, and several smaller places. He left here to-night for Sedalia, Mo., to speak at the State fair there to-morrow.

At Albia the President spoke of the various reforms recently inaugurated by the Post Office Department at Washington and the wiping out of the $17,000,000 deficit in the postal establishment.

"That result," he said, "indicates the efficiency of the Postmaster General, Mr. Hitchcock, and indicates the further fact that they are doing business in the Post Office Department and are not engaged in play."

Gov. Carroll accompanied the President to the State line to-night. Mr. Taft thanked him heartily for his courtesy and the many kind words he had said about him.

WILSON'S SON RESIGNS.

Was Private Secretary to His Father—Other Department Changes Expected

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—What is believed to be the first in a series of resignations in the Department of Agriculture consequent on the Wiley-McCabe incident came to-day in the announced retirement of Jasper Wilson, son of the Secretary, from the position of private secretary to his father, which he has held since March 4, 1897.

Mr. Wilson will go into beef raising on an extended scale in Iowa. He was a farmer before coming to Washington, and is recognized as a husky, energetic, level-headed young man, likely to make good wherever he is put. He will be succeeded by R. M. Reece, who has been stenographer to Secretary Wilson for eleven years. Mr. Reece has been connected with the department for the last twenty years.

Jasper Wilson has not been directly brought into the recent controversy in the department between the Wiley-McCabe factions, but he has been regarded as a close personal friend of Solicitor McCabe.

It is generally expected in the department that several resignations connected with the pure food controversy are soon to be announced.

SUPPRESS POSTAL REPORTS.

Publishers So Show at the Magazine Postage Inquiry.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—The recently created Postal Commission, headed by Associate Justice Hughes of the Supreme Court of the United States, held a session to-day to afford the representatives of the magazine publishers an opportunity to question Post Office Department officials regarding tables prepared by them in support of the department's effort to increase the second-class postage rate from 1 cent to 2 cents per pound.

The hearing was supplementary to those recently held in New York, and the day was devoted to an effort to show that the estimates of cost supplied by the Postmasters of the country had been conjectural rather than bona fide. They brought out the fact that many of the reports of the Postmaster had been suppressed because of irregularities, but it was contended by the Post Office officials that even if these estimates should be discredited, they would have little bearing upon the question as a whole.

Charles H. McBride, Superintendent of Railway Adjustment, was a witness most of the day.

TOLD BRITISH NAVY SECRET.

Existence of Torpedoes with 10,000-Yard Range Inadvertently Disclosed.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—The British Navy is equipped with torpedoes said to be effective at 10,000 yards or nearly three times the range of the most powerful projectiles now used in the United States Navy, according to information brought back to Washington by an American naval officer who recently discussed developments in gunnery, torpedo craft, and the relative methods of target practice in the British and American navies with some British naval men.

The existence of this torpedo has been kept a secret. During the discussion it is said that one of them inadvertently told the American naval expert that "our newest torpedoes have a range of 10,000 yards."

INCREASE IN EXPORTS.

Valued at $144,207,886 for August—Imports Show a Decrease.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—Imports and export figures compiled by the Bureau of Statistics of the Department of Commerce and Labor for August and the eight months' period ended with that month show an increase in nearly every instance in exports and a decrease in most cases in imports. The total imports for August amounted to only $125,945,642, as compared to $138,358,307 for the same month last year. For the eight months ended with August total imports amounted to $1,007,842,183, as compared to $1,035,097,806 for the corresponding period of the previous year.

Exports for August amounted to $144,207,886, an increase over the same month of 1910, when they totaled $134,606,378. The eight months' period also shows an increase, amounting to $1,259,725,480, as compared with $1,034,053,115 for the same time last year.

WANT AROSEMENA TO RESIGN

Panaman Assembly Imposes Condition If He Wishes a Renomination.

PANAMA, Sept. 29.—The National Assembly's hostility to President Arosemena and his plans for re-election has been strikingly evidenced in a declaration passed by a majority vote, insisting that the President must resign his office six months before the date set for the elections if he desires to enter the lists as a candidate.

Arosemena some time ago obtained a grant of a six months' "vacation," which he planned to begin exactly six months prior to election day. His lawyers had assured him that it would be unnecessary for him to give up his office, as he could comply with the letter of the law by merely absenting himself on leave.

In order to prevent the exportation of canal laborers by designing contractors who can find a ready market for their services in Brazil and other South American countries, the Assembly has passed a law providing that any foreigners found recruiting canal laborers shall be summarily exported. Native Panamans who try to persuade canal employes to leave for other work must pay a fine of not less than $1,000 nor more than $3,000.

WON'T LET CHING RESIGN.

Chinese Premier's Services Too Valuable, Despite Age, Says Throne.

PEKING, Sept. 29.—The Dutch banker, M. Vissering, has accepted the counter-offer of $25,000 a year to become financial adviser to the Chinese Government, and his appointment is recommended by the American Legation.

Prince Ching has resigned the Premiership, but the throne refused to accept his resignation, replying that in spite of his age and physical infirmities his services were invaluable. It is expected that the usual repetition of the resignation will be made until it is accepted.

WON'T HALT INQUIRY INTO STEEL TRUST

To be Pressed to a Finish, Says Chairman Stanley, Regardless of Its Effect on Business.

J. P. MORGAN TO TESTIFY

Also Carnegie and Other Financiers After the Select House Committee Reconvenes on Oct. 16.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—Representative A. O. Stanley, Chairman of the select committee of the House of Representatives that is investigating the United States Steel Corporation, is in Washington preparing for the important work which the committee will take up when it reassembles on Oct. 16. The committee has heard all the active officials of the Steel Corporation and has arranged to hear Andrew Carnegie and J. P. Morgan before Congress meets in December. Mr. Stanley said to-day that it was the purpose of the committee to carry the inquiry to a finish.

"The statement by the President and the Attorney General," said Mr. Stanley, "that they are determined to enforce the Sherman anti-trust law without fear or favor, is exceedingly gratifying to me. There is an effort on the part of certain interests to discourage the enforcement of all anti-trust legislation and to oppose the enforcement of all the anti-trust laws we have on the ground that they are old fashioned and out of date; that the prosperity of the country will be endangered by enforcing the law. This contention has but little weight. We all are anxious to see the country prosperous, but it is more important that we should be law abiding than that we should be rich.

"I never have taken any stock in reports that the Steel Trust might voluntarily dissolve. We are planning to renew our inquiry and our probe is independent of any attitude which may be assumed by the Department of Justice.

"I cannot too heartily indorse the proposed inforcement of the penal provisions of the Sherman law. A fine imposed upon high officials of a corporation is ultimately an assessment upon the stockholders in that corporation, many of whom are innocent. The enormous wealth of the heads of our great industrial concerns makes the payments of many thousands in money a matter of little importance, but big and little alike dread the loss of liberty and the infamy which penal servitude entails.

"This committee is not studying the United States Steel Corporation alone; it is studying the whole problem of industrial combination. This committee, by investigating thoroughly and exhaustively the United States Steel Corporation, will be enabled to lay before Congress important data and to propose vital legislation affecting hundreds of other like concerns, so that in my opinion the duty of this committee, and the great benefit to be derived from its investigations, will not be materially affected by any action of the United States Steel Corporation, even if it should finally determine to dissolve voluntarily."

Some of the most important men in the financial world are expected to appear before the Stanley committee when it resumes its sessions in this city a month hence. While the investigating committee has not made public its list of prospective witnesses, it has been understood for some time that Mr. Carnegie and Mr. Morgan will be called upon to tell of the formation of the United States Steel Corporation. If Mr. Morgan takes the stand it is probable that his testimony will consume several days, in view of the length of time required to examine E. H. Gary, the late John W. Gates, George W. Perkins, and others of the New York group of financiers.

The House Investigating Committee has agents in the field now collecting data to be presented to the committee in November. One of the principal features of the inquiry, when it is resumed, will be that dealing with the ore supply of the United States, of which it is alleged the Steel Corporation virtually has a monopoly.

Edison Homeward Bound.

SOUTHAMPTON, Sept. 29.—Thomas A. Edison and Mrs. Edison and Senator Du Pont were among the passengers of the steamer Amerika that sailed for New York to-day.

Pope Receives Bishop Harkins.

ROME, Sept. 29.—The Pope gave an audience to-day to the Right Rev. Matthew Harkins, Bishop of Providence, R. I.

REYES FLEES FROM MEXICO.

Sails for Havana and Hero—Charge of Plot Against Him Discredited.

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 29.—The flight of Gen. Bernardo Reyes, who sailed from Vera Cruz yesterday for Havana and New York, is generally regarded here as an unwarranted exhibition of fear, since little credence is given to Gen. Reyes's allegation of the existence of a Maderist plot to assassinate or imprison him.

In a published interview Gen. Reyes declared he had knowledge of such a plot. Although much speculation as to the possibility of his conniving at a secret military opposition to Madero is being indulged in, such surmises are not being taken seriously, for it is conceded that Gen. Reyes's following has dwindled to a point where such a plan would be futile.

Gen. Reyes's flight, it is believed here, will lose him what sympathy remained for him in the army and elsewhere. His departure has greatly simplified the task of President de la Barra and others in bringing about a peaceful election.

$5,210 TO LIBERTE SURVIVOR.

Ship's Doctor Receives Money He Lost on Blown-Up Warship.

TOULON, France, Sept. 29.—The ship's doctor, who escaped when the battleship Liberté was blown up, to-day received an envelope containing $5,210 dollars, which he lost at the time of the disaster.

The money was found among articles taken from the interior of the vessel.

MIKADO TO HONOR AMERICANS

Will Decorate Lindsay Russell and Hamilton Holt.

TOKIO, Sept. 29.—President David Starr Jordan of Stanford University, who is traveling in Korea, was entertained at Seul by the Japanese Minister General, Lieut. Gen. Count Terauchi.

Lindsay Russell, founder of the Japanese Society of New York, and Hamilton Holt, editor, will be received by the Emperor to-morrow when they will be honored with decorations. Both will be widely entertained during their stay in Japan.

CABLE MERGER APPROVED.

Anglo-American and United States Stockholders Sanction Lease to Western Union.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—At meetings of the stockholders of the Anglo-American Cable Company and the Direct United States Cable Company to-day the agreement to lease their lines to the Western Union Telegraph Company for a period of ninety-nine years was unanimously approved.

The agreement will become effective on its ratification by the Western Union.

TRANSIT EXTENSIONS.

Public Service Commission Approves a Change of Route to South Beach.

The Public Service Commission approved yesterday the terms of the franchises recently granted by the Board of Estimate to the Union Railway and the Brooklyn Rapid Transit for certain small extensions. The Union Railway may now prolong its line, ending at Broadway and 230th Street, south to 225th Street, just north of the Ship Canal and crossing Spuyten Duyvil Creek. A junction will thus be effected with the Kingsbridge line of the Third Avenue system at 225th Street and a connection with a trolley line to Yonkers. No transfers will be exchanged at this point. The use of the new Madison Avenue Bridge over the Harlem River by the Union Railway was also regularized by the commission.

The B. R. T. obtained a regular franchise for the use of the loop around the Subway kiosk at Flatbush, Fourth, and Atlantic Avenues, Brooklyn, which it has been operating under a permit from the Borough President.

A franchise was granted for a new route for the South Beach line on Staten Island in place of the Fort Wadsworth extension. The United States Government, as a precaution against espionage, has ordered the removal of the trolley tracks within the Government reservation in New York and Richmond Avenues. In place thereof tracks will be laid on a private street known as Wadsworth Avenue, to and across Tompkins Avenue, thence by private rights of way across Sea Avenue, and thence along Florida Avenue to Ocean Avenue, where the old route is resumed.

REV. DR. CRAIG TO LEAVE US.

Accepts Call to Disciples Church at Redlands, Cal.

The Rev. Dr. W. Bayard Craig, after a two years' pastorate, presented his resignation last night to the Lenox Avenue Church, Disciples of Christ. It was accepted. He will become pastor of the Disciples' Church at Redlands, Cal., about Nov. 1.

The Rev. Dr. Craig came here after several years' service as President of Drake University, Iowa. Mrs. Craig had been head of the women's department of the same university.

DR. JOWETT RETURNS.

English Strike, He Says, Did Good in Making Conditions Known.

The Rev. John H. Jowett, pastor of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church; Mrs. Jowett, and Miss Jowett arrived yesterday on the White Star liner Adriatic. Dr. Jowett went abroad just before the coronation, and while he was in England his mother died at her home in Halifax, England. He preached in his old church in Birmingham.

He said he was in London just in time to get a bit of "regular American weather," the hottest he had even experienced. He said he was glad to be back in America again.

"The strike in England," he said, "was a good thing in that it had shown the English people the true condition of the working classes. But for the strike I don't see how the country could have been made aware of these conditions. I believe the Parliamentary Commission which is considering the matter will report in favor of labor."

Many of the leaders of the labor movement in the House, he said, were identified with the Church, and many of the workers were preachers.

CHANGE IN "TAX DAY"

"Tax day" in this city has been changed from the second Monday in January to the first business day of October—this year October 2nd.

If you are a resident of New York City any money you have on deposit on that day in a Commercial Bank, Trust Company, or even in your own safe, is taxable.

Our Guaranteed First Mortgage Certificates issued in amounts of $5,000, $1,000, $500, and $200, and netting 4½%, are tax exempt.

They are the best obtainable investment both in security and net return.

No investor has ever lost a dollar

BOYD MORTGAGE GUARANTEE

Capital & Surplus . $8,000,000

175 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., B'klyn. 350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

Telephone Directory Goes to Press October 11th.

The Fall and Winter Edition of the New York Telephone Directory goes to press Wednesday, October 11th. Telephone service must be arranged for on or before that date in order to have directory listings appear in this issue. Call, write or telephone to nearest office.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE CO.

MANHATTAN-BRONX

Address	Telephone No.
15 Dey Street	Cortlandt 1000
140 Cedar Street	Prospect 1000
60 West Houston Street	Spring 1000
19 East 26th Street	Madison Sq. 1000
115 West 30th Street	Harlem Hill 1000
9 East 59th Street	Plaza 1000
127 West 125th Street	Morningside 1000
558 East 180th Street	Melrose 1000

BROOKLYN

Address	Telephone No.
81 Willoughby Street	Main 1000
360 Ninth Street	South 1000
1013 Fulton Street	Bedford 1000
505 Broadway	Williamsburg 1000

JAMAICA

6 Hardenbrook Avenue	Jamaica 1000

PLAINFIELD

128 Broadway	Plainfield 1000

FAR ROCKAWAY—Birdsall & Central Aves. For Rockaway 1000

B. Altman & Co.

ANNOUNCE FOR THIS DAY (SATURDAY),

AN IMPORTANT SALE OF DRESS SILKS

AT VERY LOW PRICES, INCLUDING

3,000 YARDS OF CREPE METEOR (SATIN FINISH)

IN WHITE, IVORY AND EVENING SHADES, 48 INCHES WIDE,

HERETOFORE $3.50 PER YARD . . AT $2.10

5,000 YARDS OF SATIN MESSALINE

IN WHITE, IVORY AND EVENING SHADES, PER YARD, 38c.

B. Altman & Co.

A SALE OF BOYS' FURNISHINGS

WILL BE HELD THIS DAY (SATURDAY), AT MUCH BELOW THE USUAL PRICES, AS FOLLOWS:

BOYS' NEGLIGEE SHIRTS . . AT 75c. EACH

BOYS' PAJAMAS OF OUTING FLANNEL AT 65c. PER SUIT

BOYS' GREY COAT SWEATERS . AT $1.50 EACH

BOYS' SILK FOUR-IN-HAND SCARFS AT 25c. EACH

B. Altman & Co. ARE SHOWING EXCLUSIVE MATERIALS FOR MAKING TO ORDER BOYS' HAND-TAILORED NORFOLK AND DOUBLE-BREASTED SUITS, OVERCOATS AND REEFERS.

CHILDREN'S SHOE DEPARTMENT

BOYS' AND GIRLS' SHOES AND SLIPPERS FOR ALL OCCASIONS ARE SHOWN IN DESIRABLE MODELS AT MODERATE PRICES.

ESPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO THE FITTING OF CHILDREN'S SHOES IN THE DEPARTMENT DEVOTED TO THIS PURPOSE.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

Keep Your Kitchen In Hand!

NOW that you are getting your "House in Order" for the Fall and Winter, bear in mind the all important—kitchen. Have a place for everything, but particularly for a *Gas Range* or *Cooker* and all the modern *Gas Cooking Utensils.* Ranges rent for $8.00 and up a year, and "Cookers" for $1.00 (one dollar) a year.

Write or telephone to, or call at, your Gas Company's office. Information cheerfully given.

Consolidated Gas Company of New York

GEO. B. CORTELYOU, President

PITTSBURGH PRIMARY FRAUDS INVOLVE 1100

Voters' League Obtains Warrants for Men Registered in the Franklin School District.

ARREST POLICE MAGISTRATE

Extra Constables Sworn In and Many Arrests Likely to be Made Before Polls Open To-day.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Sept. 29.—More than 1,000 warrants are being issued in this city by Alderman James V. McMasters for the arrest of men who are charged with fraudulent registration. The Voters' League, of which A. Leo Weil is President, is back of the movement. Detective Frank W. Muncey, employed by the Voters' League, stated that this afternoon in going over the registrations they had found more than 1,100 illegal registrations out of the 60,000 registered in the city.

The first arrest made this afternoon was that of Louis Alpern, Police Magistrate, who was held under $1,000 bond to appear at court. He is charged with false registration, perjury, aiding and abetting false registration, and subornation of perjury. Late this afternoon Alderman McMasters went into court and had twelve deputy constables sworn to assist the regular force of constables to make arrests. The entire county police force was also put at the disposal of Alderman McMasters by District Attorney Blakeley. It is expected that by morning more than 300 arrests will be made, and the search for illegal voters will be continued all to-morrow.

Watchers at the various polls have been handed warrants by the hundreds to make arrests of those presenting themselves to vote at the primaries to-morrow. President A. Leo Weil of the Voters' League said:

"The Voters' League undertook the investigation of the registration frauds on account of information given it last Monday. By working all night Monday and every day and night since they obtained a list of the names of a large number of fraudulent registrations. The necessity of investigating each case, and who was responsible therefor, before issuing a warrant for the arrest of the offender, necessarily consumes considerable time and in consequence up to noon to-day they have only made from 50 to 100 informations."

At a Republican rally of the Magee faction at Franklin School house this evening, attended by 800 people, almost every other man in the meeting was handed a bail bond in case he should be arrested to-night, so that he would not have to stay in jail over night. Alderman McMasters will keep his office open until after midnight to accept bail. The Franklin School is located in the district where it is alleged most of the illegal registration has taken place. In some cases it is asserted there are more voters registered than three are citizens in the districts.

PHILADELPHIA VOTES TO-DAY

Primaries Will Decide Bitter Factional Fight for Mayoralty Nomination.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 29.—The bitterest political campaign waged in Philadelphia in recent years came to an end to-night, when aspirants for office made their final appeals to the people, who will select their candidates at the primary election to-morrow afternoon and evening.

The fight is for the Mayoralty nomination, which has split the regular Republican organization into three factions. The Keystone Party, the reform organization, is also split on the question. The Democratic organization, too, is divided, some of its adherents supporting one faction of the reformers. The Democrats will have no straight ticket in the field.

The candidates for the Republican nomination are William S. Vare, George H. Earle, Jr., and Dimner Beeber. When Mr. Vare, who is a powerful leader in the city organization, announced that he was a candidate for the office, United States Senator Penrose, the State leader, and State Senator James P. McNichol, the recognized head of the local organization, refused to support him and came out in favor of Mr. Earle.

Mayor Reyburn announced himself and his administration in favor of Mr. Vare. A third faction that desired to bring about reform within the party placed Mr. Beeber in the field. A strenuous campaign followed the break among the leaders and has resulted in certain city officials and employes losing their positions and the instituting of an investigation of the administration of Mayor Reyburn, "gross dishonesty" being charged.

The fight among the reform element is between Rudolph Blankenburg and D. Clarence Gibboney, who has also been conspicuous in fighting the Republican organization.

FISHER EXPLAINS HIS SPEECH

No Disagreement with Bristow, He Says, on the Progressive Issue.

CHICAGO, Sept. 29.—Walter L. Fisher, Secretary of the Interior, home to-day after a 16,000-mile trip of inspection in Alaska, explained the meaning of his speech on progressives at Hutchinson, Kan., and denied any disagreement with Senator Bristow.

"I described two classes of spurious progressives," he said, "and said that the real progressive was neither the demagogic agitator nor the hypocrite who talks of progress but opposes every political progressive measure. I left the choice to be worn by any man in Kansas or elsewhere whose feet they fit.

"The crowd applauded when I said that the true progressive would go where the President had said he intended to go, down the middle of the road, straight for the goal. A little mutual recognition of honest differences of opinion may bring all real progressives together in the middle of the road."

DICKENS'S SON ARRIVES.

Has Spent Most of His Life in Australia—Comes to Lecture.

BOSTON, Sept. 29.—A son of Charles Dickens and a godson of Alfred Tennyson in the person of Alfred Tennyson Dickens arrived here to-day on the steamer Saxonia from Liverpool.

Mr. Dickens's father was in America in 1842, and during his tour found much to criticise directly in his "American Notes" and indirectly in Martin Chuzzlewit.

Like his father, the younger Dickens is here to lecture. There is something in his appearance which will recall the elder, and although he has not the beard and the flashing eyes, the prominent brow, and the strong chin, he has the same simple and unassuming ways of his father.

Alfred Dickens has spent most of his life in Australia, going there at the age of twenty.

300 DIE IN PERSIAN BATTLE.

Teheran Reports Defeat of 4,000 Rebels by 2,000 Government Troops.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—The Persian Legation announced to-day that cable advices from the Teheran Government indicate that in a decisive battle lasting two and a half hours yesterday, near Savah, the rebels, commanded by the Chiefs of the tribes, were defeated.

A cablegram reported 300 killed, 100 wounded, and the capture of considerable arms and equipment, while the Government concedes only a loss of ten killed and wounded out of a force of

MADE INSANE BY LETTERS.

Attacks on Long Island Woman, Continued a Year, Affect Her Mind.

Special to The New York Times.

HUNTINGTON, L. I., Sept. 29.—Mrs. W. H. Tate of Halesite, a suburb of this place, has been sent to the State Hospital for the Insane at Kings Park, L. I., as a result of attacks by an anonymous letter writer. Almost daily for a year a letter has been found outside the door, fastened to a window, or even on the dining room table. Other residents of this place also have received defamatory letters, but none is willing to reveal their contents.

The first letter coupled Tate's name with that of a woman, and then Mrs. Tate was attacked. Tate denied the charges, and for many nights sat up with a shotgun, waiting for the bearer of the messages, but, despite his vigilance, almost every morning letters were found.

Mrs. Tate's mind became affected as the letters continued, and it finally became necessary to take her to the hospital, where physicians say she may recover her reason.

Most of those who have received scurrilous letters are women, and many, it is said, have been made ill as a result.

YOUNG BRITON'S HARD LUCK.

Son of Surgeon Crozier of British Army Driving Truck in Canada.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Sept. 29.—Albert Edward Crozier, grandson of the late Archbishop of Canterbury; son of Lieut. Surgeon George Crozier of the British Army, now stationed at Malta, and nephew of Gen. Sir Frederick Benson, also of the English military service, is at present a truck driver in the employ of a distillery in Walkerville, Canada, and very sorry he left his easy home life in England to seek fortune in the new world.

Unaccustomed to hard labor and timid, his earnings are small, and he is compeled to reside at McGregor Mission, a charitable institution. His ambition to make his own way has vanished. He has communicated with his parents, and is hoping soon to receive funds to return home. He is 20 years old. He sailed for the United States a little more than two months ago with a capital of $500.

Crozier spent this for board at a New York hotel while trying to find a job in the metropolis. Then he went to Toledo, and worked in a restaurant. He soon tired of that and came to Detroit, crossing the river to Canada. No work there, so he returned to Detroit, and asked aid of a minister. The latter got him a job in an automobile factory, but the work was too hard for his slight physique, so he quit. This week he found a place with the Walker Company. Young Crozier is highly educated.

TELLS OF KILLING HUSBAND.

Mrs. Patterson Says He Gave Her Pistol and Told Her to Shoot Herself.

DENVER, Col., Sept. 29.—Mrs. Gertrude Gibson Patterson, held for the murder of her husband, Charles A. Patterson, a former Chicago broker, at Montclair, a suburb, last Monday, has stuck closely to the story she told immediately after the shooting, declaring that her husband struck her and then handed her a gun with the remark:

"Here, take this and blow your head off."

From then until after her arrest, she reiterated to the police time after time, her mind was a blank.

A charge of murder in the first degree was filed in the District Court by District Attorney Willis V. Elliott to-day.

Whether Elliott will continue as prosecutor in the case will be decided to-morrow at a conference between the District Attorney and his assistants. Elliott is a member of the law firm that drew up Mrs. Patterson's divorce complaint, which contains charges against her husband which will be used in her defense.

Mrs. Patterson is still in the city jail.

BANK TELLER SHORT $10,000.

G. M. Lucas of Meriden Had Been with First National 30 Years.

MERIDEN, Conn., Sept. 29.—George M. Lucas, Teller of the First National Bank, and Treasurer of the City Savings Bank, was placed under arrest this noon, charged with stealing funds from the City Savings Bank. He was locked up.

President Charles L. Rockwell of the bank says that the alleged shortage will not exceed $10,000, and the loss is fully covered by Lucas's bond. The Treasurer, he says, did not have access to trust funds and the alleged stealings are entirely from the cash of the bank. Examiner Norris Lippit has been here, and the warrant was issued and served this noon.

The opinion is held that Lucas had been investing in the stock market.

Lucas had been with the bank for thirty years. He is a member of the School Board and also of the Methodist Church, and has a wife.

GAMBIER WOULD END SUIT FOR ANNULMENT

Lawyer Intimates to Court That He'll Seek a Divorce In New Jersey.

HAS A RIGHT TO WITHDRAW

But Justice Pendleton Reserves Decision in Matters Growing Out of the "Unkissed Bride's" Defeat.

Edward Victor Gambier, cashier of the Merchants' Exchange National Bank, who recently defeated his young wife, Edith Russell Gambier, the "unkissed bride," when she sought a separation from him, wants to drop his suit for annulment. J. H. Banton, his counsel, applied to Supreme Court Justice Pendleton yesterday for permission to drop the suit, and intimated then that a suit for absolute divorce might be begun.

In papers filed with the application it was set forth that counsel to Mr. Gambier had advised him that he had grounds for an absolute divorce.

"This is but a continuance of the gratuitous insults offered to this little woman," exclaimed former Justice Augustus Van Wyck, "and I ask that the Court order this paragraph stricken out."

Mr. Banton said he believed the findings of fact in the separation suit won by Mr. Gambier showed that he had grounds for absolute divorce.

"It must be remembered, however," said Mr. Banton, "that Mr. Gambier lives in New Jersey. There are several grounds for divorce there. Abandonment is one of them, and there's another ground, too."

"That is true," remarked Justice Pendleton, adding: "A plaintiff certainly has a right to abandon a suit. I don't see how I can force him to go to trial on it."

There was a second motion before the Court, brought by Mr. Van Wyck, who asked that the annulment suit be ordered before a jury. Mr. Van Wyck conceded that Gambier must be allowed to drop his suit if he so desired, and that in this event there would be no ground for his motion. He asked, however, that costs be imposed on Gambier.

Justice Pendleton reserved decision on all matters covered by the motions, though declaring that Gamber certainly had the right to discontinue his action if he chose.

What Gambier's next move may be could not be learned, his counsel declining to make any statement. Gambier and his wife were married in this city on April 29 of last year, and went to Europe on a honeymoon. At the suit for separation each complained that the other was cold and unloving in the short time they lived together. The case was tried last June before Justice Pendleton.

VESUVIUS-LIKE ENGINES.

Rector So Describes Erie Locomotives Puffing Back of His Church.

Mgr. John A. Sheppard, Vicar General of the Catholic diocese of Newark, and the rector of St. Michael's Church, Jersey City, was the principal witness yesterday before Special Master in Chancery George D. Hendrickson in Jersey City in a suit for $50,000 by St. Michael's Church against the Erie Railroad Company for damage to the church property from soft coal smoke. The Erie Railroad trains run on an elevated track in the rear of St. Michael's Church.

"The engines are like small Vesuviuses in the volume of smoke they throw out, and the cinders fall in such showers that it is like rain," he testified. "There are engines either standing in back of the church or passing to and fro in back of it so much of the time that it is impossible to recall the exact number of times I have seen them pumping smoke into the air.

"I started at one time to do a little detective work and find out just how many engines there were doing this and when it occurred, and I reported my findings to the railroad company. Then I found that the men were being penalized, and as I didn't want them to suffer I stopped sleuthing."

Mgr. Sheppard lays the fact that he suffered from insomnia to the constant bumping of cars, clanging of bells, and blowing of whistles in the rear of the rectory. He said that when he examined pupils in the school he had to either stop talking or yell the top of his head off. Often he had to stop reading mass and preaching because his parishioners could not hear him.

Dennis McLaughlin, at one time Democratic leader in Hudson County, testified that the puffing of soft coal smoke had done considerable damage to property he owns along the Erie Railroad.

RULES FOR GUN CARRIERS.

Must Furnish Three Character References When Seeking Permits.

The question of the interpretation of the new Sullivan firearms law came up at a meeting of the Board of Magistrates yesterday. It was agreed that applicants for permits to carry revolvers would have to make an affidavit setting forth the reason for the request, and would also be required to furnish three references as to character. No permit will be issued until the references have been investigated and the Magistrate is satisfied that a revolver is necessary to the applicant's wellbeing.

There was some difference of opinion regarding the interpretation of all the provisions of the new law. As to whether or not a holder of a hunting license could carry a shotgun or rifle without another permit was for a higher court to settle, said one. On this question Magistrate O'Connor said:

"The law is plain. Any holder of a hunter's license will not be molested carrying a shotgun or rifle. The law says that no one may carry a revolver or other weapon concealed without a permit, and that no alien may carry arms."

The question came up as to whether or not a Magistrate had the right to accept bail in a felony case before the arraignment of the accused. Some thought that the Magistrates had not this right, but they were persuaded by their associates who thought otherwise, and it was unanimously agreed that this power was vested in a Magistrate.

T. F. RYAN BACK, AND WELL.

Brings Back Less Weight, More Color, and No Views on Business.

Looking in better health than when he sailed three months ago, Thomas Fortune Ryan returned yesterday on the White Star liner Adriatic. He has lost weight, he confessed, but the loss had done him good. He has also acquired a ruddy complexion that speaks of life lived in the open.

Mr. Ryan talked of his stay abroad, but he would not discuss the business situation. He had not kept in touch with business, he said with a smile, and so he could not be expected to speak on it.

Another arrival on the Adriatic who refused to discuss business affairs was George F. Baker, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the First National Bank.

Business Anniversary Celebrated.

Gimbel Brothers celebrated yesterday the first anniversary of the opening of their New York department store at Broadway and Thirty-third Street. The success of the firm has exceeded all their anticipations, inasmuch as the creation of an extensive patronage is usually a matter of years. The magnitude of the business has just necessitated the addition of fifty new motor wagons, of which there are now 135 in use. Five thousand persons are employed in the New York store. Gimbel Brothers declare that their motive has never been to injure any other concern, but only to create a new business in a neighborhood in which it was needed.

ROB EXPRESS OFFICE OF NEARLY $10,000

Bandits Enter Hamilton Branch of Canadian Company—Clerk, Found Bound, Is Arrested.

$1,000 PACKAGE OVERLOOKED

Employe Says Masked Men Bound Him and Fled with the Money—Another Man Held.

HAMILTON, Ontario, Sept. 29.—In the course of last night the main office of the Canadian Express Company here was robbed and between $8,000 and $10,000 are missing. One package containing $1,000 within easy reach of the robbers was not touched.

At 6 o'clock this morning a driver, who calls at that hour to take packages for shipment on an early train, saw that a side door, which is usually unfastened, was locked. The driver thought the clerk inside was asleep and pounded on the door without effect. Then he telephoned to the manager, who hurried down, and the two forced open the door. They found the clerk awake with his hands and feet tied. Although awake and not gagged the clerk had not answered the calls of the driver and the manager.

The clerk said that about 3 A. M. he was held up by masked men, who tied and bound him and then fled with the money. A package of $15,000 was received at the office last night.

Later the clerk, whose name is George H. Kennough, was formally arrested. He came here two months ago from the company's Dundas office. The police believe that more than one man is implicated in the affair, and in looking for accomplices took into custody as a suspect John Hughes, an agent of the London Life Assurance Company, formerly employed at the Canadian Express office.

Tax Books to be Opened Monday.

Tax books for both personal property and real estate will be opened at the Tax Department next Monday morning under the new law, which provides that the books shall be opened on the first Monday in October and April, instead of on the first Monday in January, as heretofore. All securities not properly registered at the State Controller's office, or at its branch in this city, under the new secured debt law, will be subject to full assessment as personal property. To-day is the last day for the registration of such securities.

The Man in the Tower

Latest from the Tower Observatory: 11.45 P.M.

THEATRE doors are swinging wide.

The little millionaires are on the move.

Which means New York is thoroughly at home for the season.

At home in her new plays and her new clothes—inimitable, self-satisfied.

Little thousandaires, too, who deftly weave a streak of economy through the woof of fun and fashion.

Weber and Heilbroner clothes again crystalize this New York spirit.

Dress a man for $40, or $30—yes, even $20, and make him a welcome companion.

Requires the closest observation of men of unlimited means and large tailor bills.

The most skillful reproduction by tailors who cut as they are told.

Full assortments for Fall and Winter await you.

Sober grays and grays that have a sprightly touch, without bordering on the commonplace.

Blue-grays and browns.

Tailored with the well modulated softness of custom goods.

Overcoats to the same manner born—with all the style that London gives and the tailoring that New York holds fast to.

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NEWS OF BOOKS

Contents of The New York Times Review of Books Published with To-morrow's Times.

Charles, the Royal Rake.
He Might Have Been a Great King, He Admired Goodness in Others, but for Himself He Found It Too Dull.

Marie Corelli a "Best Seller."
Her New Novel, "The Life Everlasting," in Great Vogue in London—English News.

Too Much Fight for the Quakers.
So These Gentle, Kindly Folk Failed in Their Expected Conquest of the Colonies.

Anglo-German Loggerheads.
A Novel Which Deals With the Feeling Existing Between These Two Countries.

Graham Phillips's Fast-Drying Pen.
"The Conflict," One of Half a Dozen Novels the Writer Left Behind Him.

Comic Spirit in Meredith.
"Interpreter" Deplores Commentators Have Passed It by "With Unconsciousness."

Modern Art, Its Malady and Cure.
Kenyon Cox Says We've Forever Lost Technical Beauty in Our Striving for "Technique."

The Genius of Synge's "Playboy."
"The Most Original Piece of Stage Literature Written Since Elizabethan Times."

Court Scandals at First Hand.
Louisa of Tuscany's Arraignment of Royalty Which European Courts Might Well Heed.

"Death Warrant" of the Idle Rich.
Frederick Townsend Martin Says It Is Written in the Book of Progress.

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To be disposed of next month in London—One printed by Gutenberg, 1450-1455.

BOOKS REVIEWED

Among the books which will be reviewed in to-morrow's NEW YORK TIMES REVIEW OF BOOKS are the following:

THE GAY KING; CHARLES II., HIS COURT AND TIMES. By Dorothy Senior. Brentano's, New York.

THE QUAKERS IN THE AMERICAN COLONIES. By Rufus M. Jones, Professor of Philosophy at Haverford College. Assisted by Isaac Sharpless, President of Haverford College, and Amelia M. Gummere. New York: The Macmillan Co. $3.50.

MY OWN STORY. By Louisa of Tuscany, Ex-Crown Princess of Saxony. Translated under the supervision of the author. With nineteen illustrations. 12mo. G. P. Putnam's Sons. $3.50 net.

THE CLASSIC POINT OF VIEW: Six Lectures on Painting Delivered on the Scammon Foundation at the Art Institute of Chicago in the Year 1911. By Kenyon Cox. With thirty-two illustrations. New York: Charles Scribner's Sons. $1.50.

THE COMIC SPIRIT IN GEORGE MEREDITH. An Interpretation. By Joseph Warren Beach. New York: Longmans, Green & Co.

THE CONFLICT. A Novel. By David Graham Phillips. D. Appleton & Co. $1.30.

THE PASSING OF THE IDLE RICH. By Frederick Townsend Martin. Doubleday, Page & Co. $1.

THE PLAYBOY OF THE WESTERN WORLD. A Comedy in Three Acts. By John M. Synge. Boston: John W. Luce & Co. $1 net.

DIVIDING WATERS. By I. A. R. Wylie. The Bobbs-Merrill Co. $1.25.

IN THE LAND OF THE PHARAOHS. By Duse Mohamed. New York: D. Appleton & Co.

AMONG THE AUTHORS

G. Constant Lounsbery, whose new volume of verse, "Poems of Revolt and Satan Unbound," has just been published, was born in New York City, studied sciences and prepared for medicine at Bryn Mawr College, and was one of the founders and editor-in-chief of a paper while in college. Obtaining a degree, she went to Johns Hopkins, but gave up medicine for writing. Most of Miss Lounsbery's literary work has been done in Paris, whither she went some years ago, having found it "impossible to produce poetic drama in America." Three of her plays have been produced in Paris, and one of them, "L'Escarpolette," was given last season by Bernhardt in this city.

In a recent interview Marion Harland declares that women lack a sense of proportion which men naturally possess. She believes in the necessity of her motto, "Something must be crowded out." She continues, "Each woman must decide for herself what the unimportant things in life are, or, rather, she must learn what the important ones are and let the others go." The interesting details of her own full life in her book, "Marion Harland's Autobiography," form a link between the more leisurely hours of the Old Dominion and the still strenuous days of the octogenarian.

Friends of Zane Grey, author of "The Heritage of the Desert," have only just learned of a tragic event in which he figured a month ago—which his neighbors at Lackawaxen, Penn., say might have been much worse but for his heroic efforts. The Delaware has a swift and treacherous current as it sweeps past his home, and one afternoon two inexperienced canoeists were capsized. Grey and his younger brother went to the rescue and succeeded in saving one of them. The other was carried out of reach and perished.

Now that the sphinx of modern controversy, the "Mona Lisa," is missing, there has been a fresh outburst of interpretations of her famous smile. In fact, there are as many readings of her riddle as there are—or were—visitors to her shrine in the Louvre. Among the attempts to describe and define her those best remembered are Walter Pater's and Oscar Wilde's. Justus Miles Forman, in his latest novel, "The Unknown Lady," the scene of which is Paris, makes his two young artist heroes endeavor to dismiss the problem with their youthful levity and omniscience. They argued heatedly together, one contending "that the cat-like grin of Mona Lisa Gioconda was a vastly overrated facial contortion, and all the popular cackle about its alleged mystery would astonish the good Leonardo very much if he could rise from his grave to hear it." Mr. Forman was himself an artist before he turned novelist, and spent a number of years in Paris.

Reginald Wright Kauffman, author of "The House of Bondage," now in its thirteenth printing, whose second book on white slavery, "The Girl That Goes Wrong," is to be published in the Winter, has been asked to be one of the speakers before the Sixth International Purity Congress, which is to meet in Columbus, Ohio, Oct. 23-27. Among the speakers at the congress will be President Taft, Congressman Burnett of Alabama, James B. Reynolds of New York, and former United States District Attorney Clifford Roe of Chicago.

Frank J. Goodnow, whose Social Reform and the Constitution was published last week, was recently appointed by President Taft to serve on the important commission of National Economy and Efficiency. Dr. Goodnow has been Eton Professor of Administrative Law at Columbia University since 1883. He is a graduate of Amherst University and of the Columbia Law School. He has studied in Ecole Libre des Sciences Politiques in Paris and at the University of Berlin. He is author of Comparative Administrative Law and Municipal Home Rule, Municipal Problems, and Politics and Administration.

Prof. Simon N. Patten, in explaining the title of his forthcoming book in "The Art of Life" series, says that he spent an evening in a New England town, (doubtless Portland, Me.) on his way back from his Summer vacation. He observed that the life and gayety centred on one side of the street, while the other was dark and deserted. On the dark side were to be found the public library—closed Sundays, evening, and holidays—a poet's memorial house—open to the public only between 2 and 5—the church—in which a dozen people were worshipping, and the school. He concludes that the people get on very well with the "prohibitory moral agencies in darkness," and that they need "the stimulation of pleasure—the only part of life for which there exists no distinctive institution." The church and school "are repressive instead of expressive institutions, with their remote origins in the necessities of people who were beginning to suffer under their work and to be exploited for the sake of their product. It is this merciless grinding out of product that depresses men and makes the dark side of the street; it is the eager demand for climaxes of satisfaction that renews man and makes them throng the bright side. Product and climax, this was the contrast I sought. I turned it over and over in my mind, fitting it here and there into the picture of the city's crowds."

The Summer camp from which Prof. Patten had come was burdened with but two rules. Assuming that the moral agencies of cities will do their work he thinks that the same two rules would be sufficient for the town. Here are the rules with their urban paraphrase and the inference to be drawn:

I.—Camp Community—Do not bring in more fish than the cook needs. Town—Do not overwork the producer of wealth. Or—Product that weakens the producer is murder.

II.—Camp Community—Do not shoot in front of the cabins. (There is plenty of room elsewhere.) Town—Do not crowd the producer of wealth. Or—Product that steals space from climax is theft.

Although hundreds of children have from time to time written to Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett their appreciation of "Little Lord Fauntleroy," she has never received so many letters regarding a book before as she is now receiving regarding "The Secret Garden," which appeared serially in the American Magazine, and was published in novel form in August. The letters began with the first installment of the serial, and have continued without a break. There is the usual number of purely crank letters, from people with imaginary grievances or rambling comments, but these are few compared with the real letters called forth by keen appreciation. Children write that they want to be in the Garden, while no few adults have said that, entirely apart from the charming garden atmosphere of the story, they have been touched by the high optimistic thought of the book—that it has "given them a new interest in things."

"The Great Empress Dowager of China," by Philip W. Sergeant, published last month, is the work of an author who was long a resident in China as the editor of the Hongkong Daily Press, through which position he gained an intimate and accurate knowledge of things Chinese, and particularly of the little woman, not over five feet high, who sat for many years upon a usurped throne and reigned and ruled over 420,000,000 subjects as the greatest contradiction or the greatest genius of her age—Mr. Sergeant tells which.

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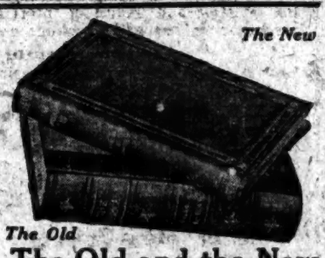

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OBVIOUS UNCERTAINTIES IN MODERN ACADEMIC EDUCATION

Educators are Witnessing a Very Decided Reaction Against the Excess of the Elective System.

Written Expressly for The New York Times

By HENRY AUGUSTIN BEERS, A. M.,

Professor of English Literature, Yale University.

LIKE religion, politics and the proper method of spelling and pronouncing the English language, education is a subject about which every man has his theory and thinks his opinion as good as any other man's. And indeed why should he not? For if education—in the large meaning of the word—is the only means by which the human animal is improved, then the schoolmaster's function is the most important of any, and every man is vitally interested in his proper performance of it. In particular the graduate who has submitted himself, with all docility, to the established processes and is turned out at, say? the age of twenty-two, a guaranteed product, but profoundly disappointed with the result, feels entitled to put the blame on his school or his college, and show how the thing could have been done better. "Any fool can run a college," remarked a weary preceptor who had just been reading a bunch of mutually destructive proposals for the reform of American university teaching.

It is more than three-quarters of a century since Carlyle published his celebrated arraignment of the mechanical spirit of the age ("Signs of the Times," 1829.) The reliance upon machinery, he complained, had invaded all provinces. "Thus, we have machines for education, Lancastrian machines, Hamiltonian machines, monitors, maps, and emblems. Instruction, that mysterious communing of wisdom with ignorance, is no longer an indefinable tentative process, requiring a study of individual aptitudes, and a perpetual variation of means and methods, to attain the same end; but a secure, universal, straightforward business, to be conducted in the gross, by proper mechanism, with such intellect as comes to hand."

Now the apparatus of education has been multiplied greatly since Carlyle wrote these words. "Lancastrian" and "Hamiltonian" are terms which probably mean little to this generation; but we daily witness lisping infancy taken in hand by Quincy-Shaw methods, Stroebel methods, and German kindergarten methods and what not. Normal schools, teachers' colleges, and the like abound; and every college has its chair of pedagogics. There are educators and educationalists who "know it all," from patent erasers to the organization of a university. Epigrammatically, a teacher might be defined as a person who knows something and can get some one else to know it; an educationalist as one who knows nothing in particular, but can teach the teacher how to teach.

Doubtless this is all as it should be, marking a real advance. For, in one aspect, education is a science, a branch of psychology, and in another aspect it is an art in which there is need of practical training. Yet sometimes one sickens of the words "method" and "system"; falls back upon Carlyle's distrust of machinery; sympathizes with the hackneyed definition of a college as a fallen log in the woods with Mark Hopkins sitting on one end of it and the student on the other; or comes across, with a chuckle of relief, some outbreak of impatient common sense.

"We talked of the education of children, and I asked him what he thought was best to teach them first. Johnson—Sir, it is no matter what you teach them first, any more than what leg you shall put into your breeches first. Sir, you may stand disputing which is best to put in first, but in the meantime your breech is bare. Sir, while you are considering which of two things you should teach your child first, another boy has learnt them both."

Very likely, unless he were talking for victory, the Doctor might have been induced to admit that there were exceptions to his rule—gradations in some studies, a certain advantage, e. g. in taking up plane geometry before spherical, or beginning Latin earlier than Greek. Yet it will not do to be overcertain even about this, and the sturdy old philosopher's scorn of the pother that is made over such points might be justified by concrete illustrations. For instance, many colleges where Greek is no longer required for admission, now have elective courses in beginning Greek, "baby Greek," as the undergraduates disrespectfully call it. To men of an older generation this will seem a strange hysteron proteron, that college juniors should be memorizing paradigms and commencing Xenophon five years later than the boys in the preparatory schools; having meanwhile acquired a fair reading knowledge of French and German, which were formerly left till the third year of the college course.

Yet is there any reason in the nature of things why Greek should be studied earlier than French? Certainly not if they are to be taken up in the order of their difficulty. Italian and Spanish, easy languages, are begun in the later college years, and so are Gothic, Old Norse and Anglo-Saxon, languages no harder than Greek. It is to be observed that Carlyle speaks of the mechanical spirit of his time treating education as a "secure" business. It is anything but that to-day. There are few questions about which not only public, but also professional opinion, is more unsettled than the question of education. What are the purposes and ideals of education? What ought school children to be taught and how? What studies should young men in college pursue, and why? Should they be the same for all? If not, where should liberty of choice begin? Should they be encouraged to specialize, and how early in the course? Should professional study be begun in college? Where is the line to be drawn between secondary and higher education—between the college and the university? Does college education pay? &c.

It is, of course, true now, as always, that the field of uncertainty, of experiment, is in the academic or liberal department of education. In elementary and professional education conditions are fixed. All children in primary schools must be taught to read, write, and cipher, whatever else they may be taught. Methods and details may vary indefinitely. They may have object lessons and nature study, may learn to sort worsteds and count the petals of flowers. They may learn to read inductively by phonics, beginning with words instead of letters, and only gradually arriving at the alphabet by a process of analysis. They may study "numbers" instead of arithmetic and commence geography, not with the grand divisions of the globe, but with their own street, ward, county, and State, gradually broadening their knowledge to country and continent—the "natural" method. I do not think they learn to spell quite so well as their parents did, but as we are soon going to have simplified spelling, that is of little importance. Also, I discovered that some of my children in the public schools, who were rather old and knew a great deal more than I did about the counties of Connecticut, thought that France was in Africa. But never mind; that error will be corrected in time. And, in point of fact, a large part of France nowadays is in Africa. Yet when all is done, the backbone of the primary school is still the three Rs.

Again in professional schools and schools of technology it is obvious what the studies must be. The civil engineer must have trigonometry and the medical student anatomy. Here there are no uncertainties except in method and detail, as e. g., whether the law student shall learn legal principles from text books and lectures, or from cases—the Harvard system, which for a time disrupted the Columbia Law School in the last days of Theodore Dwight.

The purpose, then, both of primary and of advanced technical or professional instruction, is directly practical. The former aims to supply the student with that irreducible minimum of knowledge without which no one can get along at all in modern life. The latter aims to train to the highest degree of proficiency in particular lines of work.

But the purpose of academic, collegiate, or liberal schooling is quite other than this. It finds its object and point of rest in the man himself. It aims to make him more of a man, not to fit him for any special activities. Whether the result be described as discipline, culture or knowledge, the studies chosen are designed to develop, strengthen, broaden, deepen, and refine the mind rather than to train it toward a definite calling. Put crudely, it seeks to enable a man not to make money, but to do without money. The graduate who has made good use of his opportunities has acquired knowledge and mental habits which are a resource to him in prosperity, and an inalienable treasure even in poverty, failure, and ill-health. They have become a part of him. "Abeant studia in mores," says Bacon.

Now the studies in the curriculum of the old-fashioned American college, narrow and rigid as it was, had a high disciplinary or tonic value. Generations of strong men were reared upon them, and educators are now asking themselves whether the rich complex of courses in a modern university is producing as good a result. We are witnessing a very decided reaction against the excesses of the elective system and an effort to brace up the relaxed intellectual fibre of the present day undergraduate by various devices—such as the "group system," and the "major and minor system"—to limit his freedom of choice. Obviously this is no place for a discussion of these reforms in detail, but a glance at the history of elective studies may shed a little light on the nature of the problem.

The elective system of study—if it can be called a system—has been on trial for a generation, and we ought to know something about its working. President Eliot introduced it at Harvard in 1869, and other colleges followed suit, after more or less resistance and hesitation, some more gradually or partially than others, and all with minor variations. Usually free choice among courses was granted at first in the junior and senior classes, while the old required curriculum was kept intact in the two lower years. After a while the elective principle was extended down into sophomore, then into freshman year, and then, when equivalents were accepted for Greek or other subjects, even into the preparatory schools. In most of the American universities and colleges some form of elective study has been in operation for a period varying from forty to twenty-five years.

Although there was earnest discussion of the comparative merits of the compulsory and voluntary systems, the change came about not so much on any abstract theory as in consequence of the crowding of new subjects into the college course. The situation was as follows: The old required curriculum, inherited from the English universities, had consisted mainly of the classics and mathematics, with some infusion of formal logic, rhetoric, ethics, metaphysics, and natural philosophy. But new sciences were constantly claiming recognition, and room for them was found, as required, not optional courses, in the two upper years; and indeed mostly in senior year. The result was that the curriculum became top-heavy. The student who had been kept for three years on a rigid diet of Greek, Latin, and mathematics, with a few hors d'oeuvres in the shape of English, logic, and physics, was confronted in his last college year with a bewildering array of novelties; modern languages, history, political and social science, geology, botany, chemistry, astronomy, mental and moral philosophy, biology, natural theology, and civil law. He was stimulated and attracted by these fresh subjects, but he naturally asked, "Why wasn't I allowed a lick at them a year or two ago?" Only a scrap of time could be assigned to each; and after a year of miscellaneous and superficial work, a hasty sip from the cup of universal knowledge, the unsatisfied senior took his degree and went forth into the world damning Greek and Latin and executing an ironical war dance around his diploma.

There were only two ways out of the difficulty: One was to exclude all these new subjects from the course of study; the other to treat them seriously by giving them room enough to make them worth while, and letting the student choose among them. The advocates of the old order battled valiantly for the former way. The natural and physical sciences should be taken care of by the schools of technology. English literature, modern languages, history and the like were beneath the dignity of academic studies. "Why, I picked up French by myself," the old graduate would say, "and you don't need any one to teach you English literature and history. Read 'em yourself, as we had to do." Greek and Latin were far superior as disciplinary and cultural instruments to any modern tongues, being highly inflected, synthetic languages, and holding a literature uniquely perfect in form.

True, but the student was impatient for results. He could not find any application in life for analytical geometry and conic sections. Might he not, perhaps, get his much-vaunted "discipline" in some other way? Latin was, no doubt, a fine old tongue, but after studying it six years he could not read a page of it without a lexicon, and hard work at that; while after a year's study of French he could read a novel without any trouble. And then the advocates of the new hastened to assure us that those modern languages and new knowledges offered just as good opportunities for scientific methods of study as the old. I asked a senior one day whether a poem of Herrick's reminded him of anything in the odes of Horace, and he replied that he had never read the odes of Horace. I experienced a slight shock. It used to be a matter of course that every one had read the odes of Horace. And yet, come to think it over, why should he have read them? If the question had concerned Lucretius or Catullus I would not have been shocked, for they were not in the curriculum. My horror was purely traditional, and there is no reason in the nature of things why a member of the senior class should be expected to be any more familiar with a Latin poet than with the "Morte d'Arthur," or the "Nibelungenlied" or the "Divine Comedy."

However far the present reaction may go, we shall never return to the old required curriculum. The elective system, with whatever necessary checks and modifications, is here to stay.

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PUBLIC NOTICES.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE.

BUREAU FOR THE COLLECTION OF TAXES.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ALL taxes on real estate and personal property in The City of New York for the year 1911 are due and payable on
MONDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1911,
at the office of the Receiver of Taxes in the Borough in which the property is located, as follows:
Borough of Manhattan, 57 Chambers St.
Borough of The Bronx, Municipal Building, corner of 3d and Tremont Ave.
Borough of Brooklyn, Rooms 2, 4, 6, and 8, Municipal Building.
Borough of Queens, Court Square, Long Island City.
Borough of Richmond, Borough Hall, St. George.
All taxes become liens on the day due and payable.
TO AVOID PENALTY TAXES MUST BE PAID IN OCTOBER.
On all taxes which are unpaid on the first day of November, interest shall be charged at the rate of seven (7) per cent. per annum from October 2, 1911, the day on which taxes become due and payable.
When checks are mailed to the Receiver of Taxes they must be accompanied by addressed envelopes WITH POSTAGE PREPAID IN order to assure return of receipted bills by mail.
Checks dated October 2 should be mailed to the Receiver as soon as possible after bills have been received by the taxpayer.
DRAW CHECKS ONLY ON NEW YORK EXCHANGE TO THE ORDER OF THE RECEIVER OF TAXES.
FRED. H. E. EBSTEIN, Receiver of Taxes.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW York.—ALPHONSE H. COBDEN vs. MICHEL LEROUX, defendant.—Summons.—Trial desired in the County of New York.
To the above-named defendant:
You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer upon the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.
Dated New York, August 23d, 1911.
ARTHUR MAYER, Attorney for Plaintiff, Office and Post Office Address, 261 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
To Michel Leroux, the above-named defendant:
The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of Hon. Henry Bischoff, Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 30th day of August, 1911, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, the original summons and complaint having been filed in said office on the 25th day of August, 1911.
ARTHUR MAYER, Attorney for Plaintiff, Office and Post Office Address, 261 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

Church Services To-morrow

Baptist.

PASTOR HALDEMAN
Will Occupy His Pulpit To-morrow
FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH,
Broadway and 79th Street.
11 A. M. "THE INFINITE THINKER IN THE UNIVERSE AND THE SUM-TOTAL OF HIS THINKING."
8 P. M. PASTOR HALDEMAN, as usual when he returns from his Summer vacation, will preach his first evening sermon on THE SECOND COMING OF CHRIST. His special theme for the evening will be, "IS THE SECOND COMING OF CHRIST TO BE IN THE BODY IN WHICH HE WAS CRUCIFIED; OR, IS HIS SECOND COMING INVISIBLE, IN THE SPIRIT ONLY; IS IT NOTHING MORE THAN A SPIRITUAL INFLUENCE—A MATTER OF PROVIDENTIAL EVENTS?" The Friday evening prayer meeting of the First Baptist Church has been spoken of by The British Weekly as one of the most notable prayer meetings in New York City. Next Friday evening Pastor Haldeman will expound Luther's favorite psalm. Services 8 o'clock. Strangers cordially invited.

Congregational.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE,
Broadway and 56th Street.
Rev. CHAS. E. JEFFERSON, D. D., pastor, preaches 11 and 8. Wed., 8 P. M., Prayer Meeting.

MADISON C. PETERS, PILGRIM CHURCH, Madison Av. & 121st.—11, "Does Death End All?" 8, "Proper Marriage the Cure for Divorce."

MANHATTAN CHURCH, Broadway, at 76th St.—Rev. HENRY A. STIMSON, D. D., Pastor. 11 A. M., 8 P. M.

Disciples of Christ (Christian.)

FIRST CHURCH, 142 WEST 81ST ST.
WILLIAM L. FISHER, Minister.
Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Jewish.

FREE SYNAGOGUE.
STEPHEN S. WISE, RABBI.
Atonement Day—Carnegie Hall.
Sunday eve., 7:30—"Jewish Tendancies."
Monday morn., 10—"The Soul's Fasting."
Mon. aft., 2:30—"The Halls of Memory."
ALL ARE WELCOME.

Lutheran.

EVANG. LUTHERAN CHURCH OF THE ADVENT, Broadway and 93d.—W. M. Horn, Pastor. Services 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday School 9:30 A. M.

EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY, Central Park West at 65th St., the Rev. Charles J. Smith, Pastor.—Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. Chief Service at 11 o'clock. Vespers at 4 P. M.

EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH, (ST. JAMES,) Madison Av., 73d St., Dr. REMENSNYDER, Pastor.—Services, 11 A. M., 8 P. M.; Sunday school, 9:45 A. M.

Methodist Episcopal.

BEDFORD STREET, Corner Morton. Rev. ROBERT H. KELLEY, Pastor.—Morning, 10:45, Holy Communion; evening, 7:45, "The Forward Movement." Strangers welcome.

CALVARY METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, 130th Street and Seventh Avenue. Rev. CHARLES L. GOODELL, D. D., Pastor. 11 A. M., Communion. Reception of Members. 8 P. M., Rev. James Hope Moulton, D. C. L., of England.

MADISON AVENUE M. E. CHURCH, Corner 60th Street.
Rev. WALLACE MACMULLEN, D. D., Pastor. 11 A. M.—Preaching by Dr. MacMullen, followed by the Communion of the Lord's Supper. In the Evening Preaching by Dr. MacMullen. The young people's Devotional Service will be resumed Sunday Evening at 7:15.

7th Av. METROPOLITAN TEMPLE, 14th St. JOHN WESLEY HILL, Pastor.
DUBOIS H. LOUX, Associate.
11—Dr. Loux, "The Bitter-Sweet Years." 8—Carl W. Hamilton of Yale speaks.

ST. ANDREW'S M. E. CHURCH, Seventy-sixth St., West of Columbus Av. GEORGE CLARK PECK, D. D., Minister. 11 A. M.—Communion Meditation. 8 P. M.—"Repaired or Renewed?"

ST. JAMES'S METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, Madison Av., Corner 126th St. Rev. ARCHEY DECATUR BALL, D.D., Pastor. 11 A. M.—Rally Day Communion Service. 8 P. M.—In Series, "A Man's Religion." Musical Service.

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH, West End Avenue and 86th Street. Rev. GEORGE P. ECKMAN, D. D., Pastor. 11, Dr. J. H. MOULTON of England. 8, "Some Misrepresentations of God."

UNION M. E. CHURCH, 48th St., west of Broadway, J. Lewis Hartsock, minister. 11 A. M., Holy Communion; 8 P. M., Rally Day service. Addresses by the pastor and assistant.

15TH W. M. E. CHURCH, Near 8th Av.—Geo. E. Barber, D. D., preaches, 11-8; Sunday school, 2:30 P. M.; prayer meeting, Wednesday evening; 75th anniversary celebration 3d week November.

New Church.

CHURCH OF THE NEW JERUSALEM, Thirty-fifth St., bet. Park and Lexington Avs. Rev. JULIAN K. SMYTH, Pastor.
Service 11 A. M., with sermon by the Pastor. Subject: "He Hath a Devil and Is Mad!"

New Thought.

BERKELEY THEATRE, Sunday Afternoons at 3:30, beginning to-morrow.
MARY FERRIDGE T. CHAPIN,
"What Way Is Success?"
Why the New Thought grew up and the very practical way it will help you.

Dr. McIVOR-TYNDALL of London, England, THE LESLIE ROOMS, 260 West 83d St., Sunday, 11 A. M., subject, "Handwriting on the Wall." To-morrow, Sunday evening, Carnegie Lyceum, Spirit Communication and Wonderful Psychic Phenomena.

LIFE MORE ABUNDANT.
MISS VILLA FAULKNER PAGE
will lecture Sundays at 3:30, beginning OCTOBER 8TH,
at the Professional Women's League, 1,000 Broadway. Entrance on 68th St. Subject Oct. 8: "A DAILY QUESTION—WHAT SHALL I DO?"

NEW THOUGHT CHURCH, SUNDAY, 11. "The Academy," Columbus Av., 79th St. F. W. Sears, speaker.

NEW THOUGHT LECTURES, 6 West 58th St. Sunday, 11 A. M. Thursday, 8 P. M. Speaker, W. ELLIS WILLIAMS. Public invited.

Presbyterian.

BRICK CHURCH,
Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street.
Rev. Norman Thomas will preach at 11.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, West 57th St., between Broadway, 7th Av. Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, D. D., Pastor. Rev. G. H. SMYTH, Jr., Assistant. Dr. Merle-Smith preaches at 11 A. M. (NO EVENING SERVICE.)
Communion at 4:30. Sunday School Rally Day at 2 P. M.
Devotional Meeting Wednesday, at 8 P. M.
Preparatory lecture Friday Evening, at 8.
All Welcome.

FIFTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 5th Av. and 55th St.
Services at 11 A. M. and 4 P. M.
REV. J. H. JOWETT, M. A., D. D., the pastor, will preach.
Strangers are cordially invited.
Preparatory Services will be held in the Chapel on Friday Evening, Oct. 6th, at 8:15.

FOURTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH has removed and is now worshipping in EARL HALL OF COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY, (entrance 117th St. and Broadway.)
WALTER D. BUCHANAN, D. D., MINISTER, PREACHES AT 11 A. M.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, West End Av. and 91st St.
EDGAR WHITAKER WORK, D. D., Pastor. P. Ellwood Erickson, Assistant.
Morning—"The Lord's Supper."
Evening Topic—"Why I am a Christian."

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Northeast Corner of 73d St.
Rev. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D. D., Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M., (to children's).

MADISON SQ. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Madison Av. and 24th St.,
Rev. C. H. PARKHURST, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. G. R. MONTGOMERY, Ph. D., Assistant Minister.
The pastor will preach 11 A. M., and Mr. Montgomery 8 P. M.

NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 155th St., bet. Broadway and Amsterdam Av. REV. JOHN R. MACKAY, PH. D., Minister. REV. LOWRIE D. CORY, Assistant Minister. 11 A. M., Dr. Mackay, "A Voice from Above." 8 P. M., Dr. Mackay, "A Voice from Behind."

OLD FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Fifth Av., 11th to 12th Sts.
Rev. Dr. HOWARD DUFFIELD, Pastor. 11 A. M.—"The Heart of God." 8 P. M.—"The Helpers of God."

UNION THEOLOGIC

The New York Times.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, SEPT. 30, 1911.

THE "SICK MAN" ONCE MORE.

By offering only a passive resistance to the Italian invasion of Tripoli, Turkey confesses her helplessness. A nation once so great and powerful that she was a menace to Western Europe, which has come to so low an estate that she has to submit to dismemberment without a struggle, or only such a struggle as is represented by a paper protest, can hardly expect in such a case as this a helping hand to be extended from any of her stronger neighbors unless their own interests prompt the offer of succor. Apparently the great Powers of Europe are going to let Italy have her way in Tripoli. Not much is said about the guarantee of the treaty of Paris, to which the great Powers became a party in 1856. The Christian sovereigns therein engaged "to respect the independence and the territorial integrity of the Ottoman Empire; guarantee in common the strict observance of that engagement; and will, in consequence, consider any act tending to its violation as a question of general interest." This guarantee was "maintained" in the treaty of Berlin at the end of the Russo-Turkish war in 1878. But just as Austria took Bosnia in contempt of the treaty of Berlin, so now Italy is allowed to proceed according to her interests and her volition in the Turkish vilayet of Tripoli. The "general interest" of the Powers is too faint to prompt them to interference.

The ultimatum of the Italian Minister of Foreign Affairs, in which Italy's cause of action is set forth, is not a very convincing document. Certain rights of colonization and commercial development in Tripoli had been accorded to Italy under European treaties. There are many Italians in Tripoli. The grievance now stated against Turkey is that disorders have prevailed in Tripoli, that the safety of Italian subjects and their commercial rights are not adequately protected, although she has repeatedly demanded measures of protection from Turkey. This state of disorder, she now affirms, has become a matter of "vital interest" for Italy because of the proximity of Tripoli to her coast. The world has heard very little about these disorders, or about the wrongs of Italian subjects in Tripoli. Conditions there have seemed to be about normal for a Turkish province. In short, everybody understands that the grievances stated by Italy are merely a pretext. She wants Tripoli, and she proposes to take it. The Franco-German dispute over Morocco furnishing a suitable occasion, she proceeds to set about the work of taking it.

If we were to judge these matters according to the principles of a stern international morality, if we applied to nations in respect to each other's territory those rules of conduct which civilized men apply to themselves in respect to each other's property, we should be obliged to say that Italy's seizure of Tripoli is without justification; that she has no right to send her fleets and troops against this territory of Turkey, even though it be undefended. But anybody can see that the procedures of Italy in Tripoli follow a host of historic precedents, and that they are merely the working out of destiny. The dying nations must yield as the living nations press forward, just as savage tribes in all history have been forced back or annihilated by the advance of civilization. It is a rude process, but it is the way things are done on this earth. Tripoli through the centuries has been the spoil of the invader and the coloniser. The Phoenicians had her, the Greeks, the Romans, the Arabs, and so, as the head of the Church, the Turks. If any race could set up a claim to be the Tripolitans by indigenous right it would be the Arabs. But the Arabs of Tripoli are not persons with whom it is possible to get along at all in those relations of commerce and amity which civilization imposes upon peoples asserting the status of a nation. There is nothing national about Tripoli. She is and has been a possession, and, like a negotiable instrument, passes from hand to hand.

The Turks would never have made anything of Tripoli. They are stationary, not progressive. Italy is counted among the progressive nations, and she may be expected to make the best that can be made of the not very valuable territory she acquires by this invasion. Turkey suffers a further diminishment, but that is Turkey's destiny. In the interminable discussions of the Eastern question during the last century, Turkey was continually referred to as the "sick man of Europe." Turkey has not recovered its health, it probably will not recover it. Had the territory that was Turkey's some three hundred years ago been occupied by a people of the quality of the English, the French, or the Germans, she would have become a great empire, made rich by the commercial exchanges between Europe and Asia. It is too late for any profitable inquiry into the causes of her decline. Whether it was racial defect or the paralyzing influence of her religion and her fatalism, the fact is that she was long ago shorn of much of her territory, and, furthermore, she had to submit to the loss of a great part of her sovereign control of her own affairs. Tripoli goes the way of the Balkan States, of Egypt, and of her territory surrendered to Russia. Young Turkey is no more able than old Turkey to stay the march of destiny.

THE BOXING LAW.

Gov. DIX will win, and deserve, golden opinions for his manly request to the Legislature to repeal the Frawley boxing law, which he had been ill-advised to sign. Almost every one felt instinctively that the law creating a Commission to "regulate" boxing would result in the holding of prize-fights of a brutal character. We suppose the Governor was subjected to the persuasions of those who knew how to make the worse appear the better reason. The event has undeceived him.

The really influential people of this State, those who deplore public disorder and indecency, do not want prize-fights, with the State as licenser and sharer in their profits. The statutes already permitted boxing, they forbade the bloody and bruising combats which the Boxing Commission permitted. Gov. DIX has placed the matter again before the Legislature after candid reconsideration. That body would act with becoming candor if it should give prompt heed to his message.

THE NATIONAL BANKS.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Abstract of reports made to the Controller of the Currency showing the condition of the National banks in the United States at the close of business on Friday, Sept. 1, 1911:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$5,063,411,078.21
Overdrafts	27,150,832.94
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	707,204,360.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits	42,152,560.00
Other bonds to secure U. S. deposits	15,650,395.63
U. S. bonds on hand	16,861,280.00
Premiums on U. S. bonds	8,801,366.67
Bonds, securities, &c.	1,018,004,910.08
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures	232,323,967.80
Other real estate owned	24,060,574.62
Due from National banks, (not reserve agents)	390,568,977.89
Due from State banks and bankers, &c.	182,271,783.09
Due from approved reserve agents	744,614,305.14
Checks and other cash items	35,832,210.45
Exchanges for Clearing House	298,179,850.77
Notes of other National banks	42,020,791.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	3,296,171.28
Lawful money reserve in bank	805,475,400.81
Five per cent. redemption fund with Treasury	54,374,333.21
Due from U. S. Treasurer	8,151,013.35
Total	$10,879,439,383.89

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$1,035,441,384.90
Surplus fund	670,041,567.10
Undivided profits less expenses and taxes paid	224,892,970.98
National bank notes outstanding	696,982,033.00
State bank notes outstanding	27,706.00
Due to other National banks	999,755,450.53
Due to State and private banks and bankers	604,145,801.05
Due to trust companies and savings banks	546,762,479.02
Due to approved reserve agents	57,525,421.02
Dividends unpaid	1,588,572.83
Individual deposits	5,489,905,011.98
United States deposits	85,279,221.24
Deposits of U. S. disbursing officers	13,066,619.71
Bonds borrowed	57,285,452.74
Notes and bills rediscounted	13,947,843.93
Bills payable	64,583,278.62
Reserved for taxes	6,446,178.07
Liabilities other than those above stated	2,226,406.83
Total	$10,879,439,383.89

Percentage of legal reserve to deposits, 21.56. Percentage to deposits of cash on hand, redemption fund, and due from reserve agents, 25.03.

The foregoing impressive totals are reprinted here as the best possible proof that when so many signs of unsettlement are disturbing so many we all may rest assured that our banks at least are solid. It is not meant that the banking system itself is above criticism, nor that some items in the above summary are what might be wished upon an ideal state of affairs, nor that conditions at some other time might not have been better. The intent of repeating details which ought to be familiar to all and understood universally is to bring them to the attention of those who might overlook them as a matter of routine publication, and to make some reassuring comment at a time when banks in other countries are not making good weather.

We are much given, for example, to praising foreign banks at the expense of our own. Why not for once consider the points of excellence of our own system? We have seen several British banks fail within a short time, although their standing was excellent, and their balance sheets larger than is usual with us. The reason was a lack of reserve, and yet the British reserves are larger than the German. The banks of both these rich and enlightened countries in this respect are weaker than ours. The British reserves in gold are hardly 5 per cent., although their reserves of "cash" may run form 15 to 20 per cent. for the general run of banks, and more in some few cases. Our banks throughout the Nation average over 21 per cent., and exceed 25 per cent. of a better sort of "cash" than the British. Compare our $895,475,406 of reserves with the German practice of 3 or 4 per cent. reserves of strict cash. It is the excellence of the foreign systems which enables them to work so closely. It is the badness of our system which compels the waste of reserves so excessive.

Loans to a total of $5,663,411,078 are the largest single resource, of course. The singular thing about these loans is that they have shown no shrinkage during all the strenuous times of the current century. It used to be otherwise. The disturbances of the later years of the last century always left marks on the loan account by which the strain could be detected. Nobody running through the loan account of recent years could deduce anything unusual, unless, indeed, uninterrupted prosperity. Is this the true interpretation, or is there any sign that the loans are unmanageable and have taken command of the situation? Why should the loans increase at a time of decreasing trade? And, despite the strength of the reserves, why should they be falling off, and what becomes of the cash withdrawn? As the Treasury is running at a deficit it cannot be sucked in with the revenue, and if it goes into circulation it cannot be because it is needed. Surely it cannot be pointed to as one of the excellences of the American system that the bank circulation increases as regularly and remarkably as the bank loans, regardless of the apparent need for such facilities. The export of gold is a normal function of a gold-producing country, and ought to occasion no remark. But the promotion of the export of gold by an excessive supply of paper money is not welcome, even though our banks' constitution may be strong enough to stand it.

The second largest resource of the banks is a round billion of bonds—$1,018,004,910. That is a mere trifle compared with the $4,723,300,000 held by all our banks. The contrast serves to emphasize the fact that large as the National bank figures are, they fail to reflect the full banking strength of our 100,000,000 people. When we reach President TAFT's prophesied 200,000,000 there will be banking totals even better adapted to stagger the bankers of other lands as well as ourselves. And yet it would be well not to let this aggregation of wealth dazzle us. Is it a good thing that the banks should hold so many bonds, of whatever excellence? Is it not better that the banks should promote the investments of business men rather than convert themselves into investment institutions for their stockholders? The British example shows that nothing wrecks banks like dry rot among its investments, and it needs no argument to show that it would be better that all business men should have easy access to banking accommodation than that the banks should make whatever rate of dividends. It is hardly open to doubt that our banks could make better use of both their investment funds and their reserves, and that indeed is the object of the Aldrich Monetary Commission.

For example, the decrease of the National bank loans in this city is as remarkable as the increase for the Nation. Why this contrast? What could be more natural than that the bank loans of the country's financial capital should reflect the country's conditions? The reason is that New York is what engineers might call the country's money "sump." It is the source whence the country draws money when wanted, and into which money drains when not wanted. The rate for floating funds shows that they are not wanted, although loans are rising. Every business man knows that money is not wanted for the extension of enterprise, or for employment in business.

THE MEXICAN ELECTION.

To-morrow every male citizen of Mexico, of 18 years (if married) or 21 years (if unmarried,) will be privileged to cast his vote for Presidential Electors. These Electors will meet Oct. 15 and formally declare their choice for President and Vice President of the republic. Congress will thereafter formally count the votes and officially declare the result of the election. The newly elected President and Vice President will take the oath of office Dec. 1. The elections will be held under the old laws, for the proposed amendments in the last Congress of the Diaz administration were not adopted. There has been some talk of an educational qualification for voters, but it is a doubtful expedient. Preparations have been made to secure a full vote in every district and to count it fairly. Probably this has never been done since the adoption of the Constitution, though BENITO JUAREZ and perhaps LERDO DE TEJADA were the choice of the people when they were elected, and so, unquestionably, was PORFIRIO DIAZ for most of his terms of office. The young generation, however, must be taught to vote.

To be sure, there is practically no contest in the present election. Gen. REYES has withdrawn his candidacy and left the country. The remaining opposition to FRANCISCO I. MADERO is indistinct. His election is certain, unless some entirely unexpected outbreak occurs. A peaceful election seems to be assured, and it is believed that the result will be known before nightfall to-morrow. Mr. MADERO's running mate on the ticket of the Progressive Party is Mr. PINO DE SUAREZ, who has just been elected Governor of Yucatan. It is expected that he will be beaten in the contest by Dr. FRANCISCO VASQUEZ GOMEZ, Secretary of the Interior in the Provisional Cabinet, who has settled his disputes with MADERO. Unquestionably the strongest man in Mexico, next to MADERO, is the Provisional President, Mr. DE LA BARRA. He has refused all offers of preferment, however, and may leave the country temporarily after his term of office is finished.

Mexico is now, officially, at peace. A few armed insurgents in Chiapas and Sinaloa are not causing great alarm. ZAPATAS, the rebel leader of Morelos, is still in the field, but Federal troops are pursuing him. Congress declared Sept. 21 that no obstacles to a peaceful election existed in any part of the republic.

SPORT FOR THE "AGED."

According to the view of buoyant, self-satisfied youth, a man who has seen 55 years is an old man. The gentlemen who have been playing golf at Rye this week are therefore aged. It was needful for a player to confess to 55 years before he could enter. Many entered and 150 finished 36 holes, and of these a large proportion played consistent golf. The scores were not such as a nimble youth, skilled in the use of the clubs, would brag about, but they indicated the hold that golf has upon men of mature years. The handicaps ranged from a modest two to some that were calculated to make crack golfers smile. For instance, a handicap of 44 is an allowance of a good deal more than a stroke a hole, but the player honored with it needed it, as his net score indicates. What matters it how large one's handicap may be, if he plays the game according to rule, and enjoys every stroke? To be sure, Mr. J. D. FOOT, by no means the youngest in the party, needed no handicap at all, and finished his two rounds in a masterful 160, playing the difficult championship course the second day in 78, which is a better showing than was made by two-thirds of the recent competitors for the amateur championship. But there was no other player in his class.

Soldiers, clergymen, Judges, physicians, men of many callings, and distinguished in them, took part in this seniors' golf tournament, with zeal and enjoyment. They set a good example for other men of their age. Golf steadies the nerves, improves the circulation, clears the vision and strengthens the intellect. The youngsters get no more pleasure out of their low scores, which so rarely secure prizes, than the mature players do out of their tolerably high ones. They drive further, but the game is not all in the drive. If a player beats his opponent that is all he can do, even if his name is TRAVIS or HILTON. The senior golfers at Apawamis were well matched.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Pardon Hard to Justify.

In considering the pardon of PETER C. HAINS, late of the United States Army, the first thing that occurs to one is that Gov. DIX has done something for which both Gov. WHITE and Gov. HUGHES were highly praised for not doing. This makes it at least inconsistent, especially for those who formerly praised, to praise now. That it makes condemnation justifiable or necessary does not quite follow as a logical conclusion not to be avoided.

The pardon is, however, in effect a condonation of private vengeance—of a lynching that had every bad quality of any lynching. Of course HAINS had provocation. So does every mob, for none was ever without an excuse for killing its selected victim. HAINS's provocation—his reason for excitement and anger—was, indeed, great, and not a few people would call it adequate for what he did, but those same people, if put in a position that involved heavy responsibility, would probably revise their opinion. The jurymen, by convicting HAINS, showed what weight they gave his provocation by bringing in a verdict that saved him from the electric chair, but sent him to prison for a long term. Now that they can put the responsibility on the Governor, eleven of them sign the petition for a pardon, thus trying, apparently, to get for themselves the credit of standing squarely by the law and to bring upon another the discredit of flouting it.

In reason as in law HAINS was about the last man to decide what ANNIS deserved as punishment. HAINS did conduct a sort of a trial or inquisition, but at it the defense had no voice or representation, and to this day nobody knows how accurate were the statements as of fact on which he proceeded to act as both judge and executioner or what pleas in mitigation the accused could have put in if opportunity had been offered—if, that is, a day in court had been accorded to him.

HAINS seems to owe his pardon largely, if not wholly, to the irrelevant circumstance that he has a good father, who from the day of his conviction has worked untiringly to secure the son's release. Himself deserving the sympathy of all, he has succeeded in transferring enough of it to his son to bring about the opening of the prison doors.

Yet ANNIS was killed in a particularly cruel and cowardly way—a mere assassination, long premeditated and carefully planned. It violated every rule of "honor" as written in the "code" of those who claim the right to avenge their own wrongs.

All Right Except for Company.

It seems to have grieved The Detroit Free Press that we should have criticised, though very gently, the Middle West for entertaining the President of the United States at "dollar dinners," and for doing it dressed in other than those "best clothes" which the Middle West, rather more than the rest of the country—certainly more than the East—can just now afford to buy.

This is a late day for a Michigan paper to exercise the right of speaking with authority for a Middle West that long ago moved far beyond it toward the sunset, so we might resent, if we would, the scolding of The Free Press, but resentment is a tiresome emotion, and even good excuses for feeling it should not be used without necessity. To refrain is particularly easy, because The Free Press makes the attention-distracting statement that in its part of the country "a person can get a really decent meal for $1 or $1.50." It apparently assumes an impossibility of doing that here as the basis of our remarks about "dollar dinners."

No assumption could be more fallacious, for "really decent meals" can be obtained right in New York City for either of those sums, and for other sums even less—fortunately for the great majority of us, else would we fare indecently far oftener than we do. But though a "decent meal" is in its way and place and time a commendable and satisfactory thing, yet it is not just the proper thing for solvent and prosperous hosts to set before a distinguished guest in every respect worthy of special entertainment. For a much-dined man like the President it is an act alike of mercy and discretion not to drag him through an extravagantly elaborate banquet of innumerable courses, but it is only courtesy to give him a meal a little out of the ordinary as to service and quality, and that would strain a dollar cruelly hard almost anywhere.

It is the pleasant habit of nice people to spread the board in a somewhat festivial manner when "company" comes—to bring out the best dishes, to offer a little more than just enough to eat, to put on for the guest's pleasure an innocent and undeceptive pretense of being a little richer and a little happier and a little finer than everyday facts would warrant. The "dollar dinner" is an untimely confession, or profession, of economy. It is usually given "for effect"—by politicians, to catch votes.

The Law Is with the Bishop.

Of course it was inevitable that as soon as anybody of any importance or influence took the trouble to invoke the Sunday law against aviation meets at which admission fees were charged, the managers of these enterprises would have to be content with doing business six days in the week.

As to the wisdom or the rightness of the law, opinions differ widely, and in some cases violently, but the wording of the statute is explicit and Mr. WOODRUFF wrote in vain a laborious column when he attempted the impossible task of proving that its provisions didn't apply to his show.

His logic was about as valid as is that of the men who claim that the object of racing is to improve the breed of horses. Everybody knows that it doesn't have that effect, even as an incident, except as to race horses, which are hardly horses at all and are certainly quite useless for any practical purpose.

The aeroplanes, like the automobiles, developed by competitive contests carried on in the presence of fenced and paying spectators, will never do much for the general public except give it amusement and thrills. If Bishop BURGESS insists he will have his way. The law is on his side and all the arguments.

FOOTBALL PSYCHOLOGY.

The Restless Analyst of the Magazines Gets in His Work.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Football is again upon us, superseding in type display Mona Lisa, Gaby Deslys, reciprocity, Carl Morris, and other overrated institutions. I do not incline to wax profane at the sports editor when he expands on the subject, for that's his business. But I want to register a roar at the "butting-in" of Literschoor! Here is a sample of recent smoosh, from a word painter of magazinic fame. He's talking about a freshman, suddenly pushed into a scrimmage.

> A shock met him; a tremendous shock, concentrated, it seemed, upon his nose, and then he was in a black maelstrom. In darkness he was being tossed here and there. His arms were around legs—legs that stamped and kicked. Two of them were like trees; three times he snapped them shut, and three times, with a slow, irresistible pressure, they opened again. Above him something tremendous was rolling like a chariot. Then there was a crunch, a bumping, as if the rolling thing above had leaped the track and was striking ties; and he was lying flat, beneath a still pressure, alone in the suffocating darkness, with one mad, red light—the pain of his skinned nose.

He got bumped a lot more, and here is how he walked, sore and tired, to take a bath:

> As, sagging a bit with weariness, smoking and sodden, he went up the hill to the gymnasium, two contradictory feelings fought for possession within him. The first was that of weariness; intwined with it were the red pain of his nose, the abreness of his bones, an astonishment akin to stupor at the newly acquired knowledge that elbows and heads and knees could be so hard, that arms could swing so wild and feet stamp so heavily and body-shocks be so tremendous; and, together with this astonishment, a faint nausea, a repugnance to physical contact, a slight shrinking from the game.

Henry James, with his white apron on, in the spiritual dissecting room! But listen to further delineatory precocity—after the bath:

> Of evil impressions, of shocks and pain, nothing now remained; they lay there upon the floor with his discarded and soggy suit; in the outflow of the shower, with its grime and its earth. What he felt now were his muscles, supple with the bath; his silken skin; the blood running warm and clean through his veins; and in his shoulder the memory of the tackle, of the yield to its heave; and along his back the crumbling of the charge. To this something else added itself: a stirring at the pit of his being, at once delicious and urgent, imperious and vague.
>
> He was now in his trousers, shirt, and belt, and moved to a corner, before a little grimy mirror, to comb his hair. It was wet, and with the brush he slapped it down mercilessly. He put on his collar and tie; and, as he patted the knot into place, suddenly there came to him the name of that delicious and imperious something that stirred within him. It was hunger. He was hungry! But hungry as he had never been before; with a hunger such as he had never felt—a hunger keen, clear and clean and ardent; keen as a cold north wind, clear as the icy waters of a brook, clean as oxygen, ardent as a flame—a hunger that went with laughter and love of life; a profound, a complete, a divine hunger! He laughed at his face in the glass. "Gee whiz, but I'm hungry!" he cried.

O shades of Homer! O prunes and pitfle!

If the purpose of this stuff is to make the reader audibly and whole-heartedly curse football, it is well done.

WALTER C. TAYLOR.

Brookline, Mass., Sept. 28, 1911.

Exposed Officialism.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The congratulations of the Druggists' Circular extended to you upon the masterful way in which you treated the Wiley-Rusby case were well earned by you. You have also the congratulations of the lovers of wild life for the intelligent and forceful articles which you have published in regard to the loot and ruin of our Alaskan fur seal herd.

The officialdom which has been put into the limelight by your editorial articles on the Wiley case and that of the fur seals will have to answer squarely to Congress next December for its maltreatment which has been exposed in part, and is to be wholly uncovered then.

SAMUEL ADAMS.

Newton, N. J., Sept. 26, 1911.

MAN'S FOSSIL REMAINS.

Curator Matthew Explains Why Fossils of Animals Are More Plentiful.

A curious correspondent, signing his letter "F. E." asks: "How do scientists account for the fact that so very few fossil human bones are found, while those of animals, that seem to have lived in the same period, are plentiful?" THE TIMES has submitted his question to Dr. W. D. Matthew, Curator of the American Museum of Natural History, who responds as follows:

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In reply to the query of "F. E." I may say that I believe the facts in regard to the fossil remains of man mean just what they appear to mean. But they need to be stated more exactly than your correspondent has done.

Human remains are found only in the latest geological formations. No authenticated remains are older than the Pleistocene epoch (ice age.) In North America they are all very late Pleistocene. They are not especially rare as compared with the remains of lower animals, but most of the finds are due to interments of one kind or another.

In the older formations (Tertiary and preceding periods) the bones of extinct animals are found, sometimes in abundance, but no remains certainly attributable to man or to any direct ancestor of man have been found. All reports to the contrary are based on questionable or insufficient evidence. These facts are true of the regions which have been extensively explored for fossil remains, viz., the greater part of Europe, a large part of the United States, and minor areas in other parts of the world.

The obvious inferences are that man probably did not inhabit these parts of the world until during or after the great ice age; that he did not evolve from lower animals in these regions, and that the practice of interring the dead, instead of leaving them at the mercy of wild beasts, was a very ancient and universal custom among primitive races of man.

The regions explored are a small fraction—possibly 5 per cent.—of the area of Tertiary formations of the same nature known or believed to exist in different parts of the world. There are vast areas of promising "badlands" in every continent, which have been little or not at all searched by fossil hunters (these specimens are very rarely noticed or recognized by others.) Even in the Western States, fifty years of exploration are so far from exhausting the field that every Summer some expedition reports finding extinct animals hitherto unknown to science. Nevertheless, we know enough to make it very improbable that the ancestry of man will be found in the Tertiary of North America.

There is a great deal of indirect evidence, in the present distribution of the races of mankind, and what is known of the history of their migration, and from other sources, all pointing toward Asia, and especially Central Asia, as the original home of the race and the theatre of its evolution during the Tertiary period. This is unexplored territory to the paleontologist, and too difficult and dangerous for systematic search even today. But if it is opened up to exploration during the next half century as the Western States have been in the past fifty years, we may look to find there the remains of Tertiary ancestors of man along with those of various lower races of animals which are believed to have originated in that region. If, after a thorough search, this belief is not substantiated, explanations will be in order, and it will be necessary for us to modify or reconsider our present views as to where and how man originated.

I have gone somewhat beyond the letter of your correspondent's inquiry, in order to answer the query which I suppose lay back of it, namely, why have the paleontologists failed to find any adequate evidence regarding the ancestry of man while they have found series of ancestral stages showing the evolution of so many of the lower animals.

W. D. MATTHEW.

THE TRAFFIC POLICEMEN.

Thinks Mayor and Mr. Waldo, if They Wish, Can Restore Their Status.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

On the subject of "The Traffic Police," commendably treated by you under that title, I fancy a good many of us New Yorkers have grown despondent, as I have, over the "politics" in the thing.

My firm was importuned by the Merchants' Association, of which we are members, to emphasize to the Legislature the importance of passing the Wagner amendment to the Three Platoon bill. I, as the one partner sufficiently diverted by the appeal, did so on behalf of the firm as well as I knew how, only to discover a "joker" that rendered our support idle if not positively ill-judged. It is of some purpose to say that business men do not generally evince the interest they should in matters of public import. They mostly don't because they have something of more immediate benefit to look after, and usually they can manage fairly well if let alone. But when the aid of business men is sought in an instance of this kind, they should be put right on the facts and not misled into fatuous fireworks.

As a result I have nothing more to say to our lawmakers at Albany on "The Traffic Police." I will dodge the traffic of the city as best I may. But I have little doubt that if the Mayor knows what he wants, and really means to get it, he can do so without our help.

The proposition, as I view it, is "up to" him and his Police Commissioner. J. W. E.

New York, Sept. 29, 1911.

A Mother's Insufficient Earnings.

Grief over the loss of her husband is not the only sorrow experienced by a young widow whose needs are receiving the attention of the Charity Organization Society. Her husband left her penniless, with her five children to support, the eldest 8 years of age. Although the mother is an expert "finisher," her earnings are insufficient to provide for the family. She does not wish to follow the advice of neighbors, who urge her to place her children in institutions. It is the society's desire to raise a monthly pension of $15 to supplement the mother's earnings and thus keep this fatherless family united. One hundred and eighty dollars is needed to accomplish this purpose.

Contributions may be addressed to the Charity Organization Society, 105 East Twenty-second Street, and will be acknowledged.

The society acknowledges with thanks the following contributions received in response to former appeals: "H. L. J.," $1; Levy Brothers, $10; "I. H. M.," $2; "A. J. R.," $5; Anonymous, $5; M. M. Smith & Co., $2; Anonymous, $5; Girard S. Whitson, $3.50; Anonymous, $5; through THE NEW YORK TIMES, $11; Cash, $2; Cash, $1.

A Customs Injustice.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Permit me to draw attention through your columns to a regulation or rule of the New York Custom House, which appears to me to be unfair, if not unjust. When parcels or small mail packages, subject to possible duty, arrive here from abroad, the addressee is notified of the amount of duty assessed by the appraisers and requested to pay the amount before he can obtain the package.

If it happens that the addressee is ignorant as to what the package contains, not having been advised by the sender, and if he for this reason requests to be shown the package to examine its contents, this is not permitted him by the rules. (though in a recent case a courteous Custom House officer gave such permission, to the writer in an exception.) He is told either to pay or to refuse acceptance of the package.

WILLIAM PAUL GERHARD.

New York, Sept. 29, 1911.

QUEENS BOROUGH MEN MUST WORK LONGER

Acting President Bunn Tacks an Hour on End of Borough Employes' Day.

DR. KINDRED FOR PRESIDENT

Democrats Give Him Assurances and Alderman Shipley Says He'll Vote for Independent Democrat.

Commissioner of Public Works Walter H. Bunn, acting President of Queens since the removal of former President Lawrence Gresser, made the army of employes in the Borough Hall in Long Island City take notice yesterday, when he issued an order that thereafter the working hours in the Borough Hall and for borough employes would be from 9 in the morning to 5 in the afternoon, instead of 4 o'clock, as heretofore.

News received from various headquarters in Queens yesterday indicated that Police Magistrate Maurice Connolly and Consulting Engineer Leonard C. L. Smith were the favorites in the contest for the vacant Presidency of the borough. Cassidy appears as a bad third with his candidate, David L. Van Nostrand. If Cassidy cannot get the job for himself it is understood that he will endeavor to shift to Van Nostrand.

A new turn was given to affairs by the report that Dr. John J. Kindred, now representing the Fourteenth Congress District, which includes Long Island City and a section of Manhattan, had been offered the vacant Presidency of Queens. Dr. Kindred has submitted the question to his friends, and will give his answer this morning.

Democrats believe they can turn the tide to him and have told him so. He is a Democrat not identified with either faction.

It is understood that Republicans prominent in politics in the State have been consulted, and Alderman Shipley finds himself occupying a central position in affairs.

It is significant that the only Republican Alderman from Queens, who had declined to make any statement regarding the election of a new borough President, finally announced last night that he would vote next Monday morning for an Independent Democrat; one affiliated neither with Cassidy nor with Harvey.

"I would certainly vote for a Republican," said he, "but the other Aldermen have told me that they will not do so, and it would be foolish for me to throw my vote away. Therefore I will vote for a Democrat, but one who is not friendly either to the Cassidy or Harvey factions. Some Queens Aldermen held a conference yesterday, at which one man was practically agreed upon as the future borough President. He is a Democrat, not affiliated with any one faction, being independent in his views. If he is elected I am sure I will never be ashamed of having cast my vote for him."

Alderman Shipley expressed regret that Gresser had been ousted.

"I believe," said he, "that Gresser was doing the best he could for Queens Borough. To my mind his removal is directly traceable to the continued scheming of men who hoped to profit politically by his downfall."

NEW HOSPITAL PLANS FILED.

Building for Ruptured and Crippled in 42d St. Will Cost $800,000.

The new hospital to be erected for the New York Society for the Ruptured and Crippled in East Forty-second Street will cost $800,000. Plans for it were filed yesterday by York & Sawyer, architects. The present hospital, which occupies the west side of Lexington Avenue, from Forty-second to Forty-third Street, was sold to the New York Central Railroad, and will be torn down for the station improvements.

The new building, which will extend from 206 to 223 East Forty-second Street and 304 to 332 East Forty-third Street, will be of brick and terra cotta, and a feature of it will be a large solarium on the top floor.

THE PURCHASE OF LIQUORS.

Proposes That Local and State Prohibition Laws Forbid It.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

We want every editor in the United States to know that the National Model License League, by its President, has offered to assist the Anti-Saloon League of America in an effort to make prohibition prohibit; that this league has expressed its willingness to join with the Anti-Saloon League in asking the Legislatures of the various States to amend all State and local prohibition laws so that it shall be unlawful for any one to purchase, possess, or use alcoholic beverages in "dry" territory, or to cause alcoholic beverages to be shipped into "dry" territory, and that the Anti-Saloon League, by Wayne B. Wheeler, Chief Superintendent, has declined to accept the challenge, and has assigned the following reasons for his refusal:

> You know that under the laws of this country there are many legitimate uses for alcohol. It is used for scientific, pharmaceutical, and medicinal purposes, and of course it would make every person who uses liquor in his possession a violator of law. * * *
>
> Your sole aim seems to be either to outline a plan of legislation which will successfully prevent the enforcement of prohibitory laws or else suggest a form of law which would be so ridiculous and unpopular that it would soon carry the law to its early defeat.

We want every thinking man in the nation to know of this public admission that real prohibition would make prohibition "ridiculous." T. M. GILMORE,
President National Model License League.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 28, 1911.

The Times's Personality.

From Harper's Weekly.

Our neighbor, THE TIMES, celebrated last week its sixtieth anniversary. Our congratulations may be a little late, but we can offer them sincerely, for THE TIMES has deserved to live sixty years, and to find itself bigger and stronger at that age than ever before, and that is saying a good deal, for it had a lusty youth. THE TIMES has proved that it is possible to have a big circulation without being sensational, and to be widely read and yet respectable and clean. It may not please entirely alone to this achievement, but the demonstration cannot be made too often. Much is said these days about the disappearance from journalism of the great editor, the editor with a clearly discernible personality. We are not quite sure that what is said is altogether true, and, even if it is, there is a vast compensation in the fact that the personality of a strong paper, its peculiar character and quality, may nevertheless remain distinct. THE TIMES to-day is quite as unlike The Sun or The Tribune as Raymond was unlike Bowles or Greeley; if it should appear unmarked, one would never mistake it for either of the others. The personality or character of THE TIMES is vigorous and wholesome. Now and then we feel a bit aggrieved at a certain hardness in its editorial tone, which strikes us as rather unduly repressive toward subversive impulses and over-insistent on the value of things established, particularly in the world of finance; but the daily assurance with its attitude is no doubt good for us. When one takes account of the present state of the human people pass to this country THE TIMES is one of the decidedly reassuring facts of the situation.

WINTHROP AMES WEDS MRS. CABOT

Former Director of New Theatre Married in London to Divorced Wife of Boston Millionaire.

THE MARRIAGE A SURPRISE

Not Known in Boston That Divorcee and Ames Were Acquainted—Her Two Children with Cabot.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 29.—Winthrop Ames, recently Managing Director of The New Theatre in New York, was married to Mrs. Lucy Fuller Cabot, the divorced wife of Philip Cabot, the millionaire clubman and philanthropist, of 3 Mount Vernon Square, in London Thursday.

The bride, who was a grandniece of Margaret Fuller, the author, and a Radcliffe graduate, was only last March 13 divorced by Cabot, Judge Raymond in the Suffolk Superior Court issuing the decree. She deserted Cabot in 1907, and made a journey to South Dakota, where she obtained a divorce that proved invalid. She is the mother of two children.

Why she left Cabot has never been made known. He divorced her with manifest unwillingness, telling Judge Raymond he entreated her earnestly to return to him. Mr. and Mrs. James J. Storrow and other Boston society folk went to New York in vain efforts to reconcile her.

Philip Cabot, who is a nephew of Senator Lodge and a Harvard '91 man, left for the Canada woods hurriedly last night, as soon as the news of his divorced wife's marriage reached him.

It was not generally known in Boston that the divorcee and Ames were even acquainted. After the divorce was granted she sailed for Europe. Less than three weeks ago Ames suddenly left New York and crossed the ocean.

No details of the wedding are at hand. It was briefly cabled to a few of his business associates that he had been married. The cablegrams stated that he had wedded "Miss Lucy Fuller, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick T. Fuller."

Ames is a members of the old North Easton Ames family, closely related to Oliver Oakes and Robart Ames of that town. He was manager of the Castle Square Theatre from 1904 to 1908, leaving to take charge at The New Theatre.

The bride, who is now 34 years old, comes from an old Jamaica Plain family. Her parents are not wealthy, but she had striking beauty. She early gained membership into the Vincent Club, became a well-known horsewoman and was a success in society.

Cabot married her in the First Parish Church, Cambridge, June 2, 1902. Gowns of unusual magnificence were worn, and it was regarded one of the Spring's leading social events. They traveled in Europe and settled at 3 Mount Vernon Square early in 1906. She became the mother of two children, Sylvia, born in 1904, and Faith Cabot, born the next year. When she was divorced the custody of the children was given to Cabot.

It was in December, 1907, that Mrs. Cabot created a tremendous surprise by leaving her husband, who sought to know the reason for her moving.

In the Spring of 1908 it was announced from Sioux Falls that "Mrs. Lucy Fuller Cabot of Boston and Mrs. F. Perkins of Framingham have purchased twenty acres of land for the erection of a bungalow." Mrs. Perkins was the wife of Robert F. Perkins of the banking firm of Bond & Goodwin of this city.

Mrs. Cabot took her case before the courts. At that time South Dakota had the reputation that Reno, Nev., now has. Cabot soon received in the mails a notice from a South Dakota court that his wife had obtained a divorce from him. He consulted counsel, and was told the divorce was inoperative. The children were at the time in his custody. She asked the Suffolk County Probate Court in 1909 that the custody be given to her. A hearing was granted. The court left the children with him, but allowed her to visit them one day a week.

When Mr. Ames went abroad several weeks ago every one assumed that he was making a business trip. At his apartments in the Mansfield, 12 West Forty-fourth Street, it was said yesterday that prior to his departure relatives and friends from Boston were his constant visitors. Indeed, Mr. Ames's social acquaintance is almost entirely a Boston one, for with very few exceptions his associations here were largely confined to professional matters. At his office, 17 West Forty-second Street, several of his business associates were deep in the reading of manuscripts when the news arrived that Mr. Ames had married. It seemed to cause no little surprise.

INHERITANCE TAX UPHELD.

Some Curious Facts in the Case of John H. Eastwood, an Adopted Son.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 29.—The Court of Errors and Appeals unanimously decided to-day in favor of the State in the case of the Eastwood collateral inheritance tax, involving more than $35,000.

John Eastwood died in Belleville in 1906 and left as his residuary legatee John H. Eastwood, a relative. The Essex County Surrogate levied an inheritance tax of $35,495.65 and Eastwood appealed. The Supreme Court upheld the Surrogate's assessment and to-day's decision affirms that of the court below.

The argument made before the Errors Court was that inasmuch as the inheritance tax of 1906 had been declared unconstitutional the estate was not liable for any tax. The Legislature of 1909, however, passed an act amending the Inheritance Tax act of 1894. It was further asserted that the passing of the property from John Eastwood to John H. Eastwood was the carrying out of a contract made during the life of the testator. This was in support of the claim that fifty years before his death the elder Eastwood adopted the legatee as his son. At that time there was no statutory provision relative to adoption, such as would entitle the adopted child to inherit from his foster parent. Eastwood left a total estate of $702,713, of which his adopted son received $656,203.

HAD A LETTER, NO LICENSE.

Peddler Arrested and Shows Credentials from Alderman Drescher.

Fifteen street venders were taken before Magistrate Fitch in the New Jersey Avenue Police Court, East New York, yesterday for peddling without licenses in the district known as New Brownsville. One of them, Harry Marcus, 48 years old, of 940 Alabama Avenue, displayed a letter signed by Alderman Alexander S. Drescher in such a way as to attract the attention of the court. It was handed to the Magistrate, who read:

To Whom It May Concern: Bearer has my permission to peddle in the Sixty-fifth Aldermanic District. He cannot work on account of suffering from tuberculosis. Any policeman who bothers this man, if he will forward me said policeman's number, I shall appeal to the Police Commissioner to give him a soft detail.

The writing was on the official Aldermanic letterhead, and was dated July 10 last. The court remarked that the Alderman had no right to endeavor in such a way to protect from arrest a man possessed of no license to peddle, and fined Marcus $1.

When seen later Drescher said he had found it impossible to obtain a peddler's license for Marcus the full number of licenses to be issued at the time, he wrote the letter having been exhausted. A policeman had annoyed Marcus with threats of imprisonment, and Drescher wrote the letter. He was proud of having done so, in spite of the Magistrate's action, the Alderman said last night. He did not say whether or not he would endeavor to obtain the "soft detail" for Policeman Patrick Cloonan of the Liberty Avenue Station, who made the arrest.

Justice Cohalan Home from Ireland.

Supreme Court Justice Daniel F. Cohalan got in yesterday on the Adriatic. He went across the Atlantic to visit his home in Ireland soon after the death of his wife.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Cass Gilbert, whose daughter, Miss Julia S. Gilbert, is one of the coming season's debutantes, will give a luncheon at Sherry's on Dec. 4.

Henry Coleman Drayton, who sailed in the late Spring for Europe, has been quite ill, and is now the guest of his sister, Mrs. William Phillips, wife of the First Secretary of the American Embassy, at her London house, 65 Brook Street. It will probably be some time before he returns to New York.

Mrs. Charles G. Ayres and Miss Emily Dearborn Ayres will remain at their cottage at Bay Head, N. J., until the latter part of October.

Mr. and Mrs. Marcel Steinbrugge are at 14 East Sixtieth Street for the season.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Cass Ledyard and Miss Jean Morris will return from Newport next week.

Dr. George Roe Lockwood of 18 East Fifty-second Street, who has been at Manchester, Vt., will return to town for the Winter about Oct. 15.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Sloan Auchincloss have returned to the city for the Winter and are at their residence, 133 East Fifty-fifth Street.

Among the entertainments of the Winter will be a dance which Mrs. Edward S. Harkness will give at Sherry's on Feb. 16.

Mrs. Robert Bacon will give a large dance to-night at her place near Westbury, L. I.

Mrs. Peter B. Wyckoff opened her Southampton villa yesterday for a lecture on "Popular Education," by Miss Agnes Repplier. On Monday Mrs. E. Tiffany Dyer opened her house for Miss Repplier, who lectured then on "The Plague of Letters." The patronesses include Mrs. E. A. Robbins, Mrs. H. G. Trevor, Mrs. L. L. Delafield, Mrs. E. N. Warren, Mrs. J. K. Van Rensselaer, and others.

Among the débutantes of this Winter will be Miss Eleanor Sheldon Prentice, daughter of William S. P. Prentice of 53 East Fifty-fifth Street.

HARRY SYMES LEHR STILL ILL

He and Mrs. Lehr Will Likely Remain Abroad for the Winter.

Word has been received here and at Newport by letter from Mrs. Harry Symes Lehr that Mr. Lehr's health has not improved since their sojourn in Europe. In consequence of Mr. Lehr's continued ill-health, it is now likely that the couple will remain abroad for the Fall and Winter season in hopes that the climate will be more beneficial to the patient.

Mr. and Mrs. Lehr went abroad early in the Spring for the benefit of Mr. Lehr, who has been in poor health now for almost a year. He was under a specialist's care in Baltimore, Md., for a time last Winter and seemed somewhat benefited, but was never active socially all last season.

SCOTCH PLAY AT THE COMEDY

"When Bunty Pulls the Strings" to Open There on Oct. 9.

The first New York performance of the new Scotch comedy by Graham Moffat, entitled "When Bunty Pulls the Strings," will take place at William Collier's Comedy Theatre on Monday evening, Oct. 2. The company for this play is composed exclusively of Scotch actors, who arrived only a few days ago.

The name of the play is intended to show the manner in which "Bunty" Biggar, the daughter of the local provision dealer and grocer in a small Scotch town, sets to rights all the comical and curious domestic tangles in which the family finds itself involved. The production is now running at the Haymarket Theatre, in London. The rôle of Bunty will be played here by Miss Molly Pearson, who was seen here as the slavey in "The Passing of the Third Floor Back," with Forbes Robertson. The other leading players are Jean Cadell, Amy Singleton, Margaret Blythlee, Marjory Davidson, Edmund Bareford, Campbell Cullan, Sanderson Moffat, George Ingleton, and Will Jaxsone.

MME. SIMONE TAKES A HOUSE

French Actress Says She Must Have Tranquillity When Not Acting.

Mme. Simone Casimir Perier, finding that hotel life in a large city is not conducive to complete peace of mind, has engaged a twenty-room house in West Ninety-third Street, to accommodate her trunks, her maids, her English and French secretaries, and Chuchotte, the dog. The manager of the Plaza Hotel where Mme. Simone has been stopping was quick to inquire the reason of her departure when she announced her intention of quitting the hotel.

"Is your suite not large enough? We can give you two suites."

"The hotel is much too large already," answered the actress, "I lose myself in this great building. I would prefer a house where I am what you call the whole show. In Paris I have tried living at hotels, but it is the same thing—there is not the tranquillity e'ne must have to balance the intense excitement of acting."

LADY GREGORY IN BOSTON.

Irish Dramatist Arrives in the Interest of Irish Players.

BOSTON, Sept. 29.—Lady Augusta Gregory, the Irish dramatist, reached Boston to-day on the steamer Cymric, which arrived from Liverpool and Queenstown. Lady Gregory comes in connection with the tour of the Irish players. She said that had the voyage required three more days she would have been able to finish a play which she started on board ship last Sunday. Lady Gregory's departure from Queenstown on the Cymric was preceded by a wild automobile ride across the Emerald Isle from her home in Galway, due to the strike on the Irish railways. Tires were punctured frequently, and, owing to his ignorance of the country, the chauffeur drove ten miles beyond Queenstown before realising the mistake.

SHOT KILLS DUDLEY CAUSTON

Manager for Mark Hambourg Was Watching Political Demonstration.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, Sept. 29.—Dudley Causton, manager for Mark Hambourg, pianist, was killed by a stray shot at a political demonstration at Rimouski, Quebec, on Thursday night.

Mr. Causton had been a passenger from England with Mr. and Mrs. Hambourg on the Canadian Pacific steamer Empress of Britain, and they left the steamer at Rimouski to take the train for Halifax, where Mr. Hambourg had an engagement. At Rimouski there was a political demonstration in honor of G. H. Boulay, the newly elected Conservative member to the House of Commons for that division, and Mr. Causton and his friends stopped to watch the crowd.

Some persons began to discharge revolvers. One of the bullets struck Mr. Causton in the temple, and he died about an hour afterward, without recovering consciousness. He leaves a widow and two children.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Henry B. Harris announces that "The Arab," Edgar Selwyn's play of the Orient, now running at the Lyceum Theatre, will be moved to the Astor Theatre, opening there Monday evening, Oct. 9, with the present cast and production.

Lew Fields has engaged Ray Cox, the Southern vaudeville performer, to create an eccentric role in "The Never Homes," which will open at the Broadway Theatre next week. For "The Wife Hunters," which will be another new Fields production, Fanchon Thompson and Emma Carus will be in the principal parts. Fanchon Thompson was last seen here as a member of one of Henry W. Savage's companies.

Edith Taliaferro and the members of the "Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm" company, left New York yesterday for Chicago, where they will open at the Illinois Theatre Sunday evening.

Miss Billie Burke will open her engagement at the Lyceum Theatre on Oct. 9 in "The Runaway," a piece from the French. In the company will be Aubrey Smith, Henry Miller, Jr., Morten Selten, Edwin Nicander, Josephine Morse, and others.

Rida Johnson Young's new comedy, "Next," will open at Daly's Theatre this afternoon. There it will continue until Miss Simone opens there on Oct. 16. The two featured players are Helen Lowell and Harry Cosse.

MISS BARNES KILLED BY FALL ON BIRTHDAY

Suicide, the Police Say, but Coroner Feinberg Says 70-Foot Drop Was Accidental.

MEMBER OF COLONY CLUB

Recently Recovered from a Nervous Breakdown, and Just Returned from an Auto Tour of New England.

On her fifty-third birthday Kora F. Barnes of 6 East Sixty-fifth Street was instantly killed yesterday by a seventy-foot fall from the fourth floor to the court yard. The case was reported by the police as a suicide, but Coroner Israel L. Feinberg after an investigation said he was satisfied the woman's death was accidental.

Miss Barnes, a year and a half ago, suffered a nervous breakdown, and under the treatment of Dr. Joseph Collins of 37 West Forty-fourth Street she improved steadily. He said yesterday she had practically recovered. Two months ago, with G. H. Edwards, her private secretary; her companion, Kate Erskine, and three friends, she made an automobile tour of the New England States, but Miss Barnes wanted to spend her birthday at home, so the party returned last Monday. It was her intention to return to the Berkshires early next month.

Miss Barnes hoped to celebrate her birthday by attending the aviation meet at Garden City, but the wet weather prevented. With Miss Erskine she spent the morning preparing the birthday dinner which she was to give at her home in the evening to four of her oldest friends. After the dinner party she planned to give a theatre party.

Miss Erskine had left the room to answer a telephone call, and on her return saw that a window had been raised. Looking out she saw the body of Miss Barnes. Dr. Collins said Miss Barnes had been killed instantly, and reported the case to the Coroner's office as an accident.

Patrolman Luman arrived at the scene almost simultaneously with Dr. Collins.

After a brief investigation it was decided to be a case of suicide.

Miss Barnes was a large woman weighing 170 pounds. In falling she struck a projected ledge and landed on a stone wall separating the yards in the rear of the residence of Orme Wilson, 3 East Sixty-fourth Street, and that of J. J. Hill, President of the Great Northern Railroad, at 8 East Sixty-fifth Street.

Miss Barnes was a daughter of Demas Barnes, a wealthy wholesale drug manufacturer. She lived with her stepmother, Mrs. William H. Bliss. Mr. and Mrs. Bliss are now in Berlin. Miss Barnes was a member of the Colony Club.

Miss Barnes's secretary said he believed her death was purely accidental, that in attempting to open a French window for air she had fallen over the low sill.

GIANT FEARS HIS WIFE.

Robbed of $21, He Asks Police to Break the News to Her.

Morgan C. Richards, more than 6 feet in height and broad in proportion, who is an ironworker and lives at 101 West 130th Street, entered the East Twenty-second Street Police Station yesterday afternoon and told Lieut. O'Connor that he wished the policeman would telephone to his wife.

"What for?" demanded the surprised O'Connor. "Telephone to her yourself."

"No, you do it for me," peladed the big fellow, sighing. "It'll be easier all around."

Then he explained that shortly before he had been set on by a gang of seven men in First Avenue, near Twenty-fourth Street, and that they had run off after slashing open his pocket and stealing $21 in bills which he had there.

"It ain't the money, honest," he explained. "What's worrying me is how the Missus will take it. Now, be a good fellow and call her up."

O'Connor was obliging, and presently was talking to Mrs. Richards on the telephone. Then he turned to Richards and told him his wife wanted to speak to him. Richards sighed and took the receiver which the Lieutenant passed to him. For the next few minutes there was silence in the room except when Richards momentarily said, gently: "Yes, dear. Yes. All right, darling."

At last he hung up the receiver and turned to O'Connor sadly.

"I guess if you'll give me a detective I'll just go out and see if I can get that money back before I go home."

COL. ASTOR TO GO ON CRUISE

With His Bride He Leaves on the Noma To-day for West Indies.

Col. and Mrs. John Jacob Astor plan to start to-day on a cruise to the West Indies on board the yacht Noma. The yacht recently went through a thorough overhauling at a Brooklyn shipyard.

Col. Astor and his bride have been spending their honeymoon at Ferncliff, Rhinebeck, and have paid several visits to the city for shopping and the theatre.

To-day's Weddings.

Miss Katherine Boyce Tupper and Clifton Stevenson Brown of Baltimore, Md., will be married at noon to-day at the home of the bride's parents, the Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Henry Allen Tupper, 34 Gramercy Park.

The marriage of Miss Alice R. Clark, daughter of the late Cyrus Clark, to Gustav Schwab, Jr., will be celebrated to-day in Norwalk, Conn.

Miss Marie Pardee, daughter of the Rev. and Mrs. Charles A. Pardee of Nauguatuck, Conn., will be married to Robert Palmer Marshall of this city to-day in St. Michael's Church, Naugatuck.

Alex. L. Strouse to Wed Miss Pereles.

Invitations have been issued for the marriage of Alexander L. Strouse, formerly Assistant Corporation Counsel of this city, to Miss Janet Pereles, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Jefferson Pereles, at Milwaukee, Wis., Oct. 9.

T. J. Pereles, the father of the bride, is the President of the Citizens' Trust Company of Milwaukee.

The wedding is the culmination of a courtship begun while the bride was a student at Radcliffe College, Cambridge, Mass.

Among those who will attend from New York are Mrs. Dora Strouse, Mr. and Mrs. Leopold Weill, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Levinson, A. Louis Green, and Charles A. Strauss.

Miss Henderson to Wed S. L. Wolff.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis Henderson announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Helen Henderson, to Stanley L. Wolff, son of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis S. Wolff. No date has been set for the wedding.

Merriam-Sahler Wedding in October.

The marriage of Miss Florence L. Sahler, daughter of Mrs. D. Du Bois Sahler of this city, to Alfred Brooks Merriam will take place early in October. The date will shortly be announced. Only the immediate families will be invited. The wedding will take place at the residence of the bride's mother, 312 Fifth Avenue.

Wedded in Jersey City Court House.

Edward V. Ireland, an illustrator who lives at 126 West 104th Street, and Mrs. Meta A. Steininger, a young widow of 1 Booream Avenue, Jersey City, were married yesterday in the Court House, Jersey City, by Justice of the Peace William Wilke. Mr. Ireland gave his age as 28 years. His bride didn't tell her age.

Central Would Close Freight Yards.

The New York Central Railroad wishes to discontinue its Putnam Division freight yard at 130th Street and its Spuyten Duyvil yard, between the main line, the ship canal, and the Hudson River. It will substitute a much larger yard south of 130th Street, between Kingsbridge and Undercliff Avenue. The Public Service Commission will hold a hearing on the matter Oct. 5.

HEAD CUT OFF BY TRAIN.

Mrs. Ryan Carried Much Jewelry When She Dropped to Elevated Tracks.

A northbound Second Avenue elevated train was just about to stop at the Fulton Street station, early yesterday afternoon, when the motorman saw a woman drop to the tracks in front of the train. The front set of wheels passed over her neck, severing the head from the body so that the head rolled to a roof of a building directly below the elevated structure.

A pawn ticket for a diamond ring identified the dead woman as Mrs. Lillian Ryan of 338 East 136th Street. William J. Jones, owner of the house, said that Martin Ryan, her husband, was an engineer on the New York Central, and that they had lived in that house for the last fourteen years. He said that he could not believe that Mrs. Ryan had committed suicide, and he assumed that she had fallen from the station platform.

The police found pawn tickets for a diamond ring valued at $150 and for a watch worth $25 on Mrs. Ryan. There was also a chamois bag containing a pair of large diamond earrings, a brooch containing seventeen small diamonds, and a number of pearls, a gold watch and chain, a seal ring with a diamond in the centre of the seal, a ring with two diamonds, two opals, and a pearl, and a ring with four emeralds surrounded by a border of pearls. There was also a jewelry check issued to "M. Ryan." The name "Charles Hoeninger" was on the check. The woman was well dressed and wore a wedding ring marked "M. L." These initials, according to Mr. Jones, stood for her husband's and her own name.

BANK PRESIDENT ARRESTED.

Accused of Taking Deposit After Cincinnati Concern Was Insolvent.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 29.—Thomas M. McClure, President of the defunct Metropolitan Bank and Trust Company, which was closed by the State Bank Examiners on Monday, Sept. 18, was arrested to-day on a warrant sworn out by Herman Benson, a depositor in the bank, charging him with accepting a deposit when he knew the bank was insolvent.

When Constable Fagin, in company with M. L. Benedict, a private detective, called at the residence of Mr. McClure at 3,814 Regent Avenue he was requested to wait until the family physician could be called. When Dr. C. M. Paul arrived they were to the room of Mr. McClure, where he has been confined by illness since the bank failure. He wanted to go with the officers, but was so weak that he collapsed after the warrant was read.

"The shock might have proved fatal," said Dr. Paul, "as the banker is suffering from heart trouble."

While arrangements were being made to provide bond, which was placed at $5,000, Detective Benedict was instructed to remain on guard at McClure's bedside, which made it unnecessary to remove the prisoner.

Mr. Benson charges that about the closing time of the bank on Saturday, Sept. 16, he placed a deposit in the bank after the cashier had assured him that the bank was still in good standing, when, in fact, he states, it was only a few hours later the bank was found to be insolvent by the Ohio State Bank Examiners.

BALLINGER WON'T SUE.

Ex-Secretary Decides Not to Take Action Against Pinchot.

DENVER, Col., Sept. 29.—Former Secretary of the Interior R. A. Ballinger, who threatened legal action against Gifford Pinchot in the heat of the Alaska coal land controversy, and whose friends, he says, have been urging him to sue the former National Forester upon the latter's arrival at Seattle from Alaska, announced to-day that after long and careful consideration he decided not to make a legal attack. Mr. Ballinger issued this statement:

"Many of my friends urged me to institute an action against Mr. Pinchot when he arrived in Seattle on his return from Alaska. I would not in any event compel Mr. Pinchot to defend a suit in my home city, across the continent nearly 4,000 miles from his own home. This would appear to take an unfair advantage.

"I cannot shut my eyes to the fact that such a suit would at once revive and accentuate the controversies that are past and obscure the newer and broader issues resulting from the extra session of Congress and with which the President's future is so strongly linked. While I have no question about the result of such a suit, a money judgment against Mr. Pinchot is the only punishment it could bring. I do not regard that as necessary to my vindication."

Mr. Ballinger concludes with the declaration that the undiminished confidence of President Taft should satisfy the demands of the most punctilious honor."

J. A. MIDDLETON DENIES ALL.

Everything a Husband Should Be, His Answer to Wife's Suits.

John A. Middleton, railroad man and Director in many financial and industrial corporations, filed in the Supreme Court yesterday his answer to the suits, one for separation and the other to have a separation agreement set aside, brought against him by Mrs. Lily Middleton. Mrs. Middleton's allegations were many and Mr. Middleton denies them all.

Mrs. Middleton, among other things, declared that her husband had had her confined in an insane asylum and when she obtained her release refused to let her enter their home at Larchmont. Mr. Middleton denies this, and also says that he did not compel her to live in a two-room apartment, that he was not cruel to her, or that her health ever was impaired by his treatment of her.

He says he has always provided for her and will continue to do so, and that he never showed a desire to deprive her of their three young children.

DROVE WORSHIPPERS OUT.

Farmer with Revolver Interrupts Services at Putnam Church.

PUTNAM, Conn., Sept. 29.—Walking silently up the aisle of St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church, filled with women and children attending mass, William Toomey, a farmer, flourished a revolver and threw the worshippers into a panic. While they rushed for the exits, the priest, Father Vandennoort, slipped out of a rear door of the church and notified the police.

By the time the latter arrived, Toomey had cleared the church of the people and disappeared. He was later arrested, but the revolver was not found. Toomey is about 45 years old. He will be examined to-morrow as to his sanity.

ROBBED THE MAILS.

Arrest of a Respected Jersey Letter Carrier—Said to Have Confessed.

RUTHERFORD, N. J., Sept. 29.—De Witt T. Marshall, a letter carrier, 40 years old, of 123 Feronia Way, was arrested here to-night on a charge of robbing the mails. He has been connected with the Post Office for eight years.

Marshall is married and has four children. He is a nephew of Capt. John T. Hilton of Paterson, a prominent member of the New Jersey National Guard, after whom the Spanish veterans' post is named.

Twelve letters were found on Marshall when arrested, five of which had been opened. He is said to have confessed, but alleges that his stealings did not amount to more than $50.

NOMINATE IN NEW MEXICO.

First Republican State Convention Held Yesterday at Las Vegas.

LAS VEGAS, N. M., Sept. 29.—The work of completing the State ticket begun by the nomination of H. O. Bursum for Governor last night proceeded rapidly at the convening of the first Republican State convention late this afternoon.

Malaquais Martines of Taos County was named for Lieutenant Governor, Seculdino Romero of San Miguel County, who opposed Bursum for the Gubernatorial nomination, for Secretary of State; William G. Sargent of Rio Arriba County, Auditor, and Sylvester Mirabel, Valencia County, Treasurer.

WILSON ATTACKS BOSS OF CAPE MAY COUNTY

District Did Not Become Infected with the Civic Cure of the Rest of the State, He Says.

ONE MAN CONTROLS OFFICIALS

Defeat of Senator Bradley Interpreted as a Punishment for His Independence.

Special to The New York Times.

CAPE MAY, N. J., Sept. 29.—Gov. Woodrow Wilson spoke here to-night to a big crowd which included many women. He charged that bossism was so apparent in Cape May County that the county did not become infected with the civic cure which took hold of other parts of the State last November.

He charged that in Cape May County the Freeholders, the public contracts, the prosecutors of the Pleas Office, and allied matters were controlled, and no one, when asked, failed to say who was the boss, openly naming him as the Senator from Cape May County. He charged that the boss said who would be presented to the Grand Jury and who should be indicted.

The Governor said that the Republicans were holding a trusteeship for the people without the people's sanction. The Democrats believed in keeping that control among the people, giving a free field and no favor. When he asked the audience if they would like the cure to be extended to this county this Fall a shout of approval went up.

The Governor spoke of the defeat for renomination of Senator Bradley of Camden county on Tuesday, and said that he was being punished for his independence and high character in his legislative work. Others had been punished, too, he said, but the people in the end would settle such matters. Not until last year did either party carry out previously pledged campaign platforms. They did it last Winter because the Legislature was free from bosses.

He called attention to the misunderstanding of the Corrupt Practices act in Cape May City, and said that when 125 voters, who had been influenced, were to meet in a certain office to-morrow evening to be paid for last Tuesday's voting, there was something at variance with the new act. He hoped the prosecutor would do his duty and a Grand Jury would do its duty in this particular case.

GROHAN'S REMARKABLE HEN.

She Is Now Acting as a Combination Watchdog and Alarm Clock.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Sept. 29.—John Grohan of Glenville reports to-day another remarkable feat by his famous white leghorn hen. Mr. and Mrs. Grohan went to Brooklyn last night to attend a wedding and did not return home until to-day. Their son was alone all night and would have overslept had not the hen tapped on his window with her beak and awakened him. While the boy was dressing the hen laid a fresh egg for his breakfast. When he locked the door and gave the key to the hen, she placed it under her wing and hid it there until Mr. and Mrs. Grohan returned. The letter carrier, grocer, and butcher tried to get into the house, but the hen flew at them and drove them off.

With such a hen around, Mr. Grohan says he has no fear of leaving his house alone.

HIT BY CAR, WOMAN DIES.

Visitor from Newport, N. H., Is Fatally Hurt Near the Swedish Home.

Mrs. Louis Bandrow of Newport, N. H., was hit by a car while crossing Lexington Avenue, near Fifty-second Street, in front of the Swedish Home, yesterday, and died later in Flower Hospital.

With her sister, Mrs. John Conroy, Mrs. Bandrow had come to New York on Thursday and spent the night in the Swedish Home. They had just left the home, and in crossing the avenue, became confused by the cars. Mrs. Conroy ran back, but Mrs. Bandrow was too slow, and was knocked down.

Cantor Back from Europe.

Jacob A. Cantor, once Borough President of Manhattan, returned from abroad yesterday on the White Star liner Adriatic. He has been investigating tenement house conditions for the City Planning and Municipal Art Association. It was only in the City of London that he found conditions as good as they are here. In Berlin, he said, the tenement house situation is much worse than in New York. He will confer with Mayor Gaynor.

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DENOUNCES MONEY POWER.

Father Cavanaugh Takes a Fling at Rockefeller and Carnegie.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 29.—The Rev. John Cavanaugh, President of the Notre Dame University, at South Bend, Ind., who is attending the Eucharistic Congress, to-day said the money power of Wall Street and its ruthless warfare was among America's most dangerous forces, brutalising and dispiritualizing men.

Addressing the congress, in session at St. Peter's Cathedral, he also attacked features of American life—divorces, detachable marriages, the drama, modern art, and the philanthropies of millionaires who exclude religion from their benefactions.

He declared that John D. Rockefeller and Andrew Carnegie could never reach heaven on a tower built up of their moneybag philanthropies.

"Wall Street," he said, "is our National bad example simply because it is so successful. Of course, it has its failures, but we read mostly of millions acquired there by a single coup, and we catch the contagion of the money craze. Fortunately, the world is not made up of such as these."

BARON NORTHCOTE DEAD.

Ex-Governor General of Australia Was Long in Public Service.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—Henry Stafford Northcote, the first Baron Northcote, a former Governor General of Australia, died to-day. He was born in 1846, and had been in the public service much of his life up to 1908.

While in Australia he welcomed the American battleships on their cruise around the world, and in last December he presided at a dinner given by the Anglo-Saxon Club to the officers of the fourth division of the American Fleet, which was then at Gravesend.

Baron Northcote was born Nov. 18, 1846, the second son of Sir Stafford Northcote. He was educated at Eton and at Merton College, Oxford, and soon after graduation entered the Foreign Office. He accompanied the Marquis of Ripon on the mission to arrange the Alabama treaty in 1871, and became Secretary to the British Claims Commission. In 1876 Baron Northcote went to Constantinople as secretary to Lord Salisbury, the Ambassador Extraordinary. In 1885 he became Financial Secretary to the War Office, and two years later was created a baronet.

Baron Northcote represented Exeter in the House of Commons from 1880 to 1900, resigning in the latter year when he was appointed Governor of Bombay to succeed Lord Sandhurst. He was Governor General of Australia from 1903 to 1908.

Obituary Notes.

WILLIAM HABERLE, a wealthy brewer, was found dead in bed at his home in Syracuse, N. Y., yesterday morning. Acute indigestion caused death. Mr. Haberle was 46 years old.

Ex-Assemblyman THOMAS J. FARRELL, who served four terms in the Legislature, the first in 1898 and the last in 1907, died at his home, 59 Second Street, Brooklyn, on Thursday. He was born in Manhattan seventy years ago. He was a steamboat owner and had been in the transportation business in this port for many years. Mr. Farrell had lived in Brooklyn for fifty-four years.

SAMUEL DINSMORE, one of the last surviving members of the Yonkers home guard, is dead in his eighty-first year at his home, 338 Walnut Street, Yonkers. Mr. Dinsmore was born in Windham, N. H., and went to Yonkers in 1850. He was a founder of the Nepperhan Avenue Baptist Church. His widow and three children survive.

WILLIAM ROSCOE LYON, 77 years old, a retired oil merchant of Western Pennsylvania, was found dead in a chair in his home, 210 South Street, Morristown, N. J., yesterday.

JOHN R. SCHRYVER, 68 years old, pension agent, Williamsburg, who was knocked down by a Wyckoff Avenue car in front of his office on Thursday, died of his injuries yesterday at his home, 76 Rodney Street.

DANIEL M. SULIVAN, a civil war veteran and former athlete, died on Thursday at his home, the Maples, on Milton Point, near Rye, N. Y., at the age of 80.

Mrs. KATE NAGLE, wife of Percival E. Nagle, Tammany leader of the Thirtieth Assembly District, Harlem, died yesterday after a year's illness of cancer of the stomach, at her home, 3 East 129th Street. Mrs. Nagle was Miss Kate White, the daughter of a politician of the old Eighteenth Ward, when she married Mr. Nagle in 1879. She was 49 years old.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

Brooklyn.

CUMISKY—TEMPLE.—Sept. 28, Minnie Temple to Harry C. Cumiskey.
MAUGER—FAULKNER.—Sept. 28, Belle R. Faulkner to George N. Mauger.

New York State.

HARRISON—INGALLS.—Sept. 27, Hoosick Falls, Mary Ingalls to George L. Harrison, Jr.

Died.

BARNES.—Cora F., suddenly, at 6 East 65th St., Miss Cora F. Barnes, aged 53. Notice of funeral later.

BELL.—On Thursday, Sept. 28, at the residence of her brother-in-law, Mr. John Slade, Babylon, L. I., Mary Huntington Bell, daughter of the late Samuel Peters and Lydia Seabury Bell. Funeral services at St. Bartholomew's Chapel, Madison Av. and 44th St., on Saturday, Sept. 30, at 12 o'clock.

BINZEN.—Suddenly, Sept. 22, 1911, Frederick W. Binzen, aged 51 years. Funeral services will be held at his late home, 51 Warrington Place, East Orange, N. J., Sunday, Oct. 1, at 3 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

BROOKS.—Byron Alden, on Sept. 28, 1911, suddenly, at his late residence, 324 McDonough St., Brooklyn. Services at his late residence Saturday, at 8:30 P. M. Interment at Middletown, Conn.

CATLIN.—At North Hatley, Canada, Sept. 23, Kate Montague, widow of Charles M. Catlin and daughter of the late Henry S. Montague. Funeral service at St. Mark's Church, 10th St. and 2d Av., on Saturday, Sept. 30, at 2 P. M. Interment Woodlawn. Baltimore and Richmond, Va., papers please copy.

LYON.—In Morristown, N. J., suddenly, Friday, Sept. 29, William Roscoe Lyon, aged 75 years. Notice of funeral later.

MEARES.—On Thursday, Sept. 28, 1911, Richard Meares, in the 73d year of his age. Funeral services from St. Agnes's Chapel, (Trinity Parish,) West 92d St., near Columbus Av., on Saturday, Sept. 30, at 11 A. M. Interment at Greenwood.

POND.—At Mount Vernon, N. Y., Sept. 29, Jane Barkley Mead, wife of Harold Gillette Pond. Services at her late residence, 148 Crary Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y., Oct. 2, at 4 P. M. Interment private.

REID.—At the Presbyterian Hospital, Sept. 29, James Joseph Reid, in his 40th year. Funeral at Miner's Funeral Parlors, 4th Av. and 25th St., Sunday, 2 P. M.

ROBSON.—Rosamond Robson. Funeral at "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d St., (Frank E. Campbell Building.)

SIMMONS.—On Sept. 28, Stephen I. Simmons, in his 74th year. Relatives and friends are invited to attend funeral services at his late residence, 1,324 Dean St., Brooklyn, Saturday, Sept. 30, at 2:30 P. M.

WOOLWORTH.—Sept. 28, 1911, Kate M., widow of the late Samuel B. Woolworth, in her 70th year. Funeral services from her home, 208 Halsey St., Brooklyn, Saturday

GIANTS OVERWORKED; NEED A LONG REST

Pennant Fight in Chicago a Severe Strain on New York's Stale Athletes.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 29.—According to Manager John McGraw, the unexpected slump of the Giants is nothing to worry about, and while he admits that some of his best players are tired after a hard campaign of nearly eight months, he does not think that they have become very stale, but will be able to come back and display their speed within a few days.

Commencing in Boston on this final Western trip, the Giants began to steam up and went along faster than at any time during the season. The rapid pace was continued in Pittsburgh, St. Louis, and Cincinnati, but on coming to this city the team suddenly stopped. It lost its dash and vim and slowed up on the bases. It was the daring base running that had taken the other teams unawares, but the players are so fagged out now that no base stealing has been attempted. Chief Meyers, Devore, Merkle, Doyle, and Marquard are the players who have started to become stale. Devore has slowed up noticeably and has not been running the bases at his normal speed for more than a week.

If the Giants had the pennant clinched without a doubt, Manager McGraw could give these men a rest and they would be in good shape for the world's series, but the unlooked-for spurt of the Cubs has put the Giants in a fighting position again and they will have to do their best to hold their own. The Cubs feel so elated over the two victories over the pennant-chasers that they are now going out for four straight victories. With this idea in view, Manager Chance announced to-day that he would pitch Miner Brown against the Giants to-morrow. McGraw will probably use Ames, as the temperature here has taken a sudden drop and Leon is at his best in cold weather.

On Sunday, for the final game of the season, Chicago will again use Lew Richie, who mowed the Giants down effectively in the first game here Wednesday. Wiltse will probably be the Giants' choice, although McGraw will use Marquard if the big southpaw feels fit to go in the box.

Although the hopes of Chance and the Cub fans are running high, and they are beginning to think that they still have a chance for the pennant, it looks like a forlorn hope, for if the Cubs should win all of their remaining nine games, the Giants could afford to lose eight out of fourteen and still win the flag. In the games played here they played better ball than they have shown this season. Manager McGraw thinks that the sudden flash of form against the Giants is only temporary and that the Cubs will fall back to their inferior form when they meet the other teams for the remaining games of the season. This last-minute rush of the Cubs is looked upon as their dying gasp. McGraw's hard task now is not to win the pennant, but to keep his players in physical shape for the rest of the season.

The Giants welcomed this day of rest. Many of them took long walks in the parks about the city and were glad to get away from baseball for a few hours. Chief Meyers, who is a football enthusiast, went out to the University of Chicago and saw Stagg's team go through gridiron practice. The Chief used to play football at Dartmouth in his undergraduate days. The season of hard work behind the bat is beginning to show itself on the Indian, and, although game to the core, he has not shown the form here that he did for the past few weeks.

Fred Merkle, who, with Meyers, has been doing great hitting for the Giants, is not in the best of shape, and although he played yesterday he was forced to limp when running the bases. He strained a tendon in his left leg in Cincinnati and is not yet back to normal condition.

Manager McGraw has no words of praise for the umpiring of Hank O'Day in this series. He maintains that O'Day gave the Giants the worst end of his judgment in more than one critical situation yesterday, especially in calling strikes on Snodgrass and Doyle. The Cubs have had the better of all the breaks in the luck, and they admit that themselves, but, of course, that is part of the game. The Giants feel that this series cannot run to the end without a bit of luck coming their way.

Chicago fans at heart do not really think that the Cubs have a ghost of a chance, because most of the baseball talk here now is about the inter-club series between the Cubs and the White Sox. If there was any chance of the Cubs finishing first in the National League, it is not likely that the two Chicago clubs would go ahead making arrangements for the series here.

Nap Rucker, Brooklyn's star pitcher, who left the team for the season recently, has been hurriedly recalled by President Ebbets in order to participate in the series of seven games Brooklyn still has to play with the Giants.

Phillies Win Before Small Crowd.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 29.—In the presence of one of the smallest crowds that ever witnessed a game in this city Philadelphia to-day defeated Pittsburgh, 7 to 4. Score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Knabe, 2b.	4	1	0	3	2	0
Lobert, 3b.	4	2	2	1	0	0
Magee, lf.	4	0	2	1	0	0
Ludwig, 1b.	4	2	2	9	0	0
Paskert, cf.	3	2	1	4	1	0
Titus, rf.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Dooin, c.	3	0	0	8	2	0
Moran, ss.	3	0	0	2	3	1
Foster, c.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Seaton, p.	4	0	0	0	2	0
Total.	34	7	8	27	11	1

PITTSBURG.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Carey, lf.	4	1	2	2	3	0
Kel'her, lb.	4	0	0	9	0	1
Wilson, rf.	3	1	2	2	0	0
Wagner, cf.	4	1	1	1	1	0
Barbeau, 2b.	3	0	1	2	4	0
Byrne, ss.	4	0	2	1	4	0
McCarthy, 3b.	4	0	0	1	2	1
Gibson, c.	3	0	0	8	1	0
Simon, c.	2	0	0	6	0	0
*Cabell	1	0	0	0	0	0
Gardner, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
†Hendrix	1	0	0	0	1	0
Clarke	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total.	30	4	8	27	12	1

*Batted for Simon in the ninth inning.
†Batted for Hendrix in the ninth inning.

Errors—Kelliher, Magee, Byrne, Knabe, (2.) Lobert, Alexander.

Philadelphia	4	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	7
Pittsburgh	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4

Two-base hits—Carey, Titus. Stolen bases—Carey, McCarthy, Paskert, Byrne and McKechnie. Double plays—Byrne and McKechnie; McCarthy, McKechnie, and Kelliher; Paskert, Dooin, and Knabe. First base on balls—Off Gardner, 2; off Hendrix, 1; off Alexander, 1. Struck out—By Hendrix, 7; by Alexander, 8. Wild pitch—Hendrix. Passed balls—Cotter, 2. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 6; Philadelphia, 3. First base on errors—Pittsburgh, 3; Philadelphia, 3. Hits—Off Gardner, 4 in one inning; off Hendrix, 5 in eight innings. Time of game—One hour and fifty-two minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Finneran.

Boston and Reds in a Tie.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 29.—Cincinnati and Boston battled eleven innings to a 4-to-4 tie here to-day, darkness stopping the contest. It was a seesaw struggle, with Tyler holding down the hits but proving liberal with passes. Gasper was hit hard, but was effective with men on bases. Donlin and Almeida hit opportunely. The game will be played off to-morrow in the form of a doubleheader. Score:

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Carey, 2b.	5	0	2	5	1	0
Donlin, cf.	5	0	2	4	0	0
Feeney, cf.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kirke, ss.	5	0	1	4	2	0
Kaiser, lf.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Miller, rf.	5	0	2	1	0	0
Engle, lf.	1	0	0	0	0	0
Egan, ss.	5	1	1	1	0	0
Wagner, 1b.	5	1	1	10	0	0
Mc'Mit, 3b.	5	1	2	2	3	0
Kling, c.	4	1	2	8	2	0
Tyler, p.	4	0	1	0	4	0
Weaver, p.	0	0	0	0	1	0
Total.	41	4	13	35	13	0

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Marsans, lf.	4	0	2	3	0	0
Hob'sel, 1b.	5	2	1	12	0	0
Bates, cf.	4	1	2	2	0	0
Mitchell, rf.	5	1	2	4	0	0
Almeida, 3b.	4	0	1	2	3	0
Egan, 2b.	3	0	0	3	3	0
McLean, c.	4	0	0	2	2	0
Clarke, c.	0	0	0	0	1	0
Gasper, p.	4	0	0	0	2	0
Fromme, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
*Grant	0	0	0	0	0	0
†Severoid	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total.	38	4	9	28	11	0

*Batted for McLean in the tenth inning.
†Batted for Gasper in the tenth inning.

Errors—Donlin, Hauser, Bates.

Boston	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	4
Cincinnati	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	4

Two-base hits—Tyler, Hobitzel. Donlin, Bates, Mitchell. Home run—McDonald. Hits—Off Tyler, 8 in nine innings, none out in seventh; off Weaver, 1 in two innings; off Gasper, 13 in ten innings; off Fromme, none in one inning. Sacrifice hits—Bates, Almeida, Egan, Grant. Stolen bases—Miller, Mitchell, McLean. Double plays—Egmond, Egan, and Hobitzel; Almeida, Egan, and Hobitzel; Sweeney and McDonald. Left on bases—Boston, 8; Cincinnati, 12. Bases on balls—Off Tyler, 2; off Gasper, 1; off Fromme, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Tyler, Hobitzel; by Weaver, Severoid. Struck out—By Tyler, 6; by Weaver, 1; by Gasper, 3. Passed ball—Kling. Wild pitches—Weaver, 2. Time of game—Two hours and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Eason and Moran.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Philadelphia, 7; Pittsburgh, 4.
Cincinnati, 4; Boston, 4.
(Eleven innings; darkness.)

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

St. Louis at New York—Rain.
Cleveland at Philadelphia—Rain.
Detroit, 9; Washington, 5.
Chicago at Boston—Rain.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	To Play.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	14	90	50	.643
Chicago	9	87	58	.600
Pittsburgh	6	82	66	.554
Philadelphia	*12	78	64	.549
St. Louis	†11	73	70	.511
Cincinnati	7	67	80	.456
Brooklyn	12	60	82	.423
Boston	*13	37	104	.262

*Includes one game that cannot be played.
†Includes two games that cannot be played.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	To Play.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Philadelphia	*10	97	47	.674
Detroit	8	87	59	.596
Cleveland	9	76	69	.524
New York	9	75	70	.518
Chicago	*10	72	72	.500
Boston	†9	72	73	.497
Washington	7	61	86	.415
St. Louis	†10	40	104	.278

*Includes two games that cannot be played.
†Includes one game that cannot be played.

Where They Play To-day.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Chicago.
Philadelphia at Pittsburgh—2 games.
Brooklyn at St. Louis.
Boston at Cincinnati.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

St. Louis at New York—2 games.
Cleveland at Philadelphia—2 games.
Detroit at Washington.
Chicago at Boston—2 games.

DEFER WORLD'S SCHEDULE.

National Commission to Meet in New York Next Thursday to Arrange Series.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 29.—Owing to the uncertainty of the National League race, as well as the length of time that still intervenes before the world's series, the National Baseball Commission at a meeting here to-day, deferred action upon a world's series schedule, and will meet next Thursday in New York to again take up the question. The committee adjourned after a four hours' session.

A number of findings were promulgated by the commission. Ty Cobb of Detroit was fined $100 for participating in a game with a semi-professional team playing Sunday baseball. The team was called Ty Cobb's All Stars, and played against the Metropolitans at Lenox Oval in New York on Sunday, Sept. 16.

The application of the Pittsburgh club relative to a rehearing of the Cravath case was denied.

In the contention of the Detroit club against the Montgomery club relative to Player Lillivelt, the player was awarded to Detroit.

In the contention between the Shreveport club and the Philadelphia Nationals, the money paid for Mayer was turned over to the Shreveport club, while the player was awarded to Philadelphia.

The claim of the Savannah club against the Chicago Nationals relative to Player Miller was denied, but President Murphy of the Chicago Nationals was fined $50 for his part in the transaction.

The claim of Player Madden for salary from the Boston Americans and the Toledo American Association team was denied.

McINNES NOT BADLY HURT.

Athletics' First Baseman Will Play in World's Series.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 29.—Reports that John McInnes, the hard-hitting first baseman of the Philadelphia Americans, would not be in the world's series because of a broken bone in the wrist of his throwing arm were set at rest to-day when Dr. Frank H. MacFarland, the club physician, stated that no bones were broken and that McInnes will be all right in a week.

McInnes was struck on the wrist by a pitched ball in a game with Detroit on Monday. An X-ray photograph shows that small muscles and ligaments had been injured. A rest of a week will make McInnes as good as ever.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Ty Cobb Gets Ten Putouts, Two Triples, and a Double at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—Detroit drove Hughes from the rubber to-day and defeated Washington, 9 to 5. Ty Cobb was the whole show, having ten putouts, two of which were remarkable, and hitting two triples and a double. Score:

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bush, ss.	5	1	1	0	2
Cobb, cf.	4	3	2	10	0
Crawf'd, rf.	3	2	2	3	0
Dela'ty, 2b.	5	1	2	2	3
Drake, lf.	4	1	2	4	0
Gainor, 1b.	3	1	1	7	0
Mor'ty, 3b.	4	0	1	2	3
Stanage, c.	5	1	1	7	0
Donovan, p.	3	1	1	0	0
Total.	36	9	14	36	8

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Milan, cf.	5	1	2	1	0
Sch'fer, 3b.	4	1	1	3	0
Rib'rd, 2b.	5	0	1	4	4
C. W'ker, lf.	5	0	2	1	0
Gessler, rf.	5	1	1	1	0
McBride, ss.	4	2	2	1	0
Conroy, 3b.	4	0	2	1	0
Henry, c.	3	0	0	8	5
Hughes, p.	2	0	0	0	2
Gray, p.	1	0	0	1	1
Total.	38	5	13	27	12

*Schaefer hit by batted ball.
Error—C. Walker.

Detroit	1	0	2	0	0	4	1	1	0	9
Washington	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	3	0	5

Two-base hits—Bush, Schaefer, 2; Cobb, Conroy, McBride. Three-base hits—Cobb, 2; Delehanty, Milan, Gainor, Crawford. Hits—Off Hughes, 10 in six innings; off Gray, 4 in three innings. Sacrifice hits—Crawford, Moriarty. Stolen bases—Delehanty, Gainor, Stanage, Sacrifice fly—Crawford. Double play—Moriarty and Gainor. Left on bases—Washington, 10; Detroit, 9. Bases on balls—Off Hughes, 4; off Gray, 1; off Donovan, 5. Struck out—By Hughes, 5; by Gray, 2; by Donovan, 1. Wild pitches—Donovan, 1; Gray, 2. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Mullin.

Two American-Owned Horses Win.

MAISONS-LAFFITTE, France, Sept. 29.—The Prix de "Hudson River, for two-year-olds, of $1,000, distance seven furlongs, was run here to-day and won by W. K. Vanderbilt's Hallowell. In the Prix Criterium de Maisons-Laffitte, for two-year-olds, of $4,000, distance six furlongs, the same owner's Montrose won, with H. E. Duryea's Bugler second. The Prix du Tarn, of $2,000, distance nine and a half furlongs, was won by Charles Pfizer's Fadous.

Columbus Racing Postponed.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Sept. 29.—The heavy rain of last night caused the postponement of to-day's programme of the Columbus Association's Fall race meeting. The track was muddy and it was impossible to put it in condition in time to start the races to-day.

BASEBALL 2 games; first game 2 P. M. N. Y. Americans vs. St. Louis, American League Park; Adm. 50c.—Adv.

METROPOLITAN GOLF VICTORY AT NASSAU

Pennsylvania's Team Defeated, 9 Matches to 6, for the Lesley Cup.

The team representing the Metropolitan Golf Association won the preliminary match in the annual competition for the Lesley Cup by defeating Pennsylvania 9 matches to 6 over the links of the Nassau Country Club yesterday. As a result the local players have earned the right to play the Massachusetts team in the final match to-day.

Conditions could not have been much worse when the golfers teed up for the singles in the morning. The rain pelted down in sheets, making it difficult to keep from slipping, while the grips of the clubs became almost too wet to hold. It had been expected that Jerome D. Travers, the metropolitan champion, would be on the team, but the committee received word on Thursday night to the effect that he could not play. C. W. Inslee, who had been chosen, was found ineligible because his residence is now up the State beyond the fifty-five-mile M. G. A. limit. This necessitated the substitution of W. L. Hicks, one of the Nassau regulars.

At the end of the morning competition the count stood 6 to 4 in favor of New York, the winners for the successful side being Walter J. Travis, Fred Herreshoff, Oswald Kirkby, Max Behr, Gilman P. Tiffany, and Hicks. For Pennsylvania, W. P. Smith, George Crump, George Ormiston, and Harry Heyburn scored points. Travis had the satisfaction of beating W. C. Fownes, Jr., the Pittsburgh man who held the National title until it was recently wrested from him at Apawamis by Hilton. The match was close, being carried to the home green, where Travis, aided by a lucky stymie, won the hole and finished 1 up.

Herreshoff won easily over E. M. Byers, another former champion, while Kirkby proved too skillful for Howard W. Perrin, the Pennsylvania Captain. Tiffany likewise made short work of Edward Satterthwaite, the first named going out in 37, where he stood 4 up.

Rather unexpected were the defeats of John M. Ward and Gardiner W. White. The first named finished two down to Crump, while White never had a chance with Heyburn. The longest match of the morning resulted in the playing of Hicks and C. B. Buxton. The Pennsylvania man won the home hole squaring the match, only to lose on the twentieth green.

With a lead of two matches to start the afternoon foursomes the Metropolitan contingent began to scent ultimate victory. Kirkby and Herreshoff teamed up, but it required an extra hole for them to defeat Fownes and Ormiston. The first hole at Nassau is short—150 yards. Herreshoff laid his tee shot to within six feet of the pin, and then Kirkby ran down the put for a 2. That made the count 7 to 4, so that only one more point was necessary to clinch the match. A little later Max Behr and Archie Reid finished 1 up over Buxton and Richard Mott, who had been substituted for Satterthwaite. Pennsylvania scored two points after that, but of course they did no good except to make the match look a little closer. The summary follows:

SINGLES.

METROPOLITAN.		PENNSYLVANIA.	
W. J. Travis	1	W. C. Fownes, Jr.	0
Fred Herreshoff	1	E. M. Byers	0
Oswald Kirkby	1	H. M. Perrin	0
F. S. Douglas	0	W. P. Smith	1
J. M. Ward	0	George Crump	1
Archie Reid	0	George Ormiston	1
H. L. White	0	Harry Heyburn	1
Max Behr	1	E. E. Giles	0
W. L. Hicks	1	C. B. Buxton	0
G. P. Tiffany	1	E. Satterthwaite	0
Total	6	Total	4

The summary of the match play by holes follows: Travis beat Fownes, 1 up; Herreshoff beat Byers, 4 up and 3 to play; Kirkby beat Perrin, 4 up and 2 to play; Smith beat Douglas, 5 up and 3 to play; Crump beat Ward, 2 up; Ormiston beat Reid, 1 up, (19 holes;) Heyburn beat White, 6 up and 4 to play; Behr beat Giles, 2 up and 1 to play; Hicks beat Buxton, 1 up, (20 holes;) Tiffany beat Satterthwaite, 5 up and 4 to play.

FOURSOMES.

METROPOLITAN.	PENNSYLVANIA.
Herreshoff and Kirkby.	1 Fownes and Ormiston.	0
Travis and Tiffany.	0 Byers and Smith.	1
Douglas and Ward.	1 Perrin and Crump.	0
Reid and Behr.	1 Buxton and R. Mott.	0
Hicks and White.	0 Heyburn and Giles.	1
Total.	3 Total.	2

The summary of the match play by holes follows: Herreshoff and Kirkby beat Fownes and Ormiston, 1 up, (19 holes;) Byers and Smith beat Travis and Tiffany, 1 up, (19 holes;) Douglas and Ward beat Perrin and Crump, 2 up and 1 to play; Reid and Behr beat Buxton and Richard Mott, 1 up; Heyburn and Giles beat Hicks and White, 4 up and 3 to play.

SUNDAY BASEBALL GAMES.

One of the biggest treats of the season on Lenox Oval, 145th Street and Lenox Avenue, will be the appearance of Joe McGinnity's Newark team of the Eastern League, which will play against the strong Metropolitans in a double-header to-morrow afternoon. McGinnity will pitch one of the games and all of his stars will be in the line-up. The first game will start at 1:45 and the second at 3:45.

Rod McMahon, manager of the Lincoln Giants, has scheduled Jack Ryan's Jersey City team of the Eastern League for a double-header with the Lincolns to-morrow at Olympic Field, 136th Street and Fifth Avenue. Jack Doescher, a New York favorite, will pitch for the Skeeters in the opening contest, and Rube Kisslinger will decorate the mound in the second battle. Welsh will catch the games which the Eastern Leaguers. McMahon has announced that he will have Redding and Santop in the points in both tussels, as he thinks Redding is able to put the skeeters down for the count. The first game will be started promptly at 1:30 P. M.

The Lawrence team of the New England League will be the attraction to-morrow at Bronx Oval, 163d Street and Southern Boulevard, where they will play the fast Bronx Athletics. With the New Englanders will be Frank Barberich, a Bronx favorite, who will pitch for Lawrence, with Kane doing the catching. Wilson and Mack will be the battery for the Athletics, who also will have out George Browne, Paul Dietz, Henry Christ, and other favorites. The Bronxonians have won seven of their last eight games. The early game will be between the Knickerbocker F. C. and the St. Lukes for the championship of the lower Bronx.

Tom Durkin has scheduled for to-morrow at McNulty Field, 149th Street and Eighth Avenue, a baseball game and a soccer football contest. In the clash on the diamond the Falcon A. C. and the McNulty Reserves will hook up for the championship of Harlem, and on account of the rivalry between these teams the issue will be stubbornly contested to the finish. The Falcons will have out their star battery, Carruthers and Emmerich. Durkin says in the soccer game the Eureka Club will play a team in the Soccer League.

The second game of the series between the Howards of Brooklyn and the Long Island Athletics for the interborough championship will be staged to-morrow in Recreation Park, Jackson and Steinway Avenues, near the Queensboro Bridge Plaza. The Brooklyn team won the first game, 4 to 2, after extra innings were played. In Sunday's contest the Athletics will have Smith and Gauvin as their battery, while Mulhall and Poole will be in the points for the Howards. There will be a preliminary contest at 1:30 P. M.

The Philadelphia Giants, Royal Giants, and Ridgewoods will meet in a double-header to-morrow in Meyerrose Park, Covert Avenue "L" station, Ridgewood. The Philadelphians will be the opponents of the Royals at 1:45 P. M., while the Ridgewoods will try conclusions with the winner at 3:45 P. M. The Philadelphia Giants and Royals are playing high-class ball, and many colored stars will be seen in the line-up of both clubs. Crawford, the star pitcher of the Royals, and Thomas, the Philadelphia crack, will be pitted against each other in the early contest. Lindemann and Hohman will be in the points for Hussey's men in the second battle.

American Association.

At Toledo—Toledo, 5; Indianapolis, 3 (called in ninth inning; darkness.)
At Kansas City—Milwaukee, 6; Kansas City, 4.
At Columbus—Louisville, 13; Columbus, 4.

WINGED FOOT GAMES TO-DAY.

Travers Island to be Scene of Many Events Between Champions.

Many athletic champions will be seen in competition this afternoon at the annual Fall sports of the New York A. C. at Travers Island, where upward of 300 of the pick of Metropolitan performers on track and field will take part in the dozen events scheduled. Once more in the "100" and 120-yard dashes Alvah T. Meyer, the latest sprinting "phenom," and Jim Rosenberger will renew their battle for short distance supremacy, and capital races should result when this pair competes.

A fine field is carded to start in the five-mile event, which has as entries John J. Daly, Louis Scott, and Eddie Fitzgerald and others. Fred Kaiser, the Metropolitan champion walker, will be opposed by the best of the heel and toe contingent, and it is expected that seven minutes will be beaten by the winner.

In the hammer throwing contest Pat Ryan will endeavor to establish a new record with the 16-pound missile and displace the mark which stands to the credit of John Flanagan. Matt McGrath, who has been doing great things with the "fifty-six," anticipates making a new American mark with the big weight, while Eddie Frick is looked upon as likely to put up a sterling performance in the 600-hundred yards handicap, at which distance he seems particularly well fitted.

KEEN INTEREST IN TOUR.

Gov. Hoke Smith One of Seventy Entrants to Start in Glidden Run.

More than seventy automobile enthusiasts will gather here two weeks hence for the start of the 1911 Glidden Tour of the American Automobile Association from New York to Atlanta and Jacksonville. Though the entry lists are not officially closed until Oct. 1, more than seventy names have been received up to last night, including those of Gov. Hoke Smith of Georgia and Mayor C. S. Winn of Atlanta. Other contestants come from Jacksonville, Fla.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Atlanta, and other Georgia cities; Detroit, Mich.; Waltham, Mass., and New York City. A late entry is one by the Winston-Salem, N. C., Board of Trade.

On the night of Oct. 13 the contestants will be guests of the Automobile Club of America at a smoker and entertainment in this city. They will start the next day on the 1,200-mile trip to Jacksonville, which they are scheduled to reach Oct. 20.

Ralph De Palma at Guttenberg.

Ralph De Palma will be the star at the automobile race at the Guttenberg Race Track, Guttenberg, N. J., this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. De Palma is entered in four events and will also try to break the one and five mile track record with his Simplex car. Another star will be Jack Towers driving the E. M. F. This car has won twelve first and three second prizes in fifteen races. An added feature will be a five-mile private race between five Regal cars. This will make an interesting race, as these cars are all of the same piston displacement, and the probable winner will depend upon the skill of the driver. This is the last track race for the season in the vicinity.

Soccer Games To-morrow.

The soccer season for New York and vicinity will be ushered in to-morrow on many fields, with the opening games of the State League. With a membership of twenty-three clubs, the association becomes stronger each year in point of numbers and playing strength, and the various devotees are looking forward to a most successful season. The following games have been scheduled for to-morrow:

First Division—Hollywood Inn vs. Arcadia Thistles at Yonkers; Critchley vs. Clan Mackenzie at Marquette Oval; Clan Macduff vs. Columbia Oval at Lenox Oval; Cameron vs. Macdonalds at Van Cortlandt Park.

Second Division.—New York Celtic vs. Anglo-Saxons at Van Cortlandt Park; Britannia vs. Greenpoint at Van Cortlandt Park; German Athletic Club vs. St. George's Field Club at Van Cortlandt Park; Clan Gordon vs. Hungarians at Port Chester; Mount Vernon vs. Donegal Celtics at Mount Vernon; Eureka vs. Washington Athletic Club at McNulty Field.

Kick-off at 3 P. M., with the exception of the games at McNulty Field and Lenox Oval, where the kick-off is 1:30 and 2 P. M., respectively, thereby giving the spectators an opportunity of seeing the baseball games afterward.

Dates for A. A. U. Championships.

James E. Sullivan, Chairman of the Championship Committee of the Amateur Athletic Union, yesterday announced that the Irish-American Athletic Club had offered the use of Celtic Park to the Amateur Athletic Union for the ten-mile championship and junior and senior cross-country championships. The Championship Committee of the A. A. U. has voted in favor of accepting the offer of the Irish-American A. C., and the championships will be held at Celtic Park on the following dates: Ten-mile run, Saturday, Nov. 4; junior cross-country championship, Saturday, Nov. 11; senior cross-country championships, Saturday, Nov. 18.

Swimmers Plan Busy Season.

At the West Sixtieth Street swimming pool to-night the New York Swimming Association will hold its first executive meeting of the present season, and it is expected that all or the greater part of its membership will be present. Following a comparatively dull Summer season, excepting one competition at Rockaway Beach, the New York Swimming Association has been rather quiet, but with the excellent works at the tank for Saturday nights during the present season the membership intends to regain its former standing in aquatics, such as it enjoyed prior to the time when many of its stars left to join the larger clubs.

Longwood Tennis Postponed.

BOSTON, Sept. 29.—The finals in the women's lawn tennis tournament at the Longwood Cricket Club could not be played to-day owing to rain. The singles match will be started to-morrow forenoon and the doubles shortly afterward, while the mixed doubles will be played in the afternoon.

HARVARD LINES UP AGAINST BATES TEAM

Crimson Football Eleven Gets Its First Trial To-day on Stadium Gridiron.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Sept. 29.—The first game on Harvard's 1911 schedule will be played in the Stadium to-morrow against Bates, a team beaten 22 to 0 by the Crimson last Fall. While the Cambridge team has been out for practice two weeks only, Coach Haughton has whipped a very good team into shape for the game. Four veterans are in the back field, while both ends are veterans from 1910, as is Capt. Fisher at right guard. Huntington at centre also may be considered a veteran, as he played in all except two of Harvard's games last year.

The three absolutely new men are the two tackles, Gardiner, Jencks, and Keays, the left guard. Gardiner is one of the most promising men in the squad, and is expected to fill right tackle all season. Jencks, though, is likely not to be a fixture, as Hitchcock of the freshman team a year ago is in line to play in McKay's place on the Harvard left wing. Keays is a rangy man, and a strong one, but green. Bob Potter will play quarter back to-morrow, and a lot is expected from him because of his early season work.

To-day there was no scrimmage, but the regulars held signal practice in the baseball inclosure. After this an hour was spent on the field practicing varieties of kicks and forward passes, and there was a drill for the men on general defense against an open game.

The line-up to-morrow will be: Felton, left end; Jencks, left tackle; Keays, left guard; Huntington, centre; Fisher, right guard; Gardiner, right tackle; Smith, right end; Potter, quarter back; Wendell, left half back; Tom Frothingham, right half back, and Morrison, full back.

Mike Thompson Drilling Mt. St. Mary's

Special to The New York Times.

EMMITSBURG, Md., Sept. 29.—After two weeks of the usual preliminary work the Mount St. Mary's football team is rounding into pretty fair shape. From the work so far and the spirit with which the boys enter into it the outlook for a fast team is very encouraging. The squad is not as heavy as in past years, and with the loss of weight, M. J. Thompson, who has charge of the boys, is laying special stress upon speed. The past two days have been given over entirely to scrimmage work, and it has been plainly evident that the Mountaineers are going to take all sorts of chances with the open style of play allowed by the rules. A great deal of time has been devoted to the forward pass and the on-side kick. Careful attention is being paid to the formations and protection to these plays, and from the way that they have worked against the fullback the fleet-foot of the mountain boys that have watched the practice are looking forward for some fast football when the more important teams upon the schedule appear.

In Engle, who made a wonderful record for pitching for the baseball team last Spring, and Flannery, St. Mary's are pretty well fixed for kickers, and they should far out punt any of the men on the Maryland colleges when the time comes to decide the State championship.

The problem that is confronting Coach Thompson at present is the position of quarter back. No candidate so far trying for that position has been giving satisfaction, and unless some man can be found in the squad, the style of play as laid down by Thompson will no doubt be changed. Realizing the hard proposition the local boys have on their hands next week, when they play the Carlisle Indians, the squad will be put through some strenuous work from now on. This is the first time that the Mountaineers have had a game scheduled with the Indians, and knowing their strength, the local collegians are anxious to be in the best possible shape.

This will be no doubt the hardest game on the list, and with the team keeping up the good work that they have started they should have no trouble in holding first place among the Maryland colleges.

Cornell Routs Football Spy.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Sept. 29.—A crippled Cornell team will play Colgate to-morrow and the coaches do not anticipate making a very large score. The up-Staters have had men watching the Cornell practice and they plan to make a showing against the Ithacans. Eyrich, O'Connor, Champaign, O'Rourke, and Hawkins were not in togs this afternoon, while Underhill and Butler were not allowed in the line-up. It is certain that O'Rourke, who has a bad side; Champaign, who has a bad leg, and Hawkins, who is suffering from bruises, will not get in the line-up at all, while Butler, Underhill, Eyrich, and O'Connor are by no means in good shape. Changes, therefore, will be in order. Among them is Davidson, a big scrub, at right tackle on the 'Varsity in place of Champaign, and it is likely that Williamson also will be given a chance. Hale, last Year's 'Varsity guard, who has been playing on the scrubs for several weeks, will be in the line-up at right guard, but Whyte, the 'Varsity centre, will hardly be able to play. Watson worked at left end to-day in place of Eyrich. Dixie Smith played quarter back for Butler, while Hill was shifted to right half back in place of Hawkins. R. B. Whyte played at left half back and Gene fell back, but it is probable that Underhill can get in at full back to begin the game.

The discovery of a spy in the covered stand this afternoon caused quite a rumpus. A man was found making notes of plays. He was searched and sent back to town hot foot. The coaches announced that they had no objection to outsiders watching the players and that they would be glad to be hospitable to visiting coaches, if they would make their presence known in the usual way.

Big Score for Virginia M. A.

LEXINGTON, Va., Sept. 29.—Virginia Military Academy to-day defeated Augusta Military Academy here by the score of 58 to 0.

YALE DRILLS IN MUD.

'Varsity and Second Team in Fifteen-Minute Scrimmage.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 29.—Yale closed its preparation for to-morrow's football game with Holy Cross by sending the 'Varsity and second elevens through a fifteen-minute scrimmage this afternoon in the rain and over a muddy gridiron. Every first string player was in place except Walter Camp, Jr., whose injured back will keep him out a fortnight.

The heavy field made long runs impossible, although Philbin and Spaulding worked themselves free several times. The 'Varsity kept the attack on scrub territory, but were unable to force the ball over the goal line during the afternoon. They scored, however, in the last few min

HOLD HORSE SHOW DESPITE HARD RAIN

Many Attractive Classes Decided at Mineola Fair—Trotting Events Off.

The judging of the many classes nominated at the tenth annual horse show of the Agricultural Society of Queens and Nassau Counties, at the Mineola Fair Grounds, advanced yesterday with complete adherence to the time schedule, and the promptness of the adjudications elicited favorable comment, as the result of the second day's exhibition.

That nothing short of a deluge could put an end to the passing upon the merits of the many entrants in the various classes was shown when both judges and contestants responded to both duty and observance of the entering conditions by turning out in goodly numbers despite an almost incessant downpour, from the call for the first class, at 10 A. M., until the last was disposed of, at 4:20 P. M.

The field was consequently a grassy quagmire and the show ring a sea of mud. The judges, therefore, ruled that the conditions did not warrant their asking the children who were to ride the ponies in Class 39, or the ladies nominated to show hunters in Class 45, in turning out, so these two classes were put over until to-day, when the youngsters will show at 10:45 A. M. and their elders at 1 o'clock.

The three-rail jump in the backstretch proved to be a stumbling block to the men in the several classes decided, and their efforts in attempting to get their mounts over the jump from the soggy take-off into it made the declaring off of the subsequent event a popular move.

The half-mile ellipse was fetlock deep in mud, and caused a postponement of the trotting races scheduled.

Despite the inclement conditions, there was a fair sprinkling of society folk present, among them being Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Davis, Mrs. Charles Holloway, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock, Miss Celestine Hitchcock, Miss Marion Hollins, Mr. and Mrs. Paul D. Cravath, Miss Hadden, W. Burling Cocks, S. Taber Willets, R. Lawrence Smith, Howard Phipps, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Phipps, George Edward Kent, Jr., Joseph Thaw, Harvey S. Ladew, Miss Elsie Ladew, S. A. W. Baltazzi, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Steele, E. D. Morgan, Skidmore von Stade, Fred McClay, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Grace, C. C. Rumsey, F. Ambrose Clark, Alden Blodget, and Charles A. Baudouine.

One of the most attractive classes of the afternoon series was that for officers' chargers. This event was open to all branches of the military service, and it called out three entries from Squadron A, and another from Battery D, among others. The squadron representatives wore dress uniform, while Lieut. A. Barry, who had the mount on Capt. Frank E. Harrett's chestnut stallion Artillery, wore the regulation khaki dress.

The animals were put through every style of pace and wheeled and swung like polo ponies in an endeavor to find some defect in their training. Artillery finally caught the eye of R. Lawrence Smith, the judge for the prize money and the cup presented by Frank R. Hitchcock. Alden S. Blodget, on his gelding Justice, captured the second prize, with Charles A. Doscher's Former third and Isham Henderson's Robin reserve.

In the hunters class, where the entrants were judged on their conformation and quality as well as over jumps 3 feet 6 inches high, Calvenist, a nomination of Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock, won the blue, while Mr. Hitchcock's Cavalier, ridden by its owner, was placed second. B. Lambert Sackett's Sylvia Fox, which finished third at the White Plains show, received third prize, while Mrs. J. E. Davis's chestnut Mansuetude got the reserve award.

Calculation, a bay stallion by Rensselaer, entered by the Old Brick Farms of Boston, was awarded first prize in the contest for the get of Rensselaer and Accountant, foals of 1911. Thomas J. Regan's unnamed bay stallion was second.

Thomas J. Regan swept the board with three of his entries in the class for mares, geldings, or stallions, foals of 1909. Stalwart Model, a chestnut stallion, 15.1, was placed first, while Heartsease and Cozette, bay and brown mares, respectively, gained the second and third awards.

In the opening class, for roadsters, Edward Kearney, Jr.'s, Princess Morrell easily beat her opponents, and gained the popular verdict as well as that of the judges, by her manners, conformation, and style of going. Della Olcott, a chestnut mare, the entry of Killearn Farm, was placed second, and W. A. Wynn's Daisy W. third.

R. Lawrence Smith's Lady Nissequogue, a 4-year-old bay mare, won first honors in the class for the best pacer owned by a member of the Nassau Driving Club, while Edward D. Lott's Highlander was second. Mortimer L. Schiff's King of the West and Queen of the West received the prize for the best pair of horses not exceeding 15.2, and Clarence H. Mackay's Ben Hur and Roslyn got the award in the class exceeding this height. Thomas Hitchcock and Paul D. Cravath divided the honors in the class for the best saddle horse 15.1 or over.

Miss Vera A. H. Cravath's Gloribird received the first award in the open saddle horse division, with B. Lambert Sackett's Moving Picture second. The latter was shown to advantage by W. A. McGibbon, and was the only horse of the day which was not a thoroughbred to get into the money division.

Master Richard Trimble, Jr.'s, Busy Bee scored in the ponies under saddle class, defeating Elsinore Farm's Defender and Charles Holloway's Miniature Doctor C.

The biggest field of the day turned out in the number for horses to be shown over the Olympia fences. Henry Lawrence Bell showed to advantage in this event with the mount on his own Pinkun, which scored on Thursday. Mr. Bell made sure of each jump and never permitted the big gelding to falter once. In addition to the money award, Mr. Bell received the piece of plate given by Mrs. J. A. Burden, Jr. Paul D. Cravath's Hero got second. Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock's Louise King received the reserve ribbon. The summary:

Class 1. Mares, Geldings, or Stallions. Foals of 1908.—Won by Thomas J. Regan's b. m. Adoration. Thomas J. Regan's ch. m. Cerisette second.

Class 2. Mares, Geldings, or Stallions. Foals of 1909.—Won by Thomas J. Regan's ch. s. Stalwart Model. Thomas J. Regan's b. m. Heartsease second. Thomas J. Regan's br. m. Cozette third. William J. Meade's b. s. Graceful Arrow fourth.

Class 4. Mares, Geldings, or Stallions. Foals of 1910.—Won by Samuel Willetts's br. m. Item. Edward Knierem's unnamed b. m. second.

Class 5. Mares, Geldings, or Stallions. Foals of 1910.—Won by J. W. Backus's rn. s. Worthy Toddington. J. E. Davis's ch. m. May Day second.

Class 10. Brood Mare, with Foal at Foot. Open to All.—Won by J. E. Davis's b. m. Minerva and foal, the Old Brick Farm's b. m. Blitzen and foal second. Thomas J. Regan's br. m. Poppy St. John and foal third.

Class 11. Best Sucking Foal. For All Purposes.—Won by the Old Brick Farm's b. c. Calculation. J. E. Davis's ch. m. May Day second. Thomas J. Regan's br. m. unnamed third.

Class 14. Draft Stallions. Three Years Old or Over.—Won by J. E. Davis's br. s. Imported Jesse.

Class 18. For the Best of the Get of Rensselaer and Accountant Foals of 1911.—Won by the Old Brick Farm's b. s. Calculation, by Rensselaer. Thomas J. Regan's b. s. unnamed second.

Class 19. For the Best Roadster, Owned by a member of the Nassau Driving Club.—Won by R. L. Smith's b. m. Lady Nissequogue. Edward D. Lott's br. g. Highlander second. C. A. Kendrickson's ch. m. Bye Bow third. A. Hoffman's br. g. Dick McMahon reserve.

Class 20. Roadsters (standard or non-standard, to be judged as roadsters.)—Won by Edward Kearney, Jr.'s, b. m. Princess Morrell. Killearn Farm's ch. m. Della Olcott second. W. A. Wynn's b. m. Daisy W. third.

Class 22. For the Best Saddle Horse 15.1 or Over, (never having won a first prize.)—Won by Thomas Hitchcock's ch. g. Cavalier. Paul D. Cravath's ch. g. Promise second. Thomas Hitchcock's br. g. Drum Major third. Northwood Farm's b. g. Fairhill Willy reserve.

Class 23. Runabouts. Open to all. (Horses not under 14.2 and not exceeding 15.2 hands.)—Won by David Rintoul's br. m. Fantasy. Lambert Sackett's br. m. Moving Picture second. Sequatorue Farm's ch. m. Fantasy third. Robert D. Winthrop's ch. m. Royal Jay, reserve.

Class 24. Hunters, Qualified Hunters, (to be ridden by ladies over jumps especially arranged for them.) across qualified lightweight hunters, up to carrying 165 pounds to hounds.—Won by Samuel Willetts's br. m. Brown Betty. Thomas Hitchcock's ch. g. Cavalier second. Miss Celestine Hitchcock's ch. m. Carmel third. W. R. Grace's ch. g. April Fool, reserve.

Class 25. Ponies Under Saddle. Open to All. (Horses over 13 and not exceeding 14.2 hands.)—Won by Richard Trimble, Jr.'s, b. m. Busy Bee; H. Ladew's ch. g. Defender second. Charles Holloway's ch. g. Miniature Doctor C. third.

Class 45. Hunters. (for horses to be shown over the Olympia fences.)—Won by Henry Lawrence Bell's gr. g. Pink Un. Paul D. Cravath's ch. g. Hero second. Henry W. Bull's br. m. Moonblossom third. Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock's ch. g. Jouse King, reserve.

Class 30. Runabouts, Open to All. (horses under 14.2 and not exceeding 15.2 hands, to be shown before a runabout; conformation, style, quality, and all-around action to be considered; horse to count 75 per cent. and runabout and appointments 25 per cent.)—Won by David B. Rintoul's br. g. Chance. Mrs. W. L. Sutphen's b. m. Margaret Illington second.

Class 76. Chargers, Officers' Chargers, (open to all branches of the service;) the breaking and school education of the horse will be taken into account.—Won by Capt. Frank B. Barret's ch. g. Artillery. Alden S. Blodget's b. g. Justice second. Charles A. Doscher's Former third; Isham Henderson's br. g. Robin, reserve.

Class 50. Hunters. Horses to Become Hunters, (under 5 years old; to be judged on their conformation and quality; to be shown over jumps 3 feet 6 inches.)—Won by Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock's br. g. Calvenist. Thomas Hitchcock's ch. g. Cavalier second. B. Lambert Sackett's b. m. Sylvia Fox third; J. E. Davis's b. m. Manuetude, reserve.

Record Entry for Piping Rock Show.

The entries for the ninth annual Piping Rock Horse Show, on Oct. 6 and 7, have closed, and made a record for a two days' show. The harness classes have filled well, and the Northwood Stables—M. L. Schiff—will continue the contest with the popular C. H. Mackay horses. Mrs. George W. Lederer, W. R. Grace, Mrs. W. L. Sutphin, Miss Harriet Bullock, and others have good entries in the harness classes this year. The saddle classes, with such champions as Dr. Crockett, Marksman, Lady Mary, and others, average over twelve entries per class, and the pony classes are even larger. As usual the hunter classes are full to overflowing. In addition to the regular racing, the ladies' race, for polo ponies chosen by lot, promises lots of excitement. The military race, with eight entries, will make a fine contest, and is an added attraction to the regular programme. The entries of over 400 for the show is a record for Piping Rock on any two days' show. The farmers' race, arranged by J. E. Davis, M. F. H., will make a good scramble.

Montclair Horse Show To-day.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Sept. 29.—Montclair's annual horse show will be held to-morrow on the grounds of the Montclair Athletic Club, on Valley Road. The show will commence at 10 o'clock, and will be continued throughout the day. The afternoon's programme will start at 2 o'clock. Twenty-one classes will be shown. The list of entries includes some of the best horses in Northern New Jersey, and are from fifty-one individuals and firms in Montclair, Glen Ridge, the Oranges, Morristown, Newark, Madison, and other places.

BEECHER WINS FAST BOUT.

Cy Smith Makes Whirlwind Finish, but He Is Outpointed.

Willie Beecher, the east side lightweight, outboxed Cy Smith, the Jersey Cyclone, in a ten-round bout at the Long Acre Athletic Club last night, earning such a commanding lead in the early rounds that a sensational finish by the Jerseyite failed to even matters. As is the case in any bout in which either of these boys participate, there was no let up in the fast work, and the final gong sounded while the greater part of a large crowd was standing and yelling wildly. In two other rounds the going was so brisk at bell time that the boys had to be separated by the referee.

Although Beecher did not get worse than an even break in any round up to the ninth he was kept busy all the way by the rushing Jerseyite, who was always willing to carry the fighting to the New Yorker. But Smith paid the penalty for this style of fighting as Beecher's cleverness in jabbing enabled him to keep up a merry tattoo on Smith's face and head. Beecher used his left hand effectively to check Smith as the latter rushed in, and many of these blows found their mark with sufficient force to jar Smith's head and rock him from head to feet. Beecher also found time to use his right hand for swings or an occasional uppercut, and he was as successful in landing as he was with the left jab.

There were no knockdowns during the bout, and at no time was either boxer in distress. It was a bout of steady fighting by both, featured here and there with a terrific mixup when four hands worked against two bodies and heads in trip-hammer fashion. In half of the ten rounds the fighting was so fast and spectacular that it brought the crowd to its feet. At times there was little blood spilled. Smith's nose bled slightly and Beecher bore a small cut on his cheek.

Beecher had seven of the first eight rounds, the fourth being even. Smith had the ninth and the tenth was even.

NOTES OF THE BOXERS.

A dozen three-round bouts between novices will make up the greater part of to-night's programme at the Long Acre A. C. Besides these, bouts by the youngsters there will be a ten-round final between Tony Straub of Brooklyn and Sam Frankel, and in the semi-final Johnny Barnes and Harry Rose will be the contestants. Young Brown and Happy Davis will be the headliners in Wednesday night's show at the Long Acre Club.

The usual week-end show will be held at the Sharkey Club to-night. The card arranged for this entertainment is one of the best recently offered by the club. In the star bout of ten rounds Young Pierce, the colored bantam of Philadelphia, will again hook up with Johnny Loss, the local boy. Pierce is under engagement to box Digger Stanley in England, and he is regarded as a clever boxer. He and Loss clashed two weeks ago and put up such a good bout that they were rematched. It is safe to say that it will be a fast go all the way. The semi-final will bring together a pair of heavyweights, Jim Maher, the Irish fighter, and Jack McCarey, a colored scrapper. There will be four other bouts.

One Round Hogan is starting this week on a campaign of action that he hopes will lead him up to or near the lightweight title. On Wednesday night next, at the opening of the Madison A. C. at Sulzer's Harlem River Park, the first show of the club under the new boxing law, Hogan will begin with Jack Dorman, the Bronx lightweight. Hogan figures on beating Dorman decisively, something that none of the other stars has been able to accomplish, and then will go down the line, with Brown, Murphy, Nelson, and the rest of them, right up to Wolgast. Hogan showed that he has the knockout punch working by putting away a promising lightweight at Newport this week.

Wells to Box Billy Donovan.

Matt Wells, lightweight champion of England, has been matched to fight Billy Donovan in a six-round bout at the Stadium, in Toronto, Canada, on Oct. 6. The men will meet at 135 pounds. George McDonald, manager of Wells, said he would not entertain a proposition for another match for Wells in America with Freddie Welsh, but says his business is to match Wells with Packey McFarland and Ad Wolgast, the lightweight champion. McDonald says that McFarland is afraid to fight Wells and that Wolgast demands half of New York as a guarantee. McDonald is willing to match Jack Ward, the English lightweight, against Freddie Welsh for a side wager of $500.

KENDRICK EARNS A DRAW.

English Bantam Boxes Young Wagner at Twentieth Century A. C.

Jim Kendrick, the bantam champion of England, who substituted for Frankie Burns in the main bout last night at the Twentieth Century A. C., held Young Wagner of this city to a draw. Both boys displayed plenty of cleverness, but the contest from a fighting standpoint did not come up to the standard, as both, being the finished type of boxer, displayed unusual ability to avoid punishment and neither landed many telling blows.

Too much time was devoted to holding in the clinches, for which Referee Charlie White frequently cautioned the boys, but it had little effect. They feinted each othr into clinches, and then locked arms, which prevented either one from getting over wha might have been damaging blows to the body.

Wagner did most of the forcing and landed the greatest number of punches, but never landed sufficiently hard enough to make an impression with the spectators, and when the last round ended neither boy showed any marks to indicate that he had been in a boxing contest of ten rounds.

The Briton was almost as clever as his Yankee opponent, and gave in return for what he received, and, having the greater strength, landed what appeared to be harder blows than those of Wagner. The latter excelled at long-range work, and shot over some clean left jabs to the face, but they never bothered the Englishman.

The pace froc the start was fast enough to satisfy the onlookers, and continued until the final gong, but there was never a moment when either boxer was in danger or the least trace of a knockout being scored.

LIMIT OF GAME-KILLING.

Sportsmen Being Restricted More Each Year as Game Decreases.

Forty-six States now limit the amount of game which can be killed in a day or a season. The bag limit has been on the decrease for years. Each year it grows less and less. Sportsmen should make themselves familiar with the limits if they hope to keep out of trouble with the authorities. The limit fixed by law in States near New York are as follows:

CONNECTICUT.—Five each of quail and ruffed grouse a day, 25 a year; 25 rail, 50 each of plover, snipe, shore birds a day.

DELAWARE.—Six animals, 75 rail, 20 ducks, 12 other birds or fowl, except plover, snipe, and reedbirds, a day.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.—No limits.

MAINE.—One moose, 2 deer a season, (except in Cumberland, Knox, Kennebec, Lincoln, Sagadahoc, Waldo, and York Counties, limit 1, and in lumber camps, limit 6;) 6 ruffed grouse, 10 woodcock, 15 each of plover, snipe, and ducks, and 70 sandpipers a day.

MARYLAND.—One deer a season, 12 rabbits, 12 squirrels, 15 quail, (partridges,) 6 ruffed grouse, (pheasants,) 3 English pheasants, 2 wild turkeys, 25 doves, 12 woodcock, 12 jacksnipe a day, 50 rail, (ortolan,) per tide. Exceptions: Calvert, 12 quail, 6 rabbits a day; Cecil, 12 quail, (partridges,) 4 ruffed grouse, (pheasants,) 15 snipe, 50 rail, (ortolan,) 50 blackbirds per day; Patuxent River, 50 rail (ortolan) or reed birds a day.

MASSACHUSETTS.—One deer in counties having open seasons, 15 black ducks a day.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.—Two deer a season in Coos, Carroll, and Grafton Counties, 1 in rest of State.

NEW JERSEY.—One deer a season, 10 quail, 3 ruffed grouse, 3 English or ringneck pheasants, 3 Hungarian partridges, 10 woodcock, 30 each marsh hens and ducks, 15 each geese and brant a day or in possession.

NEW YORK.—Two deer, 36 quail, 36 woodcock, 20 grouse, 3 male imported pheasants a season, 10 rabbits, 6 quail, 6 woodcock, 4 grouse a day.

NORTH CAROLINA.—Brunswick, New Hanover, Pender, 15 marsh hens a day; Buncombe, 2 deer a season, 25 partridges, pheasants, wild turkeys, or doves a day; Cabarrus, Mecklenburg Surry, 15 quail, (partridges,) a day; Cleveland, 10 quail, (partridges,) a day; Dare, 5 deer a season; Haywood, 1 buck a day, 2 a season, 2 pheasants, 2 wild turkeys, or 20 birds in all a day; Henderson, Jackson, 2 bucks a season; Madison, 20 birds a day; Transylvania, 3 deer a season, 5 squirrels, 20 quail, (partridges,) a day.

PENNSYLVANIA.—One deer a season, 6 squirrels, 10 rabbits or hares a day, 10 quail a day, 40 a week, 75 a season; 5 ruffed grouse a day, 20 a week, 50 a season; 10 each of English, Mongolian, or Chinese pheasants and woodcock a day, 20 a week, 60 a season; 5 Hungarian partridges a day, 20 a week, 50 a season; 1 wild turkey a day, 2 a season.

RHODE ISLAND.—No limits.

SOUTH CAROLINA.—Five deer a season, 25 quail, (partridges,) 2 wild turkeys, 25 doves, 12 woodcock a day.

VERMONT.—One deer and 25 ruffed grouse or woodcock a season, 6 rabbits, 5 each of gray squirrels, quail, ruffed grouse, partridges, plover, English snipe, woodcock, and geese, and 20 ducks a day.

VIRGINIA.—No limits.

WEST VIRGINIA.—Two deer a season, 12 quail a day, 96 a season; 6 ruffed grouse a day, 25 a season; 2 wild turkeys a day, 6 a season.

HYDRO-AEROPLANE WINS.

Water and Air Craft Barely Beats Motor Boat on Portage Lake.

HOUGHTON, Mich., Sept. 29.—A hydro-aeroplane drive by C. C. Wilmer defeated L. C. Pryor's twenty-six-foot motor boat, one of the fastest craft of its kind in the world, around a three-mile circular course of Portage Lake to-day.

With a strong wind behind, the hydro-aeroplane, skimming over the water at a rate of forty miles an hour, easily distanced the boat during the first part of the race, but this advantage was lost on the turn, and the boat then took the lead. Wilmer could not overtake the boat while in the water, so he shot into the air and crossed the finish line fifty yards in the lead. Wilmer rising from the water was one of the conditions of the match, it was said. The boat made thirty-six miles an hour.

Magnus Shows Billiard Skill.

In the continuation of the Greater New York three-cushion carrom billiard tournament at Keeney's Billiard Academy in Brooklyn last night, Ray Magnus, a Manhattan representative, easily defeated J. M. Millette, who is playing for Brooklyn, by the score of 40 to 27, in sixty-four innings. The New York player is a scratch man, and had to make forty points in order to win, while the Brooklyn representative was playing with a handicap of thirty points. This is Magnus's second victory this week. Both contestants were in splendid shape for last night's game. Millette looked like a winner shortly after the beginning of the contest. For the first twenty innings the Brooklyn player held Magnus safe, and at the end of the twentieth frame they were on even terms in the scoring. From this stage of the contest the Manhattan player began to gradually creep ahead of his opponent until he had a safe lead, and although the Brooklyn representative had only to make thirty points while Magnus was tallying forty, Millette could not overcome the Gothamite's lead. The winner made the high run of 5, while Millette's best run netted him 4. John Hulking will represent Brooklyn in the contest which will be decided this evening at Doyle's Forty-second Street Billiard Academy.

ROADS FOR AUTOISTS TO AVIATION MEET

The Bureau of Tours of the Automobile Club of America has issued the following road report for autoists who contemplate attending the aviation meet at Nassau Boulevard.

The aerodrome is about two miles west of Mineola and bounded by the Roxbury Road on the east, Stewart Avenue on the south, and Hyde Park Road on the west. The hangars are on the Roxbury Road, at the northeast corner, and the main grand stands are in the centre of the Roxbury Road side, on the east side of the field.

Entrances to the grand stands are at gates one to six on the east (Roxbury Road) side. Parking spaces seven to thirteen on the south (Stewart Avenue) side and fourteen to seventeen on the west (Hyde Park Road) side. Gates 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 are entrances to the grand stand.

Route A, via Queensboro Bridge.—New York cross Queensboro Bridge. End of Bridge 2.8, straight on, follow trolley along Long Island Railroad to Jackson Avenue, straight on over viaduct, into Thompson Avenue. Cross railroad, take right fork on Hoffman Boulevard, at Winfield through Newtown; turn left at garage on Hillside Avenue, 10.5, to Peace Monument. Jamaica: Straight on, turn right at greenhouses. Turn left on Jericho Turnpike under railroad through Floral Park and Hyde Park, into New Hyde Park Road to the aerodrome.

Route B, via Queensboro Bridge.—This route avoids practically all the bad sections of the regular route to Jamaica, but is somewhat longer. From Queensboro Bridge, follow Thompson Avenue to fork in Winfield. Take left fork on Shell Road. At Broadway, Elmhurst, leave the regular route by turning left with trolley and follow same to the end of the asphalt. Here turn right on dusty macadam road for three blocks. Turn left on new amicite road, which follow to its end at Jackson Avenue. Turn right on Jackson Avenue, and follow same into Broadway, Flushing. Follow Route G from this point.

Route "C," via Williamsburg Bridge.—At Brooklyn end of bridge turn right to Broad way and then to Bedford Avenue. Follow line to Bushwick and Jamaica Avenues to Richmond Hill and Jamaica. Follow regular route from Jamaica.

Route "D," via Manhattan Bridge.—At Brooklyn end of bridge turn left on Nassau street, right on Fulton Street, left on Fulton Street into Hoyt Street, left on Livingston Street, right into Flatbush Avenue, to arch. Turn left into Eastern Parkway, cross Fulton Street under elevated at Broadway, cross railroad, turn right on Bushwick Ave to Jamaica. Turn left on Fulton, turn left on Jamaica Avenue. Pass Ridgewood Avenue, Dresden Street, under railroad at Richmond Hill, to Jamaica. From this point follow regular route.

Route "E" via Brooklyn Bridge.—Bear right on Liberty Street, cross Fulton Street into Clinton Street, turn left on Livingston Street, bear right on Flatbush Avenue, to arch. Turn left, into Eastern Parkway, pass gen. Slocum's Statue, and follow Route "C" from this point.

Route "F" via Jamaica and Hempstead Turnpike.—Follow Route "A" to Jamaica, straight on Hillside Avenue, right on Queens Road, left on Jamaica Turnpike, right fork on Hempstead Turnpike, cross railroad. Belmont Park on left, follow trolley at Franklin Square, (hotels on corners,) turn left on Hyde Park Road, at once bear left, bear right on Gravel Road, cross railroad, turn right on Stewart Avenue, (at large maple trees,) straight on to aerodrome.

Route "G," via Ninety-second Street Ferry and Flushing.—From ferry, straight on Fulton Street, becoming Flushing Avenue, follow trolley, straight on, cross railroad, pass cemetery on right, leave trolley, straight on, cross trolley, meet and follow trolley, cross bridge. At once cross railroad on Broadway to Flushing. Cross railroad at Broadway Street, through crossroads, meet and follow trolley, cross bridge, turn right, straight on through crossroads at Lakeville, pass lake on right, follow main road, turn left, turn right at New Hyde Park Road, cross railroad, at once take left fork to the aerodrome.

C. & N. W. EARNINGS UP.

More Dividends Paid, So Profit and Loss Balance Was Lessened.

The net income of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway Company, as shown by its annual report issued yesterday, increased during the year ended June 30, 1911, by $304,600 over the preceding year, but owing to an increase in dividends on the common stock, amounting to $1,067,577, the balance carried to profit and loss was less by $762,974. This increase in dividends was due to the payment of a full year's dividend on the increase in the company's stock in the latter half of the preceding fiscal year.

Operating revenues were $74,819,186, an increase of $742,501, and the operating expenses $53,012,710, an increase of $850,091, making the net operating revenue $21,905,476, a decrease of $116,590. There was a decrease in the deficit on outside operations of $3,264, an increase in taxes accrued of $138,521, an increase in other income of $463,707, and a decrease in rents, interest and other deductions of $7,048. The resulting net income was $12,608,100, as against $12,298,497 the year before.

In operating expenses there was a decrease of $20,971 in the labor item. This was the result of a decrease of $1,312,287 due to less time worked by employes, and an increase of $1,111,317, due to higher rates of compensation.

Passenger revenue increased $367,806, and freight revenue decreased $511,883. Of the authorized capital of $200,000 the total stock and scrip outstanding on June 30, 1911, was $154,854,486. The net increase during the year in bonds held by the public and in sinking funds was $16,018,000.

During the year 27,008 acres and thirty-seven town lots of the company's grant lands were sold for $589,868.

The report of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway Company for the year ended June 30, 1911, shows operating revenues of $16,092,851, an increase of $997,829, and operating expenses of $10,656,054, an increase of $767,575. The net corporate income was $2,816,885, an increase of $201,100, and the net surplus for the year was $729,475.

ANTI-BOXING BILL IN.

Newcomb Introduces It After Dix Sends In Message Urging Law's Repeal.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 29.—Following the receipt by the Legislature of a special message from Gov. Dix in which he denounced as "hostile to the feelings and the interests of the law-abiding citizens of the State," the "disorderly and unregulated boxing exhibitions which have been held under the State Athletic Commission act," Senator Josiah T. Newcomb of New York to-day introduced a bill in the Senate providing for the repeal of the law.

The Newcomb bill was put in under difficulties. Senator Timothy D. Sullivan blocked the attempts of Senator Newcomb to get his bill to the Senate Clerk's desk as long as that was possible. Then he obstructed the Senator's effort to get his bill advanced to the order of third reading. It was sent instead to the Committee on Fonance, of which Senator Frawley, author of the law, is Chairman. The plan is to pigeonhole it there.

Should the Legislature fail to head the Governor's recommendation for the repeal of the Frawley law, he can attain his end by exercising his power of removing the remaining members of the Athletic Commission, whose places it would not be incumbent upon him to fill. The law would thus be inoperative in effect. It is said that Gov. Dix might take such action as a last resort.

NOTES OF MOTOR CYCLISTS.

While the races at the Guttenberg motordrome in North Bergen last Sunday were not of high-class they were interesting, particularly the ten-mile handicap event for trade riders. The races were exclusively for trade and private owners, the professional events being abandoned through the scarcity of that class of riders in this neighborhood. To-day at Guttenberg there will be a ten-mile professional race, and five events for private owners and trade riders. There will also be another race meet at Olympic Park in Newark this afternoon.

A. G. Chapple, the professional racing man, returned from Chicago last Monday, but as yet he has not ridden a machine around the city. Chapple was prominent in the record-breaking races in the Riverview Stadium in Chicago, but was unfortunate in the accident line. During one of his mishaps he was thrown from his machine and bounced along the wooden saucer course. In a local hospital Chapple had to stand up while physicians extracted no less than 127 splinters of all sizes from his back and limbs. He intends to be riding again soon.

Frank Hart, another racing man, but in the trade riders' class, is a New Yorker, but since he won the amateur championship at Buffalo recently he has been pretty much in the go at out of town race meets. During the last two weeks Hart cleaned up the prizes at Detroit, Columbus, and several other Middle West cities.

This is a busy time of the year for the racing motor cyclists throughout the country. It is about this season that the country and State fairs are under way in every section of the country, and motor cycle racing is an attraction that is growing more popular at such affairs every year. During the last week Dr. Thornley, Chairman of the F. A. M. Competition Committee, has issued fifteen sanctions for various forms of competition throughout the country. The small town tracks are in the majority of cases used for these events.

Now that the Summer season is over motorcycles are becoming more conspicuous on the streets and roads adjacent to the city. Every Saturday afternoon and Sunday morning scores of riders can be seen going up Broadway or Riverside Drive, heading for the open country. Greenwood Lake, Lake Mahopac, and the Hopkascong are popular short trips for local riders. The city section of Long Island, after the close-to-the-city section is passed, fail allure cyclists from this city and New Jersey cities.

It is expected that the Federation of American Motor Cycle will start a campaign soon for the wearing of a uniform costume by riders who are members of the organization. It is the general belief among non-riders of machines that it is absolutely necessary for a motor cyclists to be garbed in a khaki suit every much the worse for wear, and the spattering of oil and grease. It is this feeling that the F. A. M. wants to overcome, and a movement has been started which may result in the near future in all the affiliated motor cyclists wearing a standard uniform. Many suggestions have been made as to the kind of cloth to be used in these suits, &c., and after a thorough investigation and study of the situation has been made the F. A. M. is expected to make a selection.

Local motor cyclists are as much interested in the proposed opening of the Harlem Speedway to motor vehicle traffic as are the automobilists, for it will mean another route out of the city for those who live on the upper east side or downtown riders, who use the Central Park roads on the way north.

The results of the trio cup trials of the Motor Cycle Touring Club of New York, Affiliated, were announced last Monday night at a meeting of that organization at its clubhouse in West Eighty-third Street. The final and deciding trial was held last Sunday, when ten riders went over a course leading from New York to Newburg, up the west side of the Hudson, and back to the city, via the east shore roads. Several sections of the roads traveled were in practically impassable condition, the mud in places being from six inches to a foot deep. This was particularly noticeable near Peekskill and again at North Tarrytown, where repairs were being made to the highway. As a result but three of the ten men that started in the run came through with perfect scores. Three others dropped out at Suffern, the first control. There was a hill climb at Fort Lee, and another was scheduled to be held at Peekskill, but the latter had to be abandoned because the officials were delayed in reaching that point. The final scores of the third run were: Ashley, 3ard; Hoffman, 991; Molin, 1,000; William Wood, 950; Meinelt, 1,000; Buschner, 990; Schultheis, 1,000; Kreudler, cut at Tarrytown; Weiss, out at Suffern, and Ansorage, cut at Suffern. A team representing the Bay Ridge Motor Cycle Club was the winner of the three silver cups offered for the best performance made by a team of three men riding the same make of machine. The members of this team were C. B. Meinelt, L. S. Schultheis, and C. A. Buschner, and they rode Merkel single cylinder machines. The club trophy was won by the Motor Cycle Touring Club of New York. Affiliated. David Molin and Meinelt were the only riders to complete the three trials with perfect scores and they were awarded gold medals. Hoffman and Schultheis were awarded silver medals for having perfect scores on two of the runs.

The Fairmont's Card for To-night.

Sailor White and Jack McCormick, a pair of heavyweights, should furnish a real old-fashioned boxing match to-night at the Fairmont Athletic Club. They are billed for ten rounds, but it is not likely that the contest will go to the limit. In a ten-round semi-final Kid Herman will box Willie Chandler. The latter is his bout in all work. In another ten-rounder Young Le Roy is matched with Art Edwards. The opening bout is a six-round affair between Lee Johnson and Jack Guilfoyle.

NO APPROVAL YET OF TOBACCO PLAN

Hasn't Been Submitted to the Attorney General in Final Form for His Acceptance.

ALL SIDES ARE HOPEFUL

Market Transactions Also Indicate Confidence in the Result—Tobacco Dealers Complain to Wickersham.

The assumption that seems to have prevailed in some quarters in the financial district this week that all is now clear sailing before the American Tobacco Company's plan for its own disintegration is somewhat premature, it was learned yesterday on good authority. This does not mean that any new obstacles have arisen or that this optimistic view may not be vindicated by the event, but the fact seems to have been overlooked that the final reorganization of the complex structure reared by the managers of the trust involves a great many considerations beyond the mere splitting of the parent concern into three new companies.

The Supreme Court not only held that the American Tobacco Company itself is a combination in restraint of trade, having been formed by the merger of the Consolidated Tobacco Company, the Continental Tobacco Company, and the old American Tobacco Company, but its control of scores of subsidiaries in its capacity as a holding company also came under the ban. While it has been known for weeks that the parent company, under the company's plan, is to be split into three new corporations, the plan, when presented to the Circuit Court next week, must also provide for the disposition of these subsidiaries, including such well-known concerns as the United Cigar Stores Company. As the assets of these companies admittedly consist largely of good-will, the value of which is conceded even by Commissioner of Corporations Smith, the problem of their distribution is a complicated one.

It is also to be noted that even the projected disintegration of the main company into the P. Lorillard Company, the Liggett & Meyer Company, and a new American Tobacco Company has not yet received the approval of the Department of Justice. District Attorney Wickersham is not committed to the plan, nor is J. C. McReynolds, the special assistant to the Attorney General in the tobacco cases. Counsel for the company, in denying some of the reports that have been circulated, have declared that their plan is not yet in final shape, and Attorney General Wickersham said last night that it had not yet been submitted to him, although it is understood that it will be so submitted before it is filed in court.

The question whether this decree of disintegration will be satisfactory to the prosecution, therefore, remains open. The series of conferences which have been held between the two parties to the suit under the auspices of the Circuit Court Judges have been marked by an effort on the part of the company's representatives to yield as little as possible in the decree of disintegration, and on the part of the prosecution to bring them to a more thorough-going dissolution. In the course of these conferences the company has come further and further toward the Government's position, and Attorney Genera Wickersham has expressed the hope that a basis has now practically been reached on which the problem can be worked out satisfactorily.

Many Rumors About the Details.

In the meantime stories continue to be circulated in Wall Street purporting to give the details of the exchange of securities which will effect the actual disintegration of the property. While this will be a very material consideration before the court, whose duty it is to see that as little damage as possible is done to property and business in the process of dissolution, it is not the chief concern of the Government officers, who are interested primarily in making sure that the monopoly is broken up. Wall Street, on the other hand, is especially interested in the exchange of securities, and each new report of the alleged plan in this respect is eagerly seized upon.

A lawyer connected with the case, who is in a position to know, said yesterday that some of these reported plans contained isolated facts that were themselves literally true, but that those isolated facts, taken by themselves or in conjunction with other statements that were incorrect, gave an entirely erroneous view of the actual plan of the company in its general bearings. Some of these reports apparently come from irresponsible quarters, possibly with a view to their effect on the stock market. Others, it was suggested yesterday, may have been put out from sources indirectly in touch with those who are working out the plan in order to test sentiment in the financial district and among the security holders.

One of the stories circulated yesterday was that the holders of 6 per cent. bonds are to receive half the amount of their holdings in 7 per cent. bonds of one of the new companies, and half in 6 per cent. bonds of another new company; holders of 4 per cents. to receive half the amount of their holdings in 5 per cent bonds and half in 4 per cent. bonds of two new companies, respectively; holders of preferred stock to one-third the amount in 7 per cent. preferred of one of the new companies, and two-thirds in new 6 per cent. preferred, the common stockholder to get common stock in each of the new companies.

Another report was that securities of like kind would be issued by the new companies pro rata to the present security holders; that the holders of 6 per cent bonds would get 6 per cent. bonds in each of the three new companies, holders of 4 per cent. bonds would get 4 per cent bonds, holders of preferred stock would get preferred stock, and holders of common stock would get common stock.

Those directly in touch with the work on the plan said that it was impossible to give an intelligent idea of the actual disposition of these details without taking into consideration other factors in the proposed solution of the problem in all its comprehensive scope. Junius Parker, one of the counsel for the company, said:

"I would not take too seriously any of the reports that have been circulated. The plan will not be ready for announcement until it is filed with the court."

Complaints of Tobacconists.

Attorney General Wickersham received at the Bar Association yesterday a delegation from the Retail Tobacconists' Association, who presented their grievances against the trust. They expect to be represented by couns

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Quieter Trading Results in a Greatly Lessened Volume of Transactions.

SMALL LOSS FOR STEEL

War News Brings a Reaction, but Some Issues Hold Their Earlier Gains.

For the first few hours yesterday Wall Street succeeded in showing its indifference to unfavorable developments abroad and bad news at home. The announcement of a declaration of war on Turkey by Italy did not reach New York until the early afternoon, and until that time stocks maintained a moderate advance. The behavior of Steel and other leading issues under renewed attempts to force a downward movement indicated a considerable degree of underlying strength, but a heavy falling off in the volume of transactions showed that traders were again in doubt as to the extent of the improvement in the European situation and the status of big business in this country.

Yesterday's sales reached a total of 795,350 shares, a srinkage of surprising dimensions from the heavy dealings earlier in the week. Steel common again furnished nearly half of this volume, with sales of 360,600 shares. After the early activity interest began to flag, and the market became very dull in the early afternoon. Toward the close trading was stimulated by the receipt of the war news, and prices declined in an orderly manner. At the close a few stocks, notably American Sugar, Tobacco preferred, "Clover Leaf" preferred, and United States Rubber, showed good gains over the previous day's close. Union Pacific declined ⅝, and Steel closed at 60¾, a loss of ⅝, after selling up to 62 in the forenoon.

Overshadowing all else in the day's developments was the sudden turn in the attitude of Italy on the Tripoli question. International bankers, who were at first inclined to minimize the results of a war between Italy and Turkey, took a more serious view of the trouble later and were free to admit that a widespread disturbance in the European markets might be the outcome. London was a seller in this market to the extent of probably 25,000 shares, and Berlin, which had bought back a small part of the stocks liquidated in recent weeks, was again disposed to sell American shares. The failure of the Goettinger Bank in Berlin, while not of worldwide significance in itself, brought fresh attention to bear on the disturbed state of that important market. While Berlin is not in any sense of the word facing a crisis, according to a view of bankers in New York, her situation is disturbing. It was reported yesterday that $1,500,000 in gold bars would be shipped from the Assay Office to France, but none of the bankers likely to handle such a transaction could confirm this yesterday. They admitted, however, that a shipment seemed imminent. If Europe had been willing to forego interest on the gold while in transit it would have been sent some days ago.

The decision of the Union Pacific's shopmen to strike undoubtedly means a further disturbance to business, and may prove an expensive problem for the company to handle, but it is not likely to interfere with the movement of traffic and the company's equipment is in better shape than ever before. Inasmuch as this trouble has been hanging over the road for some time, Wall Street was inclined to regard it as a favorable development when it learned that the question was to be fought out. Some disappointment was caused by the declaration of another 1 per cent. dividend on Southern Railway preferred, putting this issue nominally on a 2 per cent. annual basis.

The Southern's earnings have been very good and its stock had advanced in the belief that the dividend rate would be made 4 per cent. at this meeting. The Erie Railroad is negotiating for the sale of $4,500,000 short-term notes, which may be placed in London if better terms can be obtained there.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2@2¼ per cent., with the last loan at 2¼ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2¼ per cent.

Time money rates, 3½@3¾ per cent. for sixty days, 3¼@3¾ per cent. for ninety days, and 3¾@4 per cent. for four, five, and six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 4 per cent. for November and December maturities, and 4½@5 per cent. for over-the-year maturities, with some business on special names at lower rates.

Private discount rates abroad: London, 3 15-16 per cent., unchanged; Paris, 3 per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 4¾ per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $363,311,545; balances, $12,908,770; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $204,267.

The local banks have lost $3,727,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations this week.

Foreign exchange rates on the points named were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8675; demand, $4.8625.
Paris—Cable, $5.16⅞ plus 1-32; check, $5.17⅛.
Berlin—Cable, 95; check, 94⅞ plus 1-32.
Switzerland—Cable, $5.19⅛ plus 1-32; check, $5.19⅜ less 1-16.
Holland—Cable, 40.17; check, 40.11.
Belgium—Cable, $5.20⅝; check, $5.21¼ plus 1-32.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers' sixty days, $4.83; ninety days, $4.8110.
London—Commercial, sixty days, $4.82⅝; ninety days, $4.80⅝.
Paris—Bankers' sixty days, $5.20⅝; ninety days, $5.21⅛ less 1-16.
Paris—Commercial, sixty days, $5.21⅛; ninety days, $5.22⅛ less 1-15.
Berlin—Bankers' sixty days, 94½; ninety days, 94⅞.
Berlin—Commercial, sixty days, 94 3-16 less 1-3; ninety days, 93⅝ plus 1-3.
Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, 10c premium; St. Louis, par; San Francisco, 60c premium; St. Paul, 25c premium; Montreal, 31¼c discount.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver 1-16d higher in London, at 24 5-16d per ounce, and in New York ⅛c higher, at 52¾c. Mexican dollars were quoted at 40c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year as follows:

	Sept. 28.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Rcts., customs	$982,937	$22,981,170	$72,388,188
Internal rev	1,092,576	23,695,772	70,281,800
Corporation tax	81,417	199,827	1,777,780
Miscellaneous	120,066	4,472,631	13,627,237
Total receipts	3,227,028	51,346,212	158,234,956
Expenditures	1,628,299	48,351,587	178,617,387
Surplus	896,727	2,994,624	*18,582,620

*Deficit.

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was:

Working balance in Treasury offices, $35,947,771; in banks and Philippine Treasury, $31,279,484.

The total of the general fund was $141,748,-467.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Friday.

Total sales Sept. 29, 1911..... 795,350
From Jan. 1, 1911..... 91,208,961
Same period last year..... 129,756,344

Casing. Bid.	Casing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
195	215	20	Adams Express	200	209	209	209	...
48⅝	48¼	16,600	Amalgamated Copper	48⅝	49⅞	48¼	48¼	—1¼
50¾	50⅞	1,800	Am. Beet Sugar	50⅝	51	50⅝	50⅝	...
122⅞	123	100	Am. Brake S. & F. pf	125	125	125	125	—6½
9⅝	9⅝	100	Am. Can	9½	9⅝	9½	9½	— ⅛
82	82¾	1,000	Am. Can pf	82	83¼	82	82	— ⅞
43	43¼	800	Am. Car & Foundry	43¾	43⅞	43⅝	43½	...
100	116½	100	Am. Car & Fdy. pf	115	115	115	115	—1½
47⅞	49	100	Am. Cotton Oil	48½	48½	48¼	48¼	—1
34	34⅝	300	Am. Locomotive	35	35	34½	34½	+ ⅛
42	42⅞	100	Am. Malt pf	42½	42½	42⅜	42⅜	+ ⅛
61⅝	61⅞	14,700	Am. Smelt. & Ref	61⅝	62⅜	61⅝	61⅞	— ⅛
100	101	300	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	100⅞	100⅞	100⅛	100⅞	+ ⅛
28	29	100	Am. Steel Foundries	28½	28¾	28½	28½	+1½
114	116	140	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	116	116	116	116	+2½
132⅝	133¼	1,800	Am. Tel. & Tel. x d	133⅝	133⅞	132⅜	132⅝	— ¾
96½	97	9,700	Am. Tobacco pf	95	98¼	95	96⅝	+1¼
...	...	700	Am. Tob. pf. "B"	96⅞	97¼	96⅝	97¼	+1⅜
86¼	88	100	Am. Woolen pf	87	87	87	87	— ⅞
31⅛	32	300	Anaconda Copper Co	32	32	31⅞	31⅞	— ⅜
101½	102	8,700	Atch., Top. & S. F	102	103	101½	101⅞	— ⅜
102½	103	400	Atch., Top. S. F. pf	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛	— ⅜
120¾	121	300	Atlantic Coast Line	121½	121½	121	121½	+ ⅜
94	94½	4,800	Baltimore & Ohio	94¼	94½	93½	94	— ⅜
86	88	100	Baltimore & Ohio pf	87	87	87	87	+1
1¼	1¾	100	Batopilas Mining	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	+ ⅛
26½	28	600	Bethlehem Steel	27¼	28½	27½	28⅜	+ ⅜
53	55	100	Bethlehem Steel pf	55½	55¾	55½	55½	+ ⅜
73¼	73¾	2,500	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	73¾	73⅞	73¼	73¾	— ⅛
129	132	100	Brooklyn Union Gas	131	131	131	131	+1
222⅝	223¾	14,400	Canadian Pacific	224⅞	225¾	223¼	223⅝	—2
21	21½	1,520	Central Leather Co	20⅝	21⅝	20⅝	21	+ ⅜
92	94	100	Cent. Leather Co. pf	92	92	92	92	...
70½	71	3,300	Chesapeake & Ohio	70⅞	71¼	70½	70½	— ⅜
18	19	1,200	Chicago Gt. Western	17⅝	18	17⅝	18	...
36	37	50	Chi. Gt. Western pf	36¼	36¾	36¼	36½	...
108	108¼	12,900	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	107⅜	109	107⅜	108	...
17¼	17⅝	2,000	Chino Copper	17½	17⅝	17¼	17⅜	— ⅜
25⅞	26¼	100	Colorado Fuel & Iron	26	26	26	26	...
132⅝	133½	1,700	Consolidated Gas	133	133⅜	132⅝	133	...
11	11¼	200	Corn Products Ref	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼	— ⅛
73	75	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf. x d	75¼	75¾	75¼	75⅞	+2⅜
94¼	96	100	Cuban-Am. Sugar pf	96	96	96	96	...
158½	161	100	Delaware & Hudson	161½	161¾	161½	161⅞	+2
21¾	22⅜	100	Denver & Rio Grande	22¼	22½	22¼	22½	...
47	48½	100	Den. & Rio Grande pf	47	47	47	47	...
30¼	31⅝	200	Distillers' Securities	31½	31½	31½	31½	+ ½
29⅞	30	8,900	Erie	30¼	30¾	30	30	— ⅛
49	49¼	1,700	Erie 1st pf	49¼	50	49¼	49¼	— ⅛
40	40⅜	100	Erie 2d pf	40¼	40¾	40¼	40⅞	+ ⅛
148	148¾	4,500	General Electric	147¾	150⅞	147¾	148⅝	+ ⅞
5¼	5¾	3,600	Goldfield Consol. x d	5¼	5¾	5¼	5¾	+ ⅛
122¼	122⅝	3,600	Great Northern pf	123	123¼	122	122⅝	— ⅛
45½	46½	100	Gt. N. certs. ore prop	46½	46⅞	46½	46⅞	+1
135¼	137	10	Illinois Central	136¾	136¾	136¾	136⅝	...
13¾	14¼	1,200	Interborough-Met	14	14¼	14	14	...
41¾	42	800	Interborough-Met. pf	41¾	42	41¼	41¼	— ⅛
100¾	102	500	Int. Harvester	102¼	102¼	100¾	100¾	—1¾
27⅞	30	100	Int. Steam Pump	27	27	27	27	—2
60¾	63	200	Kan. City So. pf. x d	63	63¼	63	63¼	+ ⅝
157⅞	158	11,000	Lehigh Valley	157¾	158⅜	156¾	157⅝	— ⅛
139¾	141	2,000	Louisville & Nash	140¼	141	140	140	—1¼
74	75½	100	May Dept. Stores	75	75	75	75	...
14	15½	100	Mercantile Marine pf	14	14	14	14	...
16⅞	17	700	Miami Copper	16⅝	17	16⅝	17	+ ⅛
85	88	100	M., St. P. & S.S.M.L.I.	87½	87½	87	87	...
27⅝	28	700	Mo., Kansa & Texas	28	28⅜	28	28	— ⅛
28	29	100	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf	65	65	65	65	+2
36	36¾	1,750	Missouri Pacific	36½	36¾	36	36¼	+ ⅛
124	125	500	Nat. Biscuit Co	125	125	123¼	123¾	—1
46¼	46¾	100	Nat. Lead Co	46¼	46¾	46¼	46⅞	+ ⅛
16	16¼	1,000	Nev. Consol. Copper	16	16⅜	16	16⅛	— ⅛
102	102½	2,400	New York Central	101⅜	102⅜	101⅜	102	— ⅛
131	131¼	100	N. Y., N. H. & Hart	131½	131½	131½	131¼	...
88	89	100	N. Y. Ont. & West	38⅝	38¾	38⅝	38⅞	...
101¾	102⅜	1,520	Norfolk & Western	101½	102⅜	101½	102⅛	+ ⅛
65¼	67⅝	100	North American	65½	65¾	65½	65⅝	+ ⅛
118	118½	8,400	Northern Pacific	118⅜	114⅞	113	113½	+ ⅛
29¾	30	200	Pacific Mail	30	30¾	30	30⅜	+ ⅛
37	39	100	Pacific Tel. & Tel	38½	38½	38½	38½	—2
119½	119⅝	4,250	Pennsylvania R. R	119¾	119⅞	119¾	119½	— ⅛
78	78½	300	Pittsburgh Coal pf	78½	79	78	78	—1
27½	28¼	95	Pressed Steel Car	27	27	27	27	...
12⅝	12¾	750	Ray Consol. Copper	12⅝	12⅞	12⅝	12¾	...
138	138¾	109,000	Reading	137⅞	139¾	137½	138	+ ⅛
22¼	22½	500	Rep. Iron & Steel	22¼	22¼	22¼	22¾	+ ⅜
84	83	200	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	85	85	85	85	+ ⅛
23¾	23½	1,200	Rock Island Co	23⅜	24	23½	23½	— ⅛
44	45	900	Rock Island Co. pf	44½	44½	44½	44½	— ⅛
38	39	450	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	38	38¾	38	38	...
129	131	200	Sears, Roebuck & Co	129	129	129	129	+3½
107¼	107⅝	10,800	Southern Pacific	107½	108	106⅞	107½	— ⅛
25	25⅜	3,400	Southern R'way ext	25¼	26¼	25⅜	25⅞	— ⅛
63	63½	1,000	South. R'way pf., ext	64⅜	64⅜	63¼	63½	+ ⅛
32	33	200	Tennessee Copper	33⅝	33⅝	33	33	— ⅛
23½	23¾	200	Texas & Pacific	23½	23½	23¼	23½	+ ⅛
17½	19	100	Tol., St. L. & West	18½	18½	18½	18½	...
41	41⅝	800	T., St. L. & W. pf. ex d	40¾	41⅜	40¾	41⅜	...
104	106	40	Twin City R. Transit	105½	105½	105½	105½	...
5¾	6	150	Union Bag & Paper	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	+ ⅛
89	93	200	Underw'd Typewriter	90	90	90	90	+1½
158⅞	159	123,275	Union Pacific	159¼	160⅜	158⅛	159	— ⅝
90	90½	500	Union Pacific pf	90¼	90⅝	90¼	90⅜	+ ⅛
96	97½	100	United Dry Goods	97½	97½	97½	97½	+ ⅛
102	102½	100	United Dry Goods pf	102	102	102	102	+ ⅛
27	29	100	United Rys. Inv	29	29	29	29	...
53½	60	100	United Rys. Inv. pf	53½	53½	53½	53½	—1
11¼	12¾	100	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	11⅝	12½	11⅝	12½	+ ⅛
66	67	100	U. S. Realty & Imp	66	66	66	66	...
37⅝	38¼	8,200	U. S. Rubber	36⅞	38⅝	36⅞	38	+⅜
105	106⅜	1,400	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	105	106¼	106	106	+1⅛
68	75	100	U. S. Rubber 2d pf	69	69	69	69	+1
60	60¾	360,600	U. S. Steel	60	62	59⅝	60¾	— ⅝
109	109¼	3,700	U. S. Steel pf	109	110	109	109⅛	+ ⅛
40	40¾	5,000	Utah Copper	40	41	39¾	40	+ ⅛
45¼	45½	1,100	Va.-Caro. Chemical	45	45⅜	45	45¼	+ ⅛
114½	116	200	Va.-C. Ch. pf., ex d	114¼	114½	114¼	114½	+1½
39	41	300	Va. R'way & Power	40	40	40	40	— ⅛
10	10¾	1,400	Wabash	10¼	10⅜	10	10	— ⅛
20⅝	21	1,200	Wabash pf	20½	21¼	20½	20⅝	— ⅛
139	143	250	Wells Fargo Express	140	140	140	140	...
51	62	1,250	Western Maryland	50	51	49⅝	51	+ ⅝
75	76⅝	440	Western Union Tel	76⅜	76⅝	76	76	—1½
61	61½	200	Westinghouse E. & M	62	62	62	62	+ ⅛
48	50½	300	Wisconsin Central	50	50	50	50	...

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100¾	100⅞	Granby Con.	60	...
2s, c., 1930	100¾	100⅞	Hav. E. R.	85½	...
3s, r., 1918	101½	102½	Hock. Val	118	...
3s, c., 1918	101½	...	Homestake	81¾	83
4s, r., 1925	113¾	114½	Inger.-Rand	110	...
4s, c., 1925	113¾	114½	Inger.-Rand pf.	100	...
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	...	100¼	Int. H. pf.	112	115
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	...	100¼	Int. Paper	59½	60¾
Panama 3s, 1961	...	102⅝	Int. P. pf.	46½	47
D. C. 3-65s, reg.	103	106	Int. St. P. pf.	81	83
Allis-Chalm.	6¾	6¾	Iowa Cent.	18	19
Allis-Chalm. pf.	16¼	18¼	Iowa Cent. pf.	37	38
Am. Ag. C.	45	47	Kan. C., Ft. S. & Mem. pf.	72	80
Am. Ag. C. pf., ex d.	64	...	Kan. C. So.	26	27½
Am. B. Sug. pf.	95½	100	K. & D. M.	4	8
Am. B. S. & Fdy.	82	88	K. & D. M. pf.	40	50
Am. Coal	60	100	Lack. Steel	30	40
Am. Cot. O. pf.	99	103	Lacl. Gas	102	102¼
Am. Exp.	195	210	L. E. & W.	10	13
A. H. & L. pf.	18¾	22	L. E. & W. pf.	24	28
Am. I. Sec.	17	19	Lake Shore	325	450
Am. L. Co.	8½	9	Long Island	45	52
Am. L. Co. pf.	26	27½	Mackay Cos.	81½	84
Am. Locom. pf.	104½	105½	Mackay Cos. pf.	72¾	74
Am. Malt.	3¾	4	Mah. C. R.	600	...
Am. S. pf.	82	84	Man. Elev.	132	135½
Am. Smelt.	226	...	Mer. Marine	3½	4½
Am. Snuff pf.	100	...	May Dept. Stores pf.	108½	110
Am. Sug. R.	115	116½	Mich. Cent.	...	180
A. T. & C.	70	85	M. & St. L.	3½	34
Am. T. Co.	28½	29¾	M. & St. L. pf.	59	61
Am. W. Pa. pf.	23¾	26	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	125	127½
Ann Arbor.	20	45	M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	144	147
Ann Arbor pf.	60	90	N., C. & St. L.	147	...
Bruns. Ter.	9	10	Nat. B. pf.	120¼	128
B., R. & P.	100	105	Nat. Enam.	13½	16
B., R. & P. pf.	120	150	Nat. Enam. pf.	90	93
But'k Co.	28	30½	Nat. L. pf.	105	106
Canada So.	...	72¾	Nat. Rys. of M. 1st pf.	60	72½
C. R. R. of N. J.	255	270	Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf.	29	30
C. & A.	...	...	N. Y. A. B.	50	56
Tel., ex d.	113	116	N. Y., C. & St. L.	46	49
Chi. & Alt.	16	17	N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st pf.	96½	...
Chi. & Alt. pf.	37	40	N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	75	85
C. & E. Ill. pf.	100	130	N. Y. D. Co.	...	25
C. I. & L. pf.	60	80	N. Y. D. Co. pf.	...	65
C. M. & St. Paul pf.	144¾	147	Nort. So., ex div.	45¼	45¾
C. & N. W.	141	141¾	Norf. & W. pf.	87	90
C. & N. W. pf.	190	200	Nor. Cent.	245	...
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	125	140	N. O. & Light	50	60
Chi. St. P., M. & Om. pf.	142	153	Ont. Mining	1	...
Chi. Un. T.	...	110	Pac. Coast	95	95
Chi. Un. T. pf.	4¼	5	Pac. C. 1st pf.	85	110
C. C. C. & St. L.	95	99	Pac. C. 2d pf.	85	100
C. C. C. & St. L. pf.	90	100	Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf. ex div.	92	97
Peo. G. C.	102	104	Peo. G. C. pf.	102	104
Peo. & E.	18	20	Pere Marq.	...	80
Col. F. & I. pf.	112	...	Perp M.	23	...
Col. & So.	44	46	Pfd.	...	88
Col. & So. 1st pf.	70	75	Phila-D'ge.	175	...
Col. & So. 2d pf.	63	...	P. C. C. & St. L.	93	96
Col. & H. C. & I., full paid	12	14	P. C. C. & St. L. pf.	102	115
Crex Carpet	55	60	Pitts. Coal	17	17½
Cuba R. pf.	80	...	Pitts. Ste. pf.	95	104
Cub.-Am. S.	52½	57½	Pr. St. Car pf.	94	99¼
D., L. & W.	500	540	Pullman Co.	154	155¾
D. M. & Ft. D.	8	...	Quicksilver	2	3
Ry. St. Sp.	27¼	27½	Q'kslf'r pf.	3½	5
Det. & M.	110	...	Ry. St. Sp.	27¼	27½
Det. & M. pf.	100	...	Ry. St. Sp. pf.	90	103¼
Det. U. R.	65	70	Rdg. 1st pf.	90	91
D., S. S. & A. pf.	8	11	Rdg. 2d pf.	92½	96
D. S. S. & A. pf.	18	23	R. W. & O.	116	...
Ev. & T. H. pf.	100	...	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	69	85
F. M. & S.	18¼	25	St. L. & S. F. C. & R. L. new ctfs.	51	60
F. M. & S. pf.	40	50	St. L. & S. W. pf.	68	90
Gen. Motors	38¼	40	Sears-Roeb.	...	121¾
Gen. Motors pf.	76½	77	S. S. S. & I.	26	28
Gen. C. Car	129	130	S. S. S. & I. pf.	...	110¼
Gen. C. Co. pf.	106¼	109	So. F. R. &	89½	98

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
So. P. R. S. pf.	105	110	U. S. Ind. Alcohol pf.	90	92½
So. Ry., M. & O. ctfs.	77	83	U. S. C. I. Pipe pf.	41	45
Stand. Mill.	14	17	U. S. Exp.	84	90
Stand. Mill. pf.	43	49	U. S. R. & Ref.	2	4
Texas Co.	85	87¼	U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	..	18
T. P. L. Tr.	31	...	Va. R. & P.	...	77
Third Av.	7½	8	Va. R. & P. pf.	...	...
T. P. & W.	16	...	West. Md.	76	80
T. R. & L.	5½	6	Westingh'se 1st pf. ex div.	113	114
Und. Typew. pf.	106½	110	W. & L. E.	2¼	3
U. B. & P. f. pf., ex d.	50	58	W. & L. E. 1st pf.	7	9
Un. Cig. M. pf.	100½	110	W. & L. E. 2d pf.	3	4½
U. S. Ind. Alcohol	22	25			

106,220

MINING STOCKS.

300	Belcher	.45	.45	.45	.45
200	Belmont	6.87½	6.87½	6.87½	6.87½
300	Consol. Va.	.70	.70	.70	.70
500	Jim Butler	.22	.22	.22	.22
500	Jumbo Ext.	.26	.26	.26	.26
200	Mexican	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
200	Nevada Hills	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75
200	Ophir	1.85	1.87½	1.85	1.87½
1,500	Tramp	.02	.02	.02	.02
200	Tonopah Ext.	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00

4,100

The New York Times Weekly Financial Review provides information for investors in bonds and stocks. Movements on the Exchanges and Curb impartially recorded. Accurate quotation tables for reference. A mine of useful knowledge to stockholders and bankers and brokers. Every Monday. Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a year. Strong binder to preserve the Review sent for One Dollar.—Adv.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Tripoli, from being a virtually negligible factor in the early dealings on the Consolidated Stock Exchange, became the most important factor in the final trading. The declaration by Italy of war against Turkey was responsible for a good deal of selling for both accounts, with prices declining sharply, compared with early high quotations. In the forenoon dealings remarkable strength was displayed in the face of the weakness reported at London and Berlin, as well as other disturbing influences. The latest speech of President Taft upon the "trusts" was variously construed. Business on the floor was heavy, totaling 106,220 shares, distributed over a list of forty-six different stocks.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,770	Amal. Copper	48⅞	49⅛	48⅝	49⅛
100	Am. Beet Sug.	51¾	51¾	50¾	51
20	Am. Car & Fy.	43¾	43¾	43½	43½

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Railroad Labor.

When the question of general increases in railway employes' wages was being discussed, there was a tendency in some quarters to maintain that with higher remuneration would come greater efficiency. Railroad executives derived little satisfaction from this view and subsequent earning statements have not reflected any "efficiency rebates" in return for the larger payrolls. The annual report of the Chicago & Northwestern shows that in the last fiscal year that company paid out for labor $29,949,940, as compared with $30,150,911 in the previous year. The Northwestern, accordingly, made a saving of $200,970, which may or may not have come from increased efficiency. The company cut off $1,312,287 from its payrolls by laying off men, but nearly all of this amount was wiped out by an increase of $1,111,816 in the compensation for those who worked.

***

Promise of Lower Sugar.

Abundant rains in Cuba have relieved the sugar situation, according to trade advices, and enabled new plantings to be made. Cane prospects of the ripening crop are said to be the best in twenty years, and with a continuance of favorable weather a crop of not less than 3,000,000 tons is predicted.

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Watch 1912 Rail Orders.

The steel companies are now prepared to book rail orders for 1912, and the extent to which the railroads come forward with orders for delivery next year will receive close attention. Rails are about the only steel product which does not respond to the price fluctuations of the rest of the list, the $28 a ton quotation having now been maintained for more than a decade.

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Record Gold Reserves.

That the Treasury's stock of gold coin and bullion has been "piling up and making a new world's record month by month" has been lost sight of, the National City Bank's October circular points out, "in the midst of the alarms and anxieties which now trouble the business world." "It is at least a comfort to know," the circular says, "that we are free from a peril which not so many years ago was paralyzing enterprise and surrounding all business with uncertainty, and that was the threat of a suspension of gold payments." The Treasury's gold hoard now stands at one billion two hundred million. In February, 1895, when low-water mark was touched, there was only $62,018,710 of gold in the Treasury, and of this $52,578,529 was pledged to the redemption of an equal amount of gold certificates, and the replenishment of the disappearing hoard by bond sales was several times necessary. Our present hoard is nearly double that of Russia, which stands next with a supply of $640,000,000, according to the Russian figures of last month. The Bank of France at the same date held about $630,000,000 and the Bank of England only about $200,000,000. At the rate gold is piling up in the Treasury it will soon equal that of the two next most favored nations.

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Baltimore & Ohio Lower Still.

One of the four low records made yesterday was in Baltimore & Ohio, which went ¼ point below the low record of the previous day, selling down to 93⅝. Its close at 94 was a net loss of ¼. Wabash, too, made another low record, continuing the weakness of Thursday and Wednesday. It sold off from 10¾ to 10 and closed at the low figure, a net loss of ⅝. American Brake Shoe and Foundry preferred sold at 125, a new low record which represented a loss of 6½. This decline really represents what has occurred in the general market for the last month, the last sale having been on Aug. 8. Goldfield Consolidated, because of the fact that ⅛ point was taken off its price by its selling ex-dividend, also made a new low record for the year, selling at 5⅛.

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Better Business Indications.

Although the heavy trading on the Stock Exchange this week brought the bank clearings for this city to a point 17.7 per cent. higher than the same period last year, the gain of 1.3 per cent. in clearings in other cities indicates a continuance of the increasing volume of general business compared with last year. Dun's Review, in its compilation of statistics of the principal banking centres of the country, puts the total clearings for the week at $2,666,-991,887, which, for the country as a whole, is an increase of 11.8 per cent. over 1910 although a loss of 2.9 per cent. from 1909's figures. Another indication of the improvement in underlying conditions is the same authority's report of preliminary failure statistics for the quarter now ending, which show improvement, both in a lessened total of failures and in amount of defaulted indebtedness over the two preceding quarters.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

	Maturity.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal Copper..5	Apr. 1,'12	100	100¼	4.89
Am. Cigar B..4	Mar. 15,'12	99⅝	100⅛	4.42
Balt. & Ohio..4½	June 1,'13	99⅝	100	4.50
Beth. Steel....5	Nov. 1,'14	98⅜	99	6.49
Balt. & Ohio..4½	June 1,'14	98⅝	98¾	4.93
C., R. & D. par. money 4	July 1,'13	98⅝	98¾	4.61
Chi. & Alton...5	Mar. 15,'12	99½	99¾	5.35
Chi. Elev. Ry..5	July 1,'14	97½	98	5.78
Erie 6	Apr. 8,'14	100⅝	100⅞	5.64
Gen. Motors...6	Oct. 1,'15	97½	98¼	6.60
Gen. Electric..6½	July 1,'15	99½	99¾	5.56
Hudson Co.....6	Feb. 1,'12	99	99¾	6.93
Int. Mt. Mar...5	Aug. 1,'14	94	96	6.58
L. C. R. & L..6	Sep., 1912	93¾	95	8.00
Mex. Nat. deb.6	Mar., 1915	90	91	8.00
Miss. & St. L.5	Feb. 1915	94¼	96¾	6.60
N. Y. N. H. & H.6	July 1,'13	97¾	98¼	6.19
Nat. Pacific..5	June 1,'14	94	94½	7.50
Nat. Ry. of M.4½	June 1,'13	98	98½	5.45
N. Y. Central4½	Mar. 1,'14	99⅞	100	4.50
Penn. R. R. T...5	Jan. 5,'13	99¾	100¼	4.85
Pere M. R. R..5	Mar. 1,'13	97½	98½	6.15
St. L. & S. F..6	Jan. 1,'12	99⅞	100	4.50
Southern Ry...5	Feb. 1,'12	99⅝	100	5.00
Tidewater Co..6	Dec. 1,'13	101⅜	101⅝	5.15
U. S. Rubber..6	Dec. 1,'13	101⅜	103½	5.59
Wabash. & M.5	Aug. 1,'14	97½	98	5.77
West. U. & T..6	Feb. 1,'12	100	100⅜	4.00
Westinghouse..6	Aug. 1,'13	101¼	101⅝	5.07

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

On the Metal Exchange yesterday interest continued centred in tin, which made a further advance of ⅛c in the bid and ¼c in the asking price. Copper was unchanged.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

	Friday.		Thursday.	
Standard copper—	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Spot	11.80	11.90	11.80	11.90
October	11.80	11.90	11.80	11.90
November	11.80	11.90	11.80	11.90
December	11.80	11.90	11.80	11.90
Lead	4.45	4.55	4.45	4.55
Spelter	5.90	6.00	5.90	6.00
Tin	39.15	39.75	38.65	38.45

On the Metal Exchange in London yesterday the following table gives the quotations obtaining for spot and future deliveries of copper and tin. These closing prices compare with Thursday's final figures:

	Friday.		Thursday.	
	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	
Copper, spot	55	1 3	54	17 0
Copper, futures	55	17 6	55	13 9
Tin, spot	179	15 0	177	15 0
Tin, futures	175	10 0	174	7 6

The market ended easy, after a strong opening. Spanish pig lead was strong at an advance of 3s 9d, to £15. Spelter was unchanged at £22 15s. Cleveland warrants were down 1½d, to 40s.

Head of Brooklyn Savings Bank.

The Board of Trustees of the Brooklyn Savings Bank has elected Edwin P. Maynard President, to succeed Bryan H. Smith, who retires after seventeen years of service as President of the bank. Mr. Maynard has been Controller of the bank for nine years. He lives at 151 East Eighteenth Street, Brooklyn.

Oakland Railway Notes Sold.

The $2,200,000 Oakland Railway's collateral trust 5 per cent. secured notes, offered by E. H. Rollins & Sons, have all been sold, a substantial amount having been placed abroad.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

Moderate Activity Prevails on the Exchanges in Other Cities.

COPPERS EASE IN BOSTON

General Electric and Western Telephone Advance Sharply on Scattered Purchases—Pneumatic Tool Up

Moderate activity prevailed on the exchanges in other cities yesterday.

In Baltimore such demand as existed for bonds and stocks was neglected. Prices remained steady.

In Boston the amount of interest in the arbitrage stocks was much smaller, following the return of the larger market to a more normal condition. Nevertheless, Steel common continued the most active stock on the list, rising to 62, and reacting when the demand slackened. In view of the weakness of the domestic market for the metal, the copper shares were not especially popular with buyers, and as Amalgamated sagged a point or so under moderate offerings, others developed an easier tone. For the most part, transactions were in small lots, and the movement of prices was confined to narrow limits. An unusual number of the industrials sold ex-dividend, and the group was quite firmly held. Some of the specialties, notably General Electric and Western Telephone, scored sharp advances on scattered purchases.

In Chicago only moderate activity ruled on the Stock Exchange with a somewhat mixed tendency as to prices. Sears-Roebuck and the Can issues were lower, but advances were made by Illinois Brick, Diamond Match, and Pneumatic Tool, the gain in the last running to several points. The plan of reorganization of the Chicago Subway Company, it is stated, will be acceptable to all of the large interests in the company. Holders of considerably more than a majority of the present Subway-Illinois Tunnel bonds are said to be satisfied with the offer of preferred stock in the new corporation for their holdings. The new first mortgage bonds, apart from those which are to be given in lieu of the assessments to be paid on the present bond and capital stock of the company, will finance the development of the automatic telephone system for a long time to come.

In Philadelphia the announcement of an extra dividend of 1 per cent. on Lehigh Valley Transit preferred caused quite a flurry in that issue. The stock promptly advanced to 22¼. The common remained quiescent, but was nevertheless bid up to 8⅝. It sold at the close at 8½. Philadelphia Company advanced a point despite the recently published August earnings, which were of a disappointing character. Union Traction on the other hand eased off, and this was also true of General Asphalt, the former hardening again in the afternoon. The arbitrage group was rather irregular, displaying an improving tendency during the first hour and then slipping back to approximately last night's closing figures, only to harden again in the early afternoon.

Yesterday's transactions on the various out-of-town Exchanges, as reported, to THE NEW YORK TIMES, were as follows:

BALTIMORE.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	G. B. S. Brewing	1	1	1
10	Merchants' Bank	185	185	186
25	Northern Central	125	125	125
300	Seaboard Co. com	26⅜	26½	26¼
10	Seaboard Co. 2d pf	58½	58½	58½
50	United Rys.	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜

BONDS.

$1,000	Atl. Coast L. con 4s	95⅜	95⅜	95⅜
37,000	A. C. L. con. deb. 4s	98¼	98¼	98¼
2,000	Balt. Electric 5s	94½	94½	94½
1,000	City & Suburban 5s	105	105	105
5,000	Cons. Power 4½s	86	86	86
1,000	Carolina Cent. 4s	92	92	92
5,000	Con. Power notes	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
1,000	Cons. Gas 5s	108	108	108
1,000	Chicago Rys. 5s	99¼	99¼	99¼
1,000	G. B. S. Brew. 6s	40½	40½	40½
4,000	Norfolk Ry. & L. 5s	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜
10,000	Seaboard adjust. 5s	75¾	76⅛	75½
10,000	Rys. Notes	99	99	99
6,000	United Rys. inc	62	62	62
10,000	United Rys. ref. 5s	84¾	84¼	84¼

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1	Boston & Albany	220¼	220¼	220¼
10	Boston & Maine	100	100	100
745	Mass. Electric	18⅝	17½	18⅝
180	Mass. Electric pf.	87¼	87	87¼
40	N. Y., N. H. & H.	131⅝	131½	131½
5	Old Colony	187	187	187
10	Rutland pf.	33½	33½	33½
160	Union Pacific	160	158⅝	158⅝
5	West End	85	85	85

TELEPHONES.

79	American	135¾	135⅝	135¾
1,232	*American	133⅜	132½	132⅝
410	Western	19	16⅞	19

MISCELLANEOUS.

55	Am. Agr. Chem.	48	47⅝	48
108	Am. Agr. Chem pf.	103½	103	103½
5	*Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	100½	100½	100½
60	Am. Sugar Refg.	115⅝	115	115
83	Am. Sugar Refg. pf.	115	115	115
41	Am. Woolen pf.	87½	87¼	87½
100	East Boston Land	9¾	9¾	9¾
152	General Electric	156	148	150
25	Georgia Ry. & Elec.	158	156	158
99	Mass. Gas	89½	88⅝	88⅝
10	Mass. Gas pf.	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝
2	North Texas El. pf.	95½	95½	96½
65	Mexican Electric	65¼	65	65¼
1	Pullman	154	154	154
100	Reece Folding Machy.	4¼	4⅛	4¼
55	Swift	99¼	99	99
50	Torrington, Class A	29	29	29
22	United Fruit	183	183	183
12	United Shoe Machy.	43	43	43
10,775	U. S. Steel	62	59¾	60
25	U. S. Steel pf.	110¼	109	110¼
40	Western Union	77	77	77

MINING.

275	Algomah	3	2⅞	3
20	Alloues	24	24	24
1,602	Amalgamated	50	48¼	48⅝
25	Am. Zinc	21¼	21¼	21¼
800	Batopilas Con'l.	95c.	90c.	90c.
240	Butte Balaklala	4¼	4	4
231	Calumet & Arizona	49¼	48	48
8	Calumet & Hecla	390	380	380
20	Cano	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜
822	Copper Range	51	49¾	49¾
405	East Butte	10	9¾	9¾
15	Franklin	6¼	6¼	6¼
805	Giroux	3⅞	3 13-16	3 13-16
20	Granby Con.	28	28	28
153	Greene Cananea	6	5⅝	5⅝
10	Hancock	19	19	19
210	Indiana	6⅜	6¼	6⅜
110	Inspiration	5⅞	5¾	5⅞
160	Island Creek	33¾	32⅝	33
26	Island Creek pf.	82½	82½	82½
100	Kerr Lake	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
10	Keweenaw	2	2	2
115	Lake	23¾	23	23
100	Mayflower	76⅞	75⅞	75⅞
25	Miami	16⅞	16⅝	16⅝
10	Mohawk	39½	39½	39½
200	Nevada Cons.	16⅛	16	16⅛
135	New Arcadian	2	2	2
80	Nipissing	8	7⅝	7⅝
602	North Butte	22⅝	22¼	22¼
25	North Lake	4¼	4¼	4¼
50	Old Colony	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
300	Old Dominion	36⅝	36	36⅝
5	Osceola	86	86	86
835	Ray Cons.	12⅝	12½	12½
200	Shannon	7¾	7½	7½
65	Shattuck & Ariz.	15¾	15	15¾
1	Superior & Boston	3	3	3
125	Tamarack	21	20¼	21
52	Trinity	3½	3	3½
100	Tuolumne	5⅛	5	5⅛
90	U. S. Smelting	52	51½	52
20	U. S. Smelting pf.	46¼	46¼	46¼
45	Utah Cons.	11¾	11½	11½
70	Utah Copper	41	39¾	41
20	Wolverine	90	90	90

BONDS.

$2,000	Am. Agr. Chem. 5s	101¾	101¾	101¾
2,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s	90¼	90¼	90¼
4,000	A., T. & S. F. adj. 4s	91¼	91¼	91¼
5,000	At., G. & W. I. S. 5s	65	65	65
3,000	C., B. & Q. jt. 4s	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝
400	Central Vt. 1st 4s	89½	89½	89½
1,000	Gen. Motors 6s	97½	97½	97½
3,000	Ill. Steel 5s. 1913	100¾	100¾	100¾
1,000	Mass. Gas 4½s	100	100	100
2,000	N. E. Cotton Yarn 5s	99	99	99
1,000	West. Tel. & Tel. 5s	98¾	98¾	98¾

*Ex dividend.

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	American Can	9⅝	9⅛	9⅛
400	American Can pf.	83	82½	83
95	Chicago Pneu. Tool	44	43⅛	44
60	Chicago Subway	2	2	2
60	Chicago T. & T.	162	162	162
60	Diamond Match	96	96	96
110	Illinois Brick	53	52½	52½
30	Hart., S. & M. pf.	100¾	100¾	100¾
25	People's Gas	103½	103½	103½
25	Quaker Oats pf.	105½	105½	105½
753	Sears-Roebuck	130	129¼	129¾
100	Sears-Roebuck pf.	116¾	116¾	116¾
122	Swift & Co.	99¾	99¼	99¾
300	United Boxboard	1¾	1½	1½
320	U. S. Steel	62	60	60

BONDS.

$5,000	Diamond M. deb. 5s	104	104	104
5,000	Chicago Rys. 1st 5s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
1,000	Chicago Rys. 1st 5s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
5,000	Chicago City Ry. 5s	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝

*Ex dividend 2 per cent.

DEFENDS COTTON FUTURES.

G. W. Neville Tells Manufacturers How to Hedge in Mill Business.

MANCHESTER, Vt., Sept. 29.—Exception to the frequent charge that cotton manufacturers who purchase contracts for future delivery are gamblers or speculators, was taken by George W. Neville, President of the New York Cotton Exchange in an address before the National Association of Cotton Manufacturers today. Mr. Neville declared his belief that the manufacturer who does not hedge his sale of goods by the purchase of contracts for future delivery is the real speculator. Discussing this subject, he said:

"The purchase by a cotton manufacturer of contracts for future delivery against his sale of goods for future delivery, whether he buys the contracts for future delivery on one of the Cotton Exchanges, or whether he buys from the spot cotton merchant that special grade of cotton and staple which he requires for the manufacture of the goods he has sold, insures him against fluctuations in the price of his raw material, and fixes, in a measure, his profit on his sale of goods. This procedure, I know, is regarded by a large number of manufacturers in this country as rank gambling and by others as speculation.

"I dissent from this view of the transaction, and submit that the manufacturer who does not hedge his sale of goods by the purchase either of contracts for the future delivery of cotton on some Cotton Exchange, or from some spot cotton merchant, is speculating on the price of his raw material and ultimately on the profit of his mill. Known results in recent years at many mills have proved this, for some manufacturers have lost not only their profits but part of their capital by following just this course.

"The reverse of this proposition is also true, when a manufacturer buys spot cotton and has not already made sales of goods for future delivery to apply against his purchase of spot cotton, or does not at once sell manufactured goods or contracts, for the future delivery of cotton on some Cotton Exchange, to hedge himself against price fluctuation, he is speculating. In my opinion the failure to observe and follow this principle is one of the contributing causes to the deplorable condition of the cotton manufacturing business to-day in the United States."

Weekly Failure Report.

Bradstreet's reports 248 business failures in the United States during the week, against 236 for the previous week and 211, 193, 223, and 177 for the corresponding weeks of 1910 to 1907. The Middle States had 77, New England 23, Southern 57, Western 52, Northwestern 17, and Far Western 22. Canada had 27, against 28 for the preceding week. About 85 per cent. of the total number of concerns failing had capital of $5,000 or less and 7 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

100	Amal. Copper	49⅝	49¼	49¼
708	Am. Milling	1¼	1⅛	1⅛
2	Am. Railways	44	44	44
10	Balt. & Ohio	94	94	94
50	Cambria Steel	43	43	43
36	Elec. Co. of Am.	11⅝	11½	11½
10	Electric Storage	50	50	50
200	General Asphalt	33	33	33
50	Ins. Co. of N. A.	20½	20½	20½
50	Keystone Tel.	7	7	7
1	Lake Superior Corp.	22	22	22
22	Lehigh Nav.	85¼	85¼	85¼
57	Lehigh Nav. t. c.	85⅝	85⅝	85⅝
290	Lehigh Valley	79¼	78¾	78¾
200	Lehigh Val. trac. t. c.	8⅝	8½	8½
1,280	Lehigh Valley t. c.	22¼	21	22¼
202	Penn. R. R.	60	59¾ 59 15-16	
62	Penn. Salt Mfg.	112	112	112
15	Phila. Co.	50	50	50
135	Phila. Elec.	16¼	16⅛	16⅛
1,835	Reading	69 9-16	68⅝	68 15-16
50	Southern Ry.	25¾	25⅛	25¾
1,750	Tonopah Belmont	7	6 15-16	7
30	Tonopah Mining	6¾	6¼	6¼
190	Tonopah Mining	5 15-16	5⅝	5 15-16
234	U. G. I.	84⅝	84¼	84⅝
10,149	U. S. Steel	61⅝	59¾	60¼
101	Union Traction	40½	40	40½
10	Wabash	10¾	10⅜	10⅜

PITTSBURGH.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
338	Crucible Steel	10⅝	10¼	10½
340	Crucible Steel pf.	76¼	76	76
10	Fireproofing	5¼	5¼	5¼
115	Fireproofing pf.	24½	24	24½
50	Ind. Brewing pf.	23½	23½	23½
385	Mfrs. L. & H.	22⅝	22½	22⅝
235	Pitts. Brewing	14½	14⅜	14⅞
70	Pitts. Brewing pf.	41½	41½	41½
75	Pitts. Coal	17¼	17¼	17¼
105	Pitts. Coal pf.	79⅛	78	78
10	Pitts. Plate Glass	104	104	104
850	Pure Oil	9	9	9
250	River Coal	10	10	10
35	River Coal pf.	32¾	32½	32½
6,000	San Toy	45c.	45c.	45c.
90	U. S. Steel	61⅝	60¾	60¾
275	Westing. Electric	31	30½	30½

BOND.

$1,000	Pitts. Brewing 6s	99½	99¼	99¼

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.02	Julia	.28
Alpha Con.	.05	Justice	.10
Andes	.06	Kentucky Con.	.10
Belcher	.41	Mexican	3.10
Best & Belcher	.16	Occidental Con.	.50
Bullion	.06	Ophir	1.60
Caledonia	.48	Overman	.47
Challenge Con.	.16	Potosi	.17
Chollar	.12	Savage	.21
Confidence	.40	Sag Belcher	.10
Con. Cal. & Va.	.70	Sierra Nevada	.33
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con.	.24
Crown Point	.50	Utah Con.	.07
Gould & Curry	.05	Yellow Jacket	.34
Hale & Norcross	.17		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	6.90	Gold'd Con. M.	5.77½
Jim Butler	.23	Goldfield Merger	.26
McNamara	.06	Great Bend	.04
Midway	.26	Jumbo Extension	.25
Montana	.77	Lone Star	.06
North Star	.20	Red Hills	.02
Tonopah Exten.	1.02½	Sandstorm Kend.	.04
West End	.59	St. Ives	.35

GOLDFIELD.

Adams	.01	Silver Pick	.11
Atlanta	.17	Nevada Hills	3.00
Blue Bell	.02	BULLFROG.	
Comb. Fract.	.08	Bullfrog Mining	.01
Booth	.06	Bullfrog Nat. B.	.01
C. O. D.	.07	Homestake King	.01
Florence	1.15	Montgomery Mtn.	.01
		Tramps Cons.	.02

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	5¾	6½	Jackpot	6	6¼
Elkton	62	62½	McKinney	47½	50
El Paso	52½	53	Old Gold	3¾	4½
Findlay	5½	8	Portland	95	97
Gold Dollar	14¼	15	Vindicator	72½	75
Isabella	8¾	9	Jen. Samp.	6	7

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

DETROIT, TOLEDO & IRONTON—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
3d week Sept.	$36,720	$54,147	*$17,427
July 1-Sept. 21.	407,800	479,098	*71,287

INTEROCEANIC RAILWAY OF MEXICO—

3d week Sept.	143,170	143,564	*394
July 1-Sept. 21.	1,982,656	1,901,977	$1,579

NATIONAL RAILWAYS OF MEXICO—

3d week Sept.	1,191,750	1,188,840	$7,090
July 1-Sept. 27.	14,282,086	14,083,184	298,902

SEABOARD AIR LINE—

3d week Sept.	417,537	377,811	$9,726
July 1-Sept. 22.	4,495,083	4,196,968	298,065

*Decrease.

CANADIAN PACIFIC for August—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Gross earnings	10,421,904	9,295,331	7,426,984
Expenses	6,844,323	5,563,689	4,462,926
Net earnings	4,075,871	3,691,672	2,964,057
Two mos. gross	20,083,722	18,124,545	14,567,013
Expenses	12,308,122	10,948,263	9,123,085
Two mos. net	7,775,599	7,176,282	5,443,927

CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE for July—

Gross earnings	543,000	528,187	487,232
Expenses	361,029	358,745	318,942
Net earnings	182,879	174,742	173,880

CHICAGO, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS & OMAHA for August—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Mileage	1,744	1,739	5
Gross earnings	1,320,518	1,435,515	*115,297
Exp. and taxes	1,020,982	996,677	24,225
Net earnings	299,716	440,238	*140,522
Other income	7,635	6,421	1,214
Total income	307,351	455,659	*148,308
Charges	169,781	167,815	1,965
Surplus	137,569	287,843	*150,274
Two mos. gross	2,471,454	2,706,719	*235,265
Exp. and taxes	1,956,263	1,945,203	45,060
Two mos. net	483,171	759,566	*276,395
Other income	20,285	18,494	1,791
Total income	503,456	778,060	*274,604
Charges	343,956	330,762	14,196
Two mos. surp.	159,501	448,297	*288,796

*Decrease.

DETROIT & MACKINAC for August—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Gross	115,068	108,318	105,076
Exp. & tax.	56,407	73,614	70,395
Net	58,660	34,704	34,681

ERIE for August—

Gross	5,868,189	5,328,620	4,559,733
Exp. & tax.	3,706,962	3,530,211	3,273,495
Net	1,921,207	1,798,319	1,286,238
7 mos. gross	10,287,707	10,008,780	8,399,253
Exp. & tax.	7,099,666	6,818,056	6,435,187
2 mos. net	3,188,082	3,185,734	2,404,066

GEORGIA RAILROAD for August—

Gross	297,275	340,673	226,927
Expenses	197,682	207,565	162,012
Net	99,593	33,108	44,915
Other inc.	8,754	8,553	8,942
Total inc.	66,147	41,661	53,758
Chgs & tax.	66,557	116,149	60,087
Surplus	4,590	*76,488	*6,329
2 mos. gross	484,478	489,515	429,278
Expenses	365,108	390,403	327,446
Total net rev.	2,037,183	2,103,730	2,081,231
Taxes	432,428	496,205	407,426
Op. inc., 2 mos.	2,204,752	2,007,325	2,473,325

UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC RAILWAYS CO. of London for August—

Metropolitan District Railway:

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Gross receipts	£52,422	£51,475	£947
Working exp.	28,898	28,282	616
Net receipts	23,524	23,193	331

London Electric Railway Co.:

Gross receipts	51,257	51,190	67
Working exp.	31,696	30,498	1,197
Net receipts	19,562	20,692	*1,130

London United Tramways, Ltd.:

Gross receipts	24,494	23,996	498
Working exp.	18,818	20,942	*2,124
Net receipts	15,676	13,054	2,622

*Decrease.

Miscellaneous Earnings.

EASTERN STEAMSHIP COMPANY for August—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Gross	$410,169	$396,236	$385,750
Net	228,674	227,062	223,214
8 mos. gross	1,384,110	1,282,405	1,243,043
8 mos. net	420,159	360,396	300,208

ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC COMPANY for August—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Gross earnings	50,061	46,146	$3,915
Net earnings	24,517	29,959	4,558
Sur. after chgs.	26,971	25,105	1,866

Twelve months ended Aug. 31:

Gross earnings	407,695	351,162	56,534
Net earnings	220,312	186,403	33,908
Sur. after chgs.	144,638	122,646	21,992

THE CANTON ELECTRIC COMPANY for August—

Gross earnings	22,068	19,482	2,587
Net earnings	9,968	9,463	505
Sur. after chgs.	6,820	6,187	643

Twelve months ended Aug. 31:

Gross earnings	298,682	267,029	31,653
Net earnings	160,035	140,526	19,509
Sur. after chgs.	119,859	102,996	16,862

THE MUNCIE ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY for August—

Gross earnings	21,339	18,686	2,873
Net earnings	9,708	7,667	2,041
Sur. after chgs.	3,279	3,143	135

Twelve months ended Aug. 31:

Gross earnings	300,216	247,701	52,515
Net earnings	115,739	84,093	31,646
Sur. after chgs.	49,479	41,840	7,639

ROCKFORD ELECTRIC COMPANY for August—

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THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Corner Seventy-ninth Street and Park Avenue Sold for Improvement With Big Apartment—Deal on East Fifty-first Street—Many Important Leases.

Park Avenue is to have another high-class apartment house on the northeast corner of Seventy-ninth Street, a section which has been highly improved with elaborate houses within the last two years. Bing & Bing have contracted to purchase, as announced yesterday, the corner parcel, 905 and 907 Park Avenue and 101 East Seventy-ninth Street, fronting 102.2 feet on the avenue by 75 feet on the street. Last June these operators acquired the property at 103 to 107 East Seventy-ninth Street, so that the combined plot has a frontage of 85 feet on the street and runs half the block on the avenue.

The recent purchase has been made from the estate of E. Christian Koerner through the executors and trustees, B. C. Gerken and Henry G. Schleondorf. The brokers in the deal were Leon S. Altmayer and the Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company. The trustees have applied to the court to sell the Koerner property for $120,000.

Plans will be prepared at once, it is stated, for the improvement of the corner with a handsome apartment house, twelve stories in height, although it may possibly be sixteen.

Sale of 6 East Forty-first Street.

Another sale in the midtown section was reported yesterday by Tucker, Speyers & Co., who sold for the estate of Mary L. Vail 6 East Forty-first Street.

This property, which will probably be altered for business, consists of an old-fashioned four-story and basement dwelling on a lot 20.10 by 100.5. An investor is said to be the purchaser and the price $185,000. Adjoining on the east is a house separating the plot just sold from the property of the Brook Club, and to the west is a parcel owned by Jenny K. Stafford, which forms an L with 471 Fifth Avenue.

There have been several sales on this block within the last year or so, and at the Madison Avenue corner there is in process of erection a twelve-story building, which the Colgate estate is putting up under a long lease, for the H. W. John-Manville Company.

Fifth Avenue House Leases.

Two important leases of private houses were made yesterday, one being the R. Livingston Beeckman mansion at 854 Fifth Avenue, which has been in the market for some time to lease furnished for about $80,000, while the other residence is the English basement dwelling at 11 East Fifty-fourth Street, which has been taken by Mme. Luis Pastory de Mora, the wife of the Spanish Ambassador to Siam. John R. Drexel is the owner of the house and the lease was made by Worthington Whitehouse in conjunction with Post & Reese.

It was stated that Worthington Whitehouse negotiated the lease for the Beeckman house, but this was not confirmed at the broker's office. The residence is one of the handsomest in that part of the avenue, being between Sixty-sixth and Sixty-seventh Streets, on a plot 80.5 by 120. On the corner of Sixty-seventh Street, at 856 Fifth Avenue, is the new residence recently completed for Judge Gilbert H. Gary, Chairman of the United States Steel Corporation.

Buys Harlem Dwellings.

Morris Cukor, as attorney for Morris Markowitz, has purchased the three-story private dwelling at 125 West 120th Street, on plot 20 by 100 feet, and has also bought for Adolph Levy the three-story private dwelling at 67 West 119th Street on plot 17 by 100 feet.

Times Square Lease.

Klein & Fenton have leased from Walter J. Salomon the two upper floors of the building on the north side of Forty-seventh Street, between Broadway and Seventh Avenue, at the northerly end of Times Square, for a term of years. They will be used as an Oriental restaurant.

Buys Heights Dwelling.

John J. Healy has purchased from H. Edward Rothschild 618 West 147th Street, a four-story brick dwelling, on a lot 25 by 100, for occupancy.

Bronx.

Walter J. Clarke has sold through Sharrott & Thoms the vacant lot, 25 by 95, on the west side of Webster Avenue, 28.6 feet south of 198th Street. The purchaser owns the adjoining corner and now controls a plot 53.6 by 95 by 70.

Mintz & Stern and A. Martinband sold for Lena Joseph 486 East 141st Street, a five-story apartment house, on plot 37.6 by 100, to Hugo Heiburn, who gives in exchange No. 2,095 Tiebout Avenue, a two-story dwelling, on lot 19 by 100.8.

Alexander Selkur has sold for a client the plot of six vacant lots, 150 by 100, situated on the east side of Third Avenue, 150 feet north of East 174th Street, to Wolf Burland, who will improve the property with a taxpayer building. The property was formerly owned by the William Rosensweig Realty Company.

Brooklyn.

Frank A. Seaver has sold a plot, 50 by 110, on the easterly side of Gelston Avenue, 200 feet north of Ninety-fourth Street, Fort Hamilton, for J. Rene, to a buyer for investment.

Westchester County.

The H. M. Weill Company has sold for Mrs. Emma S. Ryano, a plot 100 by 200 feet at Laconia Park, Westchester County.

Charles Vanderbilt has sold his house on Archer Place, Tarrytown, to O. B. Millspaugh.

New Jersey.

Louis Schlesinger has sold for John J. Kuns a twenty-five acre farm at Dover, Morris County, N. J., to Mrs. J. J. Delaney of Jersey City, the country home of George F. Reynold at Pequannock to Mrs. Mary H. Thorpe of Brooklyn, N. Y., and the country home of Joseph H. McClelland to Mrs. Amelia Rewald of New York City, located at Wayne, Passaic County, N. J.

Long Island.

Godfrey B. Moore has sold for a client a tract of 150 acres at Eastport. The property has considerable frontage on South Country Road and is located about one-half mile west of Speonk Station. Negotiations are pending for a resale.

Recent Buyers.

Mrs. Frederic W. Stephenson is the purchaser of the dwelling 854 West End Avenue, sold recently by Mrs. Mary E. Troup.

Walstein S. Reade is the purchaser of the flats 12 and 14 East 110th Street that they will occupy it for their business.

Janeway House for Offices.

The E. H. Wendell Company has leased for the estate of Dr. Edward G. Janeway 36 West Fortieth Street, a four-story-and-basement dwelling on lot 26 by 98.9 for a term of years. The house faces the Public Library and Bryant Park and adjoins on the west the Engineer's Club. It was occupied for many years by Dr. Janeway. Improvements will be made to alter the building into offices for doctors, dentists, and professional men.

Bronx Office Building.

Harry T. Howell is preparing plans for Nelson Smith, calling for the erection of a six-story fire-proof office building, 50 by 100, with stores, to be erected on the northeast corner of 161st Street and Brook Avenue. The front will face on 161st Street and opposite the new Court House. The structure is to cost $90,000.

$1,000,000 Madison Avenue Loft.

Plans have been filed for a twenty-story office building on the southeast corner of Madison Avenue and Twenty-fifth Street, directly opposite the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court and on the site of the Madison Apartment House. It will have a frontage of 74 feet on the avenue by 90.8 on the street, and will be 288.3 feet high from the curb. The façade will be of marble for the first three stories, with terra cotta above. It will be equipped with seven passenger elevators and six freight elevators. Charles A. Valentine, the architect, estimates the cost at $1,000,000. A. Fillmore Hyde is the owner.

Notes.

The Title Guarantee and Trust Company loaned yesterday to D. Parmly on first mortgage $80,000 on the five-story and basement property located on the north side of Thirty-first Street 333 feet west of Fifth Avenue. The mortgage is for five years at 5 per cent.

At the first meeting of the season of the Fifth Avenue Association, to be held at the Waldorf at noon on Tuesday, Oct. 3, Ernest Flagg, Chairman of the Street Paving Committee, will give a report of the progress of the committee work.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

62d St, 212 to 216, s s, 200 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 75x100.5, three five-story tenements and stores; also

62d St, 225, n s, 375 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 25x100.5, five-story tenement; foreclosure sale, adjourned to Oct. 5.

151st St, 308 and 310, s e corner of Bradhurst Av, 85x49.11, six-story tenement; foreclosure sale; to the plaintiff, A. N. Leventhal, $57,-955.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

178th St, 536 to 590 West, s s, 100 ft w of Audubon Av, 75x94.11, five-story apartment; foreclosure sale, adjourned to Nov. 10.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

97th St, 305 East, n s, 125.1 ft e of 2d Av, 25.1x100.11, four-story tenement; foreclosure sale; to the plaintiff, C. H. Phelps, $8,000.

180th St, 171.5 ft w of Grand Boulevard and Concourse, 25.4x209.8x irregular, vacant; also

186th St, n e corner of Creston Av, 11.11x37.4x 37.2, triangular plot, vacant; also

Burnside Av, n s, 108.5 ft w of Grand Boulevard and Concourse, 25.1x116.6x25.11x122.4, vacant; also

Burnside Av, s s, 104.10 ft w of Grand Boulevard and Concourse, 25.9x111.10x28.11x111.3, vacant; to the plaintiff, David Kraus, $860.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

43d St, 303 to 325, and 43d St, 304 to 322 East, for a five-story hospital, 177.6x198.10; New York Society for Ruptured and Crippled, Lexington Av and 42d St, owner; York & Sawyer, architects; cost.....$800,000

Hawthorne St, n s, 100 ft e of Vermilyea Av, four four-story tenements, 19x88; Hawthorne Realty Co, 630 West 207th St, owner; Gronenberg & Leuchtag, architects; cost.....$65,000

Madison Av, s e corner of 85th St, for a twenty-story office building, 74x99.8; A. F. Hyde, Liberty Tower, owner; C. A. Valentine, architect; cost.....$1,000,000

Kappock St, s, 234.30 ft n of Johnson Av, for a two-story frame dwelling, 40.2x28.2; estate of I. G. Johnson, Spuyten Duyvil, owner; Ahenam & Yonukhere, architects; cost.....$5,000

230th St, s s, 80 ft e of White Plains Av, for a one-and-one-half-story frame garage, 21x 12; Hugh Gatterson, on premises, owner; William Ingram, architect; cost.....$600

Delaville Av, w s, 100 ft n of Hollers Av, for a two-story brick dwelling, 22x30; Aldi Anedetto, 57 Baxter St, owner; M. W. Del Gaudio, architect; cost.....$3,500

Pelham Pkway, s s, 727 ft e of 240th St, for a three-story brick dwelling, 78.7x26; E. L. Delafield, 3 West 29th St, owner; Arthur W. B. Wood, architect; cost.....$10,000

Webster Av, s e corner of Gun Hill Road, for a two-story brick dwelling and stores, 26.3½x 77.6; Maria Amasino, 719 3d Av, owner; Robert Glenn, architect; cost.....$8,500

180th St, s e corner of 3d Av, for two one-story brick stores, size irregular; Killwood Realty Co, James T. Meehan, 815 Hunt's Point Av, President, owner; Kremborg Architect Co, architect; cost.....$40,000

Findlay Av, e s, 242 ft s of 170th St, for two four-story brick tenements, 37.6x88; each; Central Bronx Realty Co, Frederick M. Mellert, 1,692 Monroe Av, President, owner; Charles Scharfer, architect; cost.....$70,000

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

23d St, n s, 125 ft e of 2d Av, to a four-story public school; city, owner; C. B. J. Snyder, architect; cost.....$5,200

41st St, s s, 125 ft e of Lexington Av, to a four-story loft; G. Schuchman, 142 East 40th St, owner; R. E. Kelly, architect; cost.$5,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 29.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. Where attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

BLONDELL AV, e s, 75 ft s of Evadna St, 25x100; Michael Rauch to William M. Fleischmann, 1,493 Williamsbridge Road, all liens, Sept. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$100

CAULDWELL AV, e s, 124 and 125, s of 40th, Jerome Ullman, referee, to Jonas Weil, 128 West 123st St, and Bernhard Mayer, 41 East 72d St, Sept. 29; attorneys, Weil & Mayer, 5 Beekman St.....$37,500

DAKOTA PL AV, e s, 300 ft s of Woodlawn Road 25x120; Ada Realty and Mortgage Co. to Christina Tauer, 705 Elton Av, (mtg $15,000 on this and other property, and all liens,) Sept. 28; attorney, Emil Hermann, 391 East 149th St.....$1

FOREST AV, e s, 340.2 ft n of 161st St, strip 21x0.9; Veronika Ehrlich and others to Henry J. Tiedemann, at Hillsdale, N. J., quitclaim, Aug. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Mary Dodge to Henry J. Tiedemann, at Hillsdale, N. J., quitclaim, Aug. 22; same attorney.....$1

FOREST AV, e s, 340.2 ft n of 161st St, 21x 100; Henry J. Tiedemann to Pauline Cahn, 780 Elton Av, (mtg $4,000,) Sept. 21; same attorney.....$100

FORT WASHINGTON AV, n s corner of 180th St, 100.1x146.8x irregular; Holland Holding Co to George B. Leonard, 710 Lodi St, Syracuse, N. Y., (mtg $210,000,) Sept. 29; attorney, T. D. Leonard, 31 East 27th St, New York City.....$100

GRANT AV, 1,064, e s, 22x100x22x101.1; Michael J. McGuire to Thomas Keelty and Katie Collearn, both at 63 Barrow St, (mtg $7,500,) Sept. 28; attorney, Guido J. Guidici, 61 Park Row.....$1

HOME ST, 1,207, —s—; Jere J. Moriarty to Charles Geoghegan, 1,415 2d Av, (mtg $10,-000,) Sept. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

HUGHES AV, e s, 66.11 ft s of 182d St, 24x 95; Nicola Strazza to Frederick W. Geck, Atlantic City, N. J., Sept. 27; attorney, Charles A. Baake, 311 Dartlett Building, Atlantic City.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Frederick W. Geck to Antoinetta, wife of Nicola Strazza, Atlantic City, N. J., Sept. 27; attorney, same.....$1

LOTS 31 and 32, map, Hunter estate; Hudson F. Ross Company to Charles Geoghegan, 1,415 2d Av, Sept. 18; attorney, Title Guarantee Company, 176 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Charles Geoghegan to Jere J. Moriarty, 324 Franklin St, Elmira, N. Y., (mtg $800,) Sept. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee Company, 176 Broadway.....$100

MANHATTAN AV, n e corner of 123d St, runs e 100 ft n 100.11½ s 62.2 w s of St Nicholas Av x n w 118.5 to s s of 123d St x w 100.8 to s s of Manhattan Av x s 201.10; Jumel Realty and Construction Co. to Hancock Construction Co, 490 West 119th St, (mtg $97,500,) Sept. 29; attorney, J. A. Shaw, 15 Park Row.....$1

PARK AV, e s, corner, 176th st, 85.8x50; Noble & Gauss Construction Co to Godfrey W. Rautenberg, 713 East 175th St, (mtg $35,000,) Sept. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$100

PLOT 116 Regina 740 ft e of White Plains Road at point 120 n along same from Morris Park, runs e 100x s 25x w 100x n 25 to beginning, with right of way over strip, Morris Park Av; Anna C. Nugent to Ralph and Anthony Sapatella, 629 East 184th St, (mtg $2,200,) Sept. 26; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$100

PRIVATE ROAD, e s, on map of Joseph Dela-field, at s w corner of land of Caleb Van Tassel, at point 4 e and 70 l w from w s of old Albany Road, runs e 100 to land of P. J. Haring x n 60x w 100 to road x s 60 to beginning; Margaret E. FitzGerald to Teachers College, 500 West 120th St, (mtg $400,) Sept. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$100

PROSPECT AV, e s, 77.2 ft n of 180th St, 40x100; Alida Amabile and another to Auguste Artlich, at Asbury Park, N. J., Sept. 27, (mtg $32,000,) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Auguste Artlich to Moser Arndstein, 50 Cathedral Parkway, (mtg $24,-500,) Sept. 28; attorney, same.....$100

RYER AV, e s, 162.6 ft s of 180th St, 19x104; Adolph E. Loewenthal to Adelphine Friedman, 1,576 Madison Av, all liens, Dec. 1, 1910; attorney, Sigmund Rubin, 5 Beekman St.....$1

STUYVESANT ST, st centre line, block between 14th and 15th Sts, and 216 ft e of Av A, 25x—; William F. Norrough to William Kelly, Aug. 16, 1864; attorney, C. J. Earley, 271 Broadway.....$25

TIFFANY ST, e s, 95.2 ft s of Westchester Av, 40x103.1; Usona Construction Co. to Charles J. Staiger, 1,830 Tiffany Av, Sept. 25, (mtg $24,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

UNIONPORT ROAD, e s, 225 ft n of Morris Park Av, 25x89.2x25x70.1; Max H. Bracker to Anna M. Nagel, 6 Unionport Road, (mtg $3,750,) Nov. 9, 1909.....$100

WASHINGTON AV, 1,207, w s, 24.6x140, W H. Heddendorf to Mary A. Loefler, 2,397 3d Av, (mtg $16,000 and all liens,) Sept. 28; attorneys, O'Grady Brothers, 277 Broadway.....$100

WEBSTER AV, 2,784, e s, 15x64.11; George Cohn to Abr. Cohn, 351 St. Nicholas Av, ½ part, June 26; attorney, R. S. Lind, 290 Broadway.....$100

2D AV, n w corner of 119th St, 40.10x80; Louise Herman to Miriam Cohen, 29 East 129th St, Sept. 28; attorney, Abraham Cohen, 132 Nassau St.....$100

2D ST, n s, Lot 80, map of Wilton, Port Morris, and East Morrisania, 25x100; Timothy Fitzgerald and others to Anna C. Fitzgerald, 311 Locust Av, Sept. 28; attorney, Michael J. Sullivan, 145th St and Willis Av.....$100

3D AV, 4,240 and 4,251, s w corner of 178th St, 45x70.2; Abraham H. Brill, (referee,) to Henry Beste, at Summit, N. J., and another, trustees, Sept. 22; attorneys, W. B. & G. F. Chamberlain, 31 Nassau St.....$27,200

3D AV, s e corner of 173d St, 92x100; Wendover Bronx Company to Martin H. Cohen, 322 West 100th St, (mtg $88,000,) Sept. 28; attorney, Title Insurance Company, 135 Broadway.....$100

20TH ST, 405 East, n s, 77.6 ft e of 1st Av, 19 x88.6; Catharine Kemp, executrix of Michael J. Farrell, to Arthur J. O'Hare, 406 East 20th St, June 30; attorney, James A. Foley, 261 Broadway.....$4,250

218T ST, 211 East, n s, 23.6x98.9; David Lentin Realty Holding Co. to John Benzur, 225 Front Av, Bronxville Station, N. Y., (mtg $25,000,) Sept. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co.....$100

38TH ST, 19 West, n s, 25x98.9; Randolph Parmly and another, executors, &c, to Dalton Parmly at Oceanic, N. J., Sept. 27; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

40TH ST, 207 and 209 East, n s, 50x98.9; Annie Fishman to Seal Realty Company, 74 East 92d St, Sept. 28; address, 74 East 92d St.$100

41ST ST, n s, 210 ft e of 5th Av, 22x98.9; Flouan Krug to Alva E. Belmont, Hempstead, L. I., Sept. 28; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

57TH ST, 327 West, n s, 25x100.5; Josephine Stein to Louisa Horeis, 137 Edgecombe Av, Sept. 28; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

64TH ST, 209 West, n s, 25x100.5; Charles Geier, executor of Michael Egner, to Barbara Geier, New City, Rockland County, N. Y., Aug. 16; attorney, John Porth, 277 Broadway.....$1,400

68TH ST, s s, 204.5 ft e of 3d Av, 18.2x100; Moses and Abraham Gluck to Nora M. Moran, 1,082 Lexington Av, (mtg $12,500,) Sept. 28; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

70TH ST, 335 East, n s, 24.9x100.4; Theodore Langenbahn to Emma and Lisette Langenbahn, both East 85th St, ½ part, all liens, Sept. 28; attorneys, A. & H. Bloch, 93 Nassau St.....$100

75TH ST, 105 East, n s, 27x102.2; 75th St, 103 East, n s, 16x102.2; Edward S. Steinam to Harry W. Hodge, 31 East 82d St, and James A. McGuire, 144 East 56th St, joint tenants, Sept. 27; attorneys, Ferriss, R. & S., 165 Broadway.....$1

79TH ST, 9 East, n s, 18x102.2; Cornelia F. Woolley to Alice Ketellas, 57 St. Mark's Place, Sept. 9; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

79TH ST, 113 and 115 e of Av A, 135x102.2; Martin Construction Company to Wendover Bronx Company, 309 Broadway, (mtg $39,-375,) Sept. 25; attorney, Walter Kohn, 309 Broadway.....$100

84TH ST, s s, 106 ft e of Avenue A, 17 ft to East River and 102.2; Abbie M. Peffers to the Eighty-third Street Co., 535 West 110th St, (mtg $15,500,) Sept. 28; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

98TH ST, n s, 100 ft e of Columbus Av, 25x 100.11; Revenue Realty Co. to Jenny Kuretsky, 1,365 Intervale Av, (mtg $24,000,) Sept. 27; attorney, Edward A. Isaacs, 27 William St.....$100

102D ST, 322 East, e s, 25x100.11; Aaron J. Goodman to Pauline Goldberg, 535 Willoughby Av, Brooklyn, (mtg $16,800,) Sept. 29..$100

106TH ST, 169 East, n s, 25x100.11, (foreclosure Aug. 17, 1911;) Maurice J. McCarthy, referee, to Samuel Schwartz, 27 West 111th St, Sept. 21; attorney, Benjamin Swartz, 192 Broadway.....$22,500

116TH ST, n s, 275 ft w of Broadway, 25x 100.11; Francis M. Burdick to Phi Omega Building Corporation of Alpha Chi Rho, a corporation, 52 Broadway, (mtg $14,000,) Sept. 28; attorney, James L. Robinson, 135 Broadway.....$1

116TH ST, s s, 110 ft w of 2d Av, 83x100.11; Bardie Wiener to Frederick M. Walker 2258 North 15th St, Philadelphia, Penn., ½ part, Sept. 29; attorney, J. Wiener, 1,443 Broadway.....$100

119TH ST, n s, 80 ft w of 2d Av, 38.4x100.10; Louise Herman to Miriam Cohen, 29 East 129th St, Sept. 28; attorney, Abraham Cohen, 132 Nassau St.....$100

124TH ST, 617 West, n s, 27x100.11; Richard P. Lehr and Catherine his wife, to Kather Avenue Realty Co, 60 West 94th St, (mtg $21,000,) B & S, Sept. 25; attorney, L. J. Rosett, 29 Liberty St.....$100

128TH ST, s s, 75 ft w of 2d Av, 20x99.11; Phoenix Ingraham, (referee,) to Henry C. Twombly, as trustee, at Summit, N. J., Sept. 27; attorneys, Putney, T. & P., 2 Rector St.....$10,000

142D ST, 206 West, s s, 16.8x99.11; Catherine Gallagher to Mary R. Gallagher, 206 West 142d St, all liens, Sept. 26; attorney, William B. Hogan, 271 West 125th St.....$1,000

176TH ST, n s, 117 ft w of Fort Washington Av, 105.10; Charles S. Clark to Harris Ratner, 770 Crotona Park North, Sept. 27; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

Recorded Mortgages.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

ARTLICH, Auguste, to Mary W. Lewis, 609 West 127th St; Prospect Av, e s, 77.2 ft n of 180th St; 40x100, prior mtg $32,000, Sept. 28, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Hy. Meyer, 302 Broadway.....$2,500

ATTORNEYS REALTY CO. to Park Mortgage Co., 41 Park Row; Bailey Av, e s, 559.5 ft s of Kingsbridge Road, 100x100, July 1, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Fettretch & S., 31 Park Row.....$6,000

BELMONT, Alva E., to Lawyers Title Insurance & Trust Co., 160 Broadway; 41st St, w s, 210 ft e of 5th Av, 22x98.9, Sept. 29, 5 years, — p. c., as per bond; address, 160 Broadway.....$70,000

BRAUTMAN, Ida, and another to Frederick Haas, 1,079 Southern Boulevard; Tinton Av, 775, w s, 26.4x135, due as per bond, Sept. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$2,000

BUFANO, Fullmena, to Nicholas Wapler, 2,894 9th Av, Bella, e s, 72.6 ft s of 51st Av, Corlandt Av, 25x124.6, Sept. 20, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, W. E. Sammis, 1 Liberty St.....$4,000

BUFANO, Fullmena, to Warren E. Sammis, Huntington, L. I., same property, prior mtg $4,000, Sept. 29, 5 years, 5 p. c.; attorney same.....$500

BYRNE, Margaret, to Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway; 77th St, 133 West, 19x102.2, Sept. 29, 5 years; attorney, 135 Broadway..$23,000

CAPPELLO, Charles A., to Friedericka Gusenburger, 1,505 2d Av, Sept. 29, e s, 845.5 ft s of Kingsbridge Road, 94.6x—, due as per bond, Sept. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$3,000

COHEN, Martin H., to Herman Cohen, 322 West 100th St; 3d Av, e s, 50 ft s of 172d St, 42x100x51.11x100.6, prior mtg $40,000, Sept. 28, 3 years, 5 p. c.; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$5,000

SAME to same; 3d Av, s e corner of 172d St, 50x100.6, prior mtg $50,000, Sept. 28, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, same.....$7,500

COHN, George, and others, to George Cohn and others, executors, 351 St. Nicholas Av, n s, 15x64.11, June 26, 1 year; attorney, Reuben S. Lind, 290 Broadway.....$4,000

DAVIDSOHN, William W., and others to North River Savings Bank, 81 West 34th St; 113th St, 106 and 108 West, 2 lots each 20.8x100.11, 2 mtgs each $2,000, due Sept. 21, 1915, 4½ p. c., Sept. 20; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$4,000

DESOWITZ, Samuel, to Minnie Regenstein, 253 East 111th St; Lenox Av, 214, w s, 16.8x 92.8x80.8, Sept. 28, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Bradhurst Av, 24.11x75, Sept. 28, installments, without interest; address, 202 West 111th St.....$1,300

DONNELLY, Maria J., to Greenwich Savings Bank, 2446 5th Av; 6th Av, 50, e s, —s—, Sept. 29, 3 years, — p. c., as per bond; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance & Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1,000

FAULHABER, Martin, to Charles Dorn, 361 3d Av, and another; 20th St, n e s, 235 ft w of 1st Av, 25x98.9, Sept. 29, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. J. Dorn, 141 Broadway.....$10,000

FLAM, Isak, to Charles H. Freeman, 311 West 54th St; same property, prior mtg $58,000, Sept. 23, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Ry. Freeman, 25 Broadway.....$1,000

FLAM, Isak, to Edward J. Haney and another, trustees, 59 West 52d St; Delancey St, 46, 25.1x100, Sept. 29, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Strong & C., 40 Wall St.....$35,000

F. M. LUPTON PUBLISHER CORPORATION to Annie M. Lupton and another, executors, 239 St. Mark's Av, Sept. 28; City Hall Place, 23 to 27, March 6, due Feb. 1, 1923, 4 p. c.; attorneys, Murray, J., H. & M., 16 William St.....$408,000

F. M. LUPTON PUBLISHER CORPORATION to Annie M. Lupton and another, executors, 239 St. Mark's Av, Brooklyn; same property; prior mtg $408,000, Sept. 28; due Feb. 1, 1917, 5 p. c.; attorneys, same.....$300,000

FULOP, Stefanie, to Emmanuel M. Mads, 944 East 49th St; 2d Av, 1,567, w s, 20x80, Sept. 28, due as per bond; attorney, M. Meyer, 61 Park Row.....$600

GEOGHEGAN, Charles, to Jeremiah J. Moriarty, 224 Franklin St, Elmira, N. Y.; Hoe Av, n w corner of Home St, 21.2x25x94x 98.2, prior mtg $10,000, Sept. 28, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$25,000

HALPIN, Bernard, to Ellen Connor, 1,230 Tinton Av; Union Av, s s, Lot A, Map of land of S. Cambreling and others, Sept. 28, 3 years; attorney, E. F. Moran, 31 Chambers St.....$4,000

HEDGE, Henry W., and another to Edward S. Steinam, 283 Central Park West; 75th St, 105 East, 27x102.2; 73d St, 103 East, 16x 102.2, Sept. 27; attorneys, Parsons, C. & McL., 52 William St.....$42,000

HOLOCHER, Harry A., to Neil A. Flannery, 53 Kingsbridge Road; Westchester Av, e s, corner of Main St, prior mtg $4,000, Sept. 29, 30 months, due as per notes; attorney, Edward D. Miehling, 258 Broadway.....$3,000

HOREIS, Louisa, to Union Trust Co., 80 Broadway; 57th St, 327 West, 25x100.5, Sept. 23, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Miller, A. T. & P., 30 Broadway.....$37,000

JOHNSTON, Fanny, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; 225th St, s s, 205 ft e of Barnes Av, 200x irregular to 224th St, Sept. 28, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway.....$15,000

JUMEL REALTY AND CONSTRUCTION CO. to Sutherland Realty Co, 505 5th Av; Manhattan Av, n e corner of 123d St, 201x— prior mtg $97,500, Sept. 15, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 135 Broadway.....

KARNACK REALTY CO. to First Mortgage Co. of New York, 115 Broadway; 156th St, s s, 100 ft e of Broadway, 125x99.11, Sept. 29, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$160,000

KELLY STREET IMPROVEMENT CO. to Charles E. Rushmore, East 150th St, trustee; Kelly St, 1,060, e s, 60x100, Sept. 28, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$45,000

KETELTAS, Alice, to Cornelia F. Woolley, individually and as executrix, Broadway, n e corner of 88th st; 79th St, 93, n s, 18x102.2, Sept. 29, due as per bond; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$10,000

KOENIG, Louis, to Joseph Jettner, 641 1st Av; 165th St, 878, s s, 20x77.5, prior mtg $8,700, due as per bond, Sept. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....

MAHONY, Daniel F., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; 155th St, 513 to 519 West, 100x99.11, due as per bond, Sept. 21; address, 176 Broadway.....$28,000

McGOWAN, Sarah, to William E. Rabell, 1,824 Arthur Av; Crotona Av, 1,934, e s, 16.8x70, (prior mtg $3,000,) due as per bond, Sept. 26; attorney, B. E. Rabell, 58 Park Row.....$1,000

MERRITT, Alice, to German Savings Bank, 100 East 14th St; 1st Av, 1,610, e s, 25.7x 100, prior mtg $6,500, due as per bond, Sept. 26; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$4,000

MORAN, Nora M., to Moses Gluck, 236 East 68th St, and another; 68th St, s s, 264.8 ft e of 3d Av, 18.2x100, prior mtg $7,500, Sept. 28, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$5,000

MOSES, Benjamin, to Elise Boyd, Larchmont, N. Y.; 3d Av, 3,462, e s, 25x110.8, Sept. 25, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$6,800

MULLER, Margaretha, to Lina Goetz, 352 Willis Av; 225th St, s s, 280 ft e of 4th Av, 25x114, Sept. 29, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, R. E. Bergman, 148th St and 3d Av.....$580

PARMLY, Dalton, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; 88th St, 19 West, n s, 25x98.9, Sept. 28, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway.....$80,000

PHI OMEGA BUILDING CORPORATION to Francis M. Burdick, 2,880 Broadway; 115th St, n s, 375 ft w of Broadway, 25x100.11, prior mtg $14,000, Sept. 25, installments; attorney, James L. Robinson, 135 Broadway.....$10,000

PLYMPTON CONSTRUCTION CO. to Rudolf Tombo, Jr., trustee, 619 West 113th St; Cedar Av, 1,795 and 1,797, w s; 2 lots, each 18.9x82.4; 2 mtgs, each $4,800, Sept. 28, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Williamson & S., 115 Broadway.....$8,000

SAME to same; Cedar Av, 1,793, w s, 18.9x 82.4, Sept. 28, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys same.....$4,400

RANTENBERG, Godfrey W., to Noble & Gauss Construction Co., 406 East 149th St.; Park Av, s e corner of 179th St, 85x50, prior mtg $85,000, 2 years, 6 p. c., Sept. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co.....$2,000

ROGERS, Emily J., to George W. Garland, 20 West 26th St.; 9th Av, w s, 116 ft s of 22d St, 18.6x65, prior mtg $3,500, Sept. 28, 1 year, 4 p. c.; address, 11 Wall St.....$500

ROONEY, Mary E., to Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway; 91st St, 157 West, 17x100.8, Sept. —, 4 years, 4½ p. c.; address, 135 Broadway.....$12,000

SAPATELLA, Ralph, and another to Anna C. Nugent, 827 East 58th St.; plot begins 740 ft e of White Plains Road and 120 ft n of Morris Park Av, 25x100, prior mtg $2,500, due as per bond, Sept. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$900

SCHERER, Louis M., William C. Meyer, Francis Meyer, and Juliet M. Hermes to Charles Dorn, 361 3d Av, and another; 20th St, n s, 300 ft w of 1st Av, 25x98.9, Sept. 28, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, J. J. Dorn, 141 Broadway.....$6,000

SCHMIDLIN, Annie, and Henry, executors, to Keil, 1,653 Topping Av; Simpson St, 1,200 to 1,208, n e corner of Home St, 97.11x46.11x 92.8x50.8, Sept. 29, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, George Ludwig, 1,511 3d Av.....$7,000

SCHWARTZ, Samuel, to John F. Ambrose, 10 East 130th St; 105th St, 169 East, 25x 100.11, Sept. 21, 3 years; attorneys, Butts & Y. of Chambers St.....$18,000

SCHWARTZ, Samuel, to Martha Oser, 600 Quincy St; 105th St, n s, 175 ft w of 3d Av, 25x100.11, prior mtg $18,000, Sept. 29, due Jan. 28, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Keller & K., 271 Broadway.....$3,000

SHOTLAND, Paul, to Francis M. Hoyt, 392 5th Av; 26th St, s s, 235 ft e of 6th Av, 25.3x98.9, Sept. 29, 5 years; attorney, George E. Shotland, 11 Wall St.....$36,000

SEIKEVITZ, Isaac E., to Baila Gordon, 169 East Broadway; 102d St, 224 East, 25x100.11, (prior mtg $12,000,) 3 years, 6 p. c., Sept. 29; attorney, Jacob Rieger, 287 Broadway.....$4,000

SIEMERS, Henry J., Hermine Debrowsky, 608 East 6th St.; 62d St, s s, 189.4 ft e of 1st Av, 31.8x100.5, Sept. 29, 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance & Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$2,400

SLAGER, Charles L., to Udoma Construction Co., 980 Southern Boulevard; Tiffany St, s s, 95.3 ft s of Westchester Av, 40x102.3, (prior mtg $24,000,) Sept. 29, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance & Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$5,000

S. SCHMIDT & CO. to New York Savings Bank, 81 8th Av; 19th St, 148 and 150 West, 58.5x —, equal llen with mtg $25,000, Sept. 29; attorneys, Webber & W., 7 Beekman St.....$20,

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315 FRONT APT., 6 ROOMS & BATH, $46-$52.50. REAR APT., 5 ROOMS & BATH, $42.50.
321 4 and 5 ROOMS AND BATH AND EXTRA LARGE FOYER, $45 TO $65.
Will accept any reasonable offer from desirable tenants.

THE AYLSMERE,
60 West 67th St.
Seven and eight large, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry; two elevators night and day, passenger and service; steam dryer; convenient to all traction lines; rent $1,000 to $1,500.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

The Prasada Central Park West, Corner 65th Street.
Apartments of 8 & 10 rooms, 3 & 3 baths; every convenience and improvement, including foyer, pantry, free refrigeration, etc.

LIFE BUILDING,
21 West 31st St.
2 rooms and bath, $600; 4-room apartment, $1,500; open fireplaces; meals served in apartments.

84TH STREET—11½ WEST
Very desirable apartment, 7 rooms and bath; will decorate to suit; quiet, select neighborhood, near Park entrance.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

HeatherdellCourt

Northwest Corner
Broadway and 179th St.
Why Pay Big Rent,
when you can get a beautiful apartment in this modern Elevator Building with every up-to-date convenience, filtered water, etc., only couple minutes from 181st Subway?
4 Rooms.....$37 to $40
5 Rooms.....$50 to $55
7 Rooms.....$65 to $70
KNAP & WASSON CO. Agents,
BROADWAY & 178TH ST.

EL MORA & MIRAMAR,
606 to 612 West 137th St.
Subway Station
Elevator Apartments.
6 and 7 Rooms,
Every Modern Improvement;
$50 to $65 Per Month.

HARLEM LIBRARY BUILDING
32 WEST 123D ST.
Cozy, light apartments of one, two and three rooms and bath; telephone; rents $180 to $480 per year, including steam heat, service, and light.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

THE IDLEWILD
1,854 SEVENTH AVE., (NEAR 112TH ST.)
3 large rooms, bath, 5 toilets; select neighborhood; elevator, electric light, telephone; $75 a month. Concessions to desirable lessees. Superintendent.

510 MANHATTAN AVE.
Corner 121st St. Seven rooms and bath; electric lights; modern improvements. Rent $24.00.

141st St., 221 West.— Near 7th Ave.
Elegant 4-6 large, light room elevator apartments, modern; near "L" and Subway stations; $32.50 to $42. Concessions desirable tenants. Investigate.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE
Outlook, apartments 5, 6 rooms; foyer hall; elevator; all modern conveniences; rent $40 to $60. 615 West 143d. Superintendent on premises.

Cathedral Heights $45
5 rooms, elevator, telephone. 503 W. 112th.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN.
West Side.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

The Bellecourt & Annadale, New Elevator Apts.
(Just Completed.)
Ft. Washington Ave., Cor. W. 178th St.
1 block W. of Broadway car.
7-8 extra large rooms & 2 baths with French windows on front.

7 our room apartments contain 2 large foyer halls, butler's pantry, tiled floor kitchens, 7 closets, most elegant fixtures and decorations, admirably laid out.

8 our room apartments have 3 bedrooms, facing street, with main chamber 14x17 (containing 5 windows), 8 closets and most attractive apartment obtainable anywhere.

Rents VERY REASONABLE.
Short walk from W. 181st St. Sub. Sta.
Agent on premises.

Low Rents for High Class Apartments

Elegant, modernly arranged apartments, in healthy section, with every desired convenience, at rents that are very reasonable.

Bonny Castle Highland Court
191st St. and St. Nicholas Av., at 191st St. Subway station. Unequalled transit facilities.
4 Rooms—$35
5 Rooms—$40 to $45

See representative on premises or
NORMAN DENZER
3,316 Broadway, at 159th St.

JUST COMPLETED—UP-TO-DATE
ETHAN ALLEN STONY POINT
N.W. CORNER PINEHURST AV., 180th St.
5-ROOM APARTMENTS, RENTS $39-$43.
Finest non-elevator apartment
ON WASHINGTON HEIGHTS
Shower Baths and Parquet Floors.
Vacuum Cleaning. Sanitary Garbage Closets.
TELEPHONE IN EACH APARTMENT.

ROSALIND COURT
510 West 144th St.
Between Amsterdam and Broadway.
BEAUTIFUL MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
Near Subway, Elevated, & Crosstown Cars.
4 Large Rooms.....$35—$40
6 Large Rooms, Front....$55—$60
Ground Floor, 6 Rooms, Suitable for Dentist, $60.
See Superintendent on premises, or
Duff & Brown, 1,715 Amsterdam Av.

Hague Apartments
547 Riverside Drive
overlooking Hudson River, Palisades and Claremont.
High class Apartments, 6 or 7 rooms and bath.
Excellent location; convenient to subway express station; all night elevator; hall and 'phone service.
APARTMENTS, $700 to $1,200.

CONVENT COURT
436 Convent Avenue (149th St.)
High-class elevator apartment, all modern improvements.
2 Rooms, Bath and Kitchenette
Only three left—$25 to $35
Also One 5 Rooms and Bath
Superintendent on premises.

THE MARBLE HILL
short block from Broadway Subway station
Unusually large, light, and attractive
3, 4, and 5 Room Apartments.
Electric light, parquet floors.
All night service. 'Phone in every apartment
Rents $25 and up
Supt. on premises. 'Phone 775—Marble.
115 West 225th St.

DUCHESS COURT,

548-558 West 164th Street

Elegant 4-5-6-8 rooms, high-class new elevator apartment; every modern convenience; near Subway.

Rents Very Reasonable

THE MIDLOTHIAN
353 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

THE DEVONSHIRE
547 West 112th St., corner Broadway.
7 ROOMS—3 BATHS.....$1,500
BEST VALUE IN NEW YORK.
ALL NIGHT SERVICE.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN.
West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

VERNON HALL

146-156 West 118th Street
Adjoining Seventh Ave.
Centrally located, convenient to Subway and "L" Express Station
Private Block, Quiet and Refined
All modern improvements, including day and night elevator and hall service, parquet floors, combination wall safes, telephone and electric light in each apartment, etc.
A Few Choice, Bright and Cozy
5, 7 AND 8 ROOM APARTMENTS
For October Occupancy
RENTS $540, $900, $1,000
LIBERAL CONCESSIONS TO DESIRABLE LESSEES.
Superintendent on Premises.

STRATHMORE

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, S. E. CORNER 113TH STREET
A Few Choice Apartments to Let
100 Feet Frontage on the Drive

Two apartments to floor; 10 rooms, 3 baths and large foyer, 14 closets, pantry. Parlors 18x22. Dining room 17x21; Master bedroom 17x20; other rooms large.

No other apartments on Riverside Drive, with similar rental, can compare with these. The sunlight, air and view are really unusual.

Apartments may be seen at any time, and on request by letter or telephone (John 5567 or Morningside 488) our representative will call on you with plan and prices.

HALL, HAWKES & PRENTICE,
32 NASSAU STREET.

New Fireproof Elevator Apartments

THE ALABAMA

550 Riverside Drive, N. E. Cor. 127th St.
One block from Manhattan St. Subway Station & B'way Surface Cars.

An apartment house of unusually substantial construction, containing every up-to-date improvement and convenience including vacuum cleaners, etc. Service of the Highest Standard.

3-4-5-6 and 7 Rooms & Baths
3 Room Suites Have Kitchenettes.
Rents from $40. up
Manager on premises

East Side.

SOUND VIEW

Northwest Corner
140th STREET and CONVENT AV.
Convenient to Subway and Elevated.
Restricted Private House Neighborhood.
JUST COMPLETED
10 Story Fireproof Building
3, 4, 5 and 6 ROOMS
Rentals, $540 to $1,200 Yearly
Every Improvement, Including Mail Chute, Filtered Water and Vacuum Cleaner, Laundry and Steam Clothes Dryers. Outlet for small Electric Stove in every kitchen.
Unobstructed View in all Directions.
Opposite St. Nicholas Park and City College Campus
'Phone, 6187—Audubon.

HILLCREST

APARTMENTS
430 West 116th St.
One block from 116th St. and Broadway Subway Station.
8 Outside Sunny Rooms
2 and 3 baths
Living rooms.....18x23 feet
Dining rooms.....14x19 feet
Bedrooms, southern exposure..13x16 feet
Spacious foyers. Wide halls. Ample closets.
Elevator and all Modern Conveniences.
RENTS $1,500 TO $2,000.
Open for inspection until 10 P. M.

Oxford Hall

454-456 Riverside Drive.
(116-119 STREETS.)
FRONT APARTMENTS.
5&6 Rooms 2 Baths, $1,100-1,500
REAR.
4 Rooms and Bath, $700-900
APPLY ON PREMISES OR
PEASE & ELLIMAN,
165 W. 72nd St. Tel. 8300 Col.

REED HOUSE

121st St. and Broadway
5 Rooms, $540- $660
6 Rooms, $720- $840
7 Rooms, $840-$1,200
This property is held and managed by an individual owner as a permanent investment.
APPLY ON PREMISES.

AMHERST,

204 West 110th St.
Absolutely Fireproof. Recently Completed.
Private House Rooms. Large Closets.
8 Rooms and 3 Baths
To Lease from October 1.
RENT $2,000. Only 1 apartment left.
Superintendent on Premises.

421 West 121st Street
Near Columbia, Barnard, Horace Mann, and Teachers College and Union Theological Seminary; very desirable 5 and 6 room apartments; all improvements; decorate to suit; rents $35 and $47.50. On premises, or Snowber & Smith, 2,190 Broadway, (78th.)

East Side.

1,264 LEXINGTON AVE.
NORTHWEST CORNER 85TH ST.
High-class elevator apartments, six light rooms, bath, all modern improvements, $50-$55. Superintendent.

39-43 E. 27th ST.
HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS.
Six or seven large, sunny rooms, bath; elevator; all modern conveniences; fireproof; $1,200-$1,400.

A—CORONADO—A
High-class fireproof apartments, Park Ave. corner; suites 6-7 rooms; yearly rents $900 upward; service unexcelled. 75 East 81st St.

KINGSTON—129 E. 76th Street
Handsome apartment, seven large, light rooms, $60.

East Side.

5TH AV. AND 58TH ST.
100 feet east of 5th Av.
THE MASON, 6-12 East 58th St.
Attractive Apartments of 8 and 9 rooms and bath; open plumbing, steam heat; hall boys; elevator service all night.
VERY LOW RENTS FOR CHOICE LOCATION
$1,600 to $1,750
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 BROADWAY, OR SUPERINTENDENT, ON PREMISES.

Swannanoa,
105-107 East 15th St.,
Overlooking Union Square.
At 14th St. Subway express station.
High Class Apartments, 3 and 5 Rooms and Bath.
Every Room Sunny.
Steel constructed building, magnificent entrance and reception room, excellent hall and telephone service.
C. F. BEDELL CO., Agents,
Broadway and 87th St.

Manhanset

61-65 East 59th St.,
NEAR MADISON AVE.
The Most Accessible Location in New York City.
High Class Modern Apartments, 3 Rooms and Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished. Hotel Service.
FOR RENTS, ETC.,
See Superintendent on Premises.

Strictly NEW ENGLAND Fireproof.
43 to 51 E. 58th St., 54 E. 59th St., 480 Park Av. Seven rooms, one and two baths, $1,200 to $1,700. Two and three rooms and bath; $480 to $690. All-night elevator; hall and 'phone service; all improvements; resident Superintendent.
Broadway REMCO 98th Street.

43 East 27th St. Near Madison Ave.
QUITE DISCOURAGING!
So it is with KITCHENETTE APARTMENTS. Something always lacking—if not one thing, then another. Not so with ours. We have New York's most complete, up-to-date, commodious, 2-3 room KITCHENETTE SUITES, FIREPROOF BUILDING. Rent $750-$900. Detached maid's rooms or maid service. Rent $750-$900.
ALSO 2-ROOM DOCTOR'S SUITE.
VERY DESIRABLE FOR BACHELORS.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS.
223 LEXINGTON AVENUE,
Suites of 2 Rooms and Bath, $40 per month
111 WEST 43D ST.
2 ROOMS, BATH,
$25 TO $45 PER MONTH.
Ashforth & Co., 111 E. 42d St.

THE ALVARADO,
S. E. cor. 80th St., Park Ave.
In exclusive neighborhood, high-class, modern equipped apartments of nine extra large, all light rooms, two baths, abundance of large closets; also one ground floor, suitable for doctor; rents $1,700 to $1,900. Supt.

THE CLEVELAND,
126-130 East 24th St.
Apartments of 9 rooms, ample closets, etc.

BROOKLYN.

BEAUTIFUL SUNNY HOMES

of the Monroe Court and Jeanette Apts.
All outside rooms, large windows, no air-shafts; located at Beverley Road and East 21st St., the select Flatbush home section, Brooklyn; ONLY 20 min. to B'way, N. Y. Suites 4-5-6 rooms; rents $25 to $36 per month. Every convenience, buffets, china closets, steam heat, hot water, electric light, telephone, screens, awnings, safes, parquet floors, vacuum cleaning, uniformed hall boy, janitor service. Call or write E. O. JACKSON, on premises; tel. Flatbush 4580 or suite 1101 Times Building, N. Y.; tel. Bryant 1494.

Park Slope Duplex Houses
Separate entrance to apartment.
Seven large, all light rooms with bath.
Every improvement, handsomely decorated.
All comfort and privacy of a one-family dwelling, with conveniences of an up-to-date apartment.
Rents $45. Superior to anything in Manhattan at twice that Rental.
20 minutes from Park Row.
Elevated, Trolley, or Subway.
WALTER K. JOHNSON,
198 9th St., bet. 6th and 7th Aves., Brooklyn.

PARKWAY HEIGHTS.
Six Elegant Outside Rooms and Bath.
RENTS $30 TO $35.
Every improvement; fine location; convenient trolleys and elevated. 173 Rogers Av., near St. John's Place.

CLAIMS AGAINST CUMMINS

Aggregate $2,800,000 and Assets of Carnegie Trust Man Are $100,000.

Creditors of William J. Cummins of the Carnegie Trust Company and other corporations met yesterday at the office of Seagrane Coxe, referee in bankruptcy, at 20 Church Street, to file claims and elect a Trustee. About thirty claims, aggregating $2,800,000, were presented, and nearly all of them were filed. Among them were the Carnegie Trust Company, $562,903; Central Trust Company, $800,000; Northern Bank, $141,986; Liberty National Bank, $129,022; National Reserve Bank, $103,606; Empire Investment Company, $75,000; estate of Charles C. Dickinson, $328,920; Surplus Assets Company, $78,560; Broadway Bond Street Company, $27,000; Albany Trust Company, $51,329; Winter Russell, $125,000; Charles E. McMahon, $70,000; John M. Bromley, $75,000; James S. Watson, $82,450; Manning, Maxwell & Moore, $50,000; Annie Estelle Kidd, $57,000; David E. Bush, $35,548; Joseph Rork, $25,739; Ernest W. Kelsey, $19,000, and Mrs. J. Malloy, $10,000.

Payson Merrill, the receiver, declined to be a candidate for trustee. Thomas D. Hewitt and Alfred C. Coxe, Jr., were nominated for Trustee. Mr. Coxe was nominated by an attorney representing the Banking Department in charge of the Carnegie Trust Company and several other large creditors.

While the voting of claims was in progress it appeared that Mr. Hewitt had a majority, and Mr. Coxe's name was withdrawn. The referee declared Mr. Hewitt elected unanimously, and his bond was fixed at $50,000.

Mr. McIlvaine of Parsons, Closser & McIlvaine, who filed the petition against Mr. Cummins, stated to the creditors that Mr. Cummins had a house in Nashville which may be worth $100,000. The receiver has no other assets of any great value, and the rest of the estate is collateral for loans, and it is very doubtful if the collateral will equal the amount of the loans.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Chinese Fans Are Admitted at Lower Rates of Duty—Other Decisions.

Importers of Chinese fans scored a victory yesterday before the Board of United States General Appraisers when it was decided that fans embroidered are not dutiable at the rate of 60 per cent. ad valorem but are entitled to enter at 50 per cent. It was alleged by the protestants, Lee Tai Lung and others, that the Collector's assessments were excessive. The claims are sustained and the Collector is reversed.

The board has sustained a protest filed by Hammill & Gillespie regarding the classification of drums containing chloride of magnesium. The drums were assessed at the rate of 30 per cent. ad valorem as "unusual" coverings, and are claimed to be dutiable at the same ad valorem rate as the contents as the usual coverings of chloride of magnesium. The Collector is reversed.

The board overruled a protest filed by George Borgfeldt & Co. regarding the classification of small pocket envelopes containing paper sheets covered with soap prepared for toilet purposes. It is held that the merchandise is dutiable at 60 per cent. ad valorem, and not at lower rates as claimed by the importers.

G. A. & E. Meyer were successful in obtaining a reduction in the assessment of duty on ultramarine blue. The merchandise was returned for duty at 30 per cent. ad valorem as "artists' colors." The importers set up the claim that the goods should be allowed to enter at the rate of 3 cents a pound. This claim is sustained by the board.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—The Consular and Trade Report will note the following foreign trade opportunities. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of item referred to:

7,398. RESIN AND COLOPHONY.—An American Consular officer in Germany reports that a business man in his district is in the market for large quantities of American resin and colophony, and would like to be placed in communication with firms in the United States wishing to export these articles to Germany.

7,399. GROCERY SPECIALTIES.—A business man in a Canadian city informs an American Consul that he would like to enter into correspondence with American concerns engaged in the manufacture of grocery specialties, especially those which would find a sale in that country.

7,400. MACHINERY AND DEVICES FOR UTILIZING WASTE PRODUCTS.—A report from an American Consular officer states that a business man in his district is desirous of getting in touch with firms in the United States manufacturing machinery and devices for utilizing waste paper, wood, tin, &c., for commercial purposes.

7,401. SMALL ICEMAKING MACHINES.—An organization that is actively engaged in promoting the sale of American goods in an Asiatic country informs the Bureau of Manufactures that several firms in the country in question are interested in the possibilities for trade in small icemaking machines. Catalogues, price lists, and full particulars are desired from manufacturers of these machines in the United States.

7,402. DRIVE PIPE FOR WELL DRILLING.—An American Consul in a Latin-American country reports that a local firm desires at once prices on the following classes of drive pipe: 6 inch, 16 pounds to the foot; 8 inch, 28 pounds to the foot; 10 inch, 40 pounds to the foot; 10 inch, 32 pounds to the foot, and 12½ inch, 46 pounds to the foot. The firm is engaged in well drilling and requires considerable shipments of the above sizes of pipe. It is hereforefore bought from jobbers, but its prospective needs are large enough to justify direct orders. Lowest prices, free on board Chicago or New York, will be acceptable, but quotations, free on board, another city are preferred.

7,403. BEET SUGAR AND BEET SUGAR SYRUP.—A business man in a Canadian city informs an American Consular officer that he would like to receive quotations from firms in the United States upon beet sugar or beet sugar syrup or refuse of the cheapest grade for use in the manufacture of blasting powder on railway work. The inquirer states that he will need about a carload a week.

7,404. OPTICAL GOODS AND JEWELRY.—A report from an American Consular officer states that an inquiry has been received from a native of India for the names of American manufacturers of optical goods, thermometers, barometers, microscopes, binoculars, opera field glasses, opera glasses, watches, and jewelry. The inquirer is at present in England pursuing special studies with reference to the eye, and he expects to visit the United States about February next for the purpose of taking a special course in this line of study. Upon the completion of his studies he expects to return to India, where it is his intention to establish a wholesale business in the articles enumerated. With this object in view he desires to get in touch with American manufacturers of such goods.

7,405. FRUIT GRADERS FOR GRADING ORANGES.—An American Consul in Africa has transmitted a request from a merchant in his district who desires to purchase from American manufacturers fruit graders for the grading of oranges. The inquirer desires catalogues and price lists of these articles as soon as possible.

7,406. AGENCY FOR AMERICAN CEREALS AND FOOD PRODUCTS.—A report from an American Consul in the United Kingdom states that a British firm is seeking to secure a sole agency for American cereals and food products not already represented in a certain district. The firm is interested only in the highest grade goods. The firm in question claims it was largely instrumental in introducing into that country certain brands of American cereals, food products, &c.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—Following is the forecast for cotton and grain States for Saturday and Sunday, as issued by the United States Weather Bureau:

North Carolina—Fair and somewhat cooler Saturday. Sunday probably fair; moderate west and northwest winds.

South Carolina, Florida, and Alabama—Probably fair Saturday and Sunday; light to moderate variable winds.

Mississippi—Probably fair Saturday; cooler in northern portion. Sunday increasing cloudiness; light variable winds.

Louisiana—Local showers Saturday. Sunday probably fair; light to moderate east and southeast winds.

Eastern Texas—Local showers Saturday; slightly cooler in extreme northern portion. Sunday probably fair; moderate east and southeast winds.

Western Texas—Local showers Saturday. Sunday probably fair.

Utah—Showers and somewhat warmer Saturday. Sunday fair.

Oklahoma—Showers and cooler Saturday. Sunday probably fair.

Arkansas—Cloudy and cooler Saturday. Sunday probably showers.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Probably fair Saturday. Sunday showers.

Ohio—Fair Saturday; cooler in southern portion. Sunday unsettled; light to moderate variable winds.

Indiana and Illinois—Probably fair Saturday. Sunday unsettled, probably showers; light variable winds.

Michigan and Wisconsin—Fair Saturday; warmer in northern portions. Sunday unsettled; moderate variable winds, becoming southeast and east.

Minnesota—Fair Saturday. Sunday increasing cloudiness; moderate south and southeast winds.

Iowa—Increasing cloudiness, followed by showers Saturday night or on Sunday.

Missouri—Unsettled, probably followed by showers Saturday. Sunday showers.

Dakotas—Cloudy Saturday. Sunday fair.

Nebraska—Local rains Saturday. Sunday and Sunday night. Sunday probably fair.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

BENJAMIN ABRAMS, butter and eggs, Mamaroneck.—Petition by Aaron Knoll, $695. Assets, (estimated,) $1,000.

JOHN DAY, fruit, 108 Warren Street. Petition by Connolly Auction Company, a creditor for $1,364. Judge Hough appointed W. C. Lee receiver.

WILLIAM STRIANESE, marble works, 316 East Seventy-fifth Street.—Petition by Michael Cohen & Co., $701; Michael Cohen, $207, and John Furlong, Jr., $307.

RAPHAEL GREIFF, city employe, 143 West 120th Street, filed a petition; liabilities, $4,001, and assets, $7. Among the creditors are the estate of Switz Conde of Oswego, $1,000, and the estate of Dr. Sam Kohn, $1,000.

COATES GOSHEN COMPANY, automobiles, Goshen, N. Y. Petition by the Michelin Tire Company, $539; Delany & Co., Philadelphia, $114, and Daniel Delany & Son, Newark, $94. Assets, (estimated,) $9,000.

PROGRESSIVE SPORTING GOODS COMPANY.—Isidor A. Levy, 115 Nassau St., has filed a petition; liabilities, $6,114, and assets, $2,413, consisting of stock, $2,000; fixtures, $300, and accounts, $113. Judge Hough appointed W. Henkel, Jr., receiver.

ARENSON BROTHERS.—Samuel W. and Morris Arenson, manufacturers of men's clothing, 102 Bleecker Street. Petition by Samuel Cohen, $476, and Abe Silverman, $41. Judge Hough appointed Charles L. Greenhall receiver. Liabilities, $20,000, and assets, $4,000.

BERNARD LOVINGER, grocer, 594 Lenox Avenue, schedules show liabilities, $5,421 and assets, $2,120, consisting of stock, $1,800, sold by the receiver; accounts, $150; deposit on a lease, $125; electric light deposit, $25, and cash, $20.

CARHARTT AUTOMOBILE SALES COMPANY of 1,589 Broadway. Judge Hough has appointed L. H. Moos receiver. He was the assignee. Assets are probably $10,000, but there is a dispute as to the ownership of some of the autos in the place and to the furniture and fixtures.

OSTROFF.—Oscar Ostroff and Louis M. Handelman, men's furnishing goods, 1,131 Broadway, 531 Sixth Avenue, 2,856 Third Avenue, and 52 East Twenty-third Street. Petition by Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, $431; Charles Falkenberg, $618, and Charles Simon's Sons, $101. Judge Hough appointed Jesse Watson receiver. Liabilities, $30,000, and assets, $10,000 to $15,000. The receiver is to continue business twenty days.

VENUS HAT MANUFACTURING CO.—Max Kameny, Jacob Kameny, and Annie Grechtman, 175 Wooster Street. Petition by Carlowitz & Co., $796; George Hart, $38, and Nathaniel Buckman Company, $90. Judge Hough appointed Samuel H. Lummis receiver; bond, $1,000. Liabilities, $10,000, and assets, (estimated,) $2,000 in stock and accounts.

MERCANTILE CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, builder, 56 East Twenty-third Street, filed a petition; liabilities, $12,756, and assets, $10,-367, consisting of accounts, $9,532; office fixtures, $275; scaffolding, $400; cash on deposit, $28, and claims, $152. Among the creditors are Michael Powers, $5,509; Blight & Overfield, $2,963; F. & F. Corbin, $1,890, and Colonial Bank, $3,000.

MOSES D. JURAN and REBECCA, or ANGELE JURAN, 255 Broome Street, filed a petition with joint liabilities, $1,475 to six creditors. Mr. Juran has also liabilities, $10,-330 contracted as a partner in the firm of Juran & Schultz, woolens. Among the creditors are the American Woolen Company, $4,-060; Joseph Schultz, $2,900, and David Schultz, $1,000.

RALPH A. BELKNAP and W. H. WEISS, stockbrokers formerly 64 Wall Street, schedules were filed by Archibald Douglas, the receiver, as Mr. Belknap has been in South America for eighteen months, and Mr. Weiss cannot be located. They show liabilities, $78,-148, and assets, $4,455, consisting of cash, $1,565, and office furniture, in storage, $500. Among the creditors are A. G. Plant & Co., Washington, D. C., $14,645; F. O. Peabody, Waterbury, Conn., $9,505; Maples & Goldschmidt, South Norwalk, $5,580; Lewis & Goldschmidt, Portchester, $3,105; J. M. Bennetto, Woonsocket, R. I., $3,490, and B. O. Gross, Newport, $2,500. A petition in bankruptcy was filed against them on Aug. 27, 1909.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Albro, Stephen V.—M. Bast, $554.
Same—Same, $589.
Broudy, Joseph—M. Alvarez, $298.
Same—Same, $287.
Bohl, Nicholaus—E. Bohl, $117.
Blum, Michael, et al.—I. Mateyzel, $508.
Brown, Isaac—B. Daxe, $110.
Ball, Samuel—M. F. Foster, $119.
Bove, Teresa N., et al.—People, &c., $1,500.
Cohn, George E., et al.—Germania Bank of City of New York, $3,065.
Conrad, Solomon—Bakst Brothers, $144.
Crane, Walter D.—G. T. Benton, $1,646.
Clamonta, Mary C.—Moesler, $630.
Carlisle, Thomas H. O.—National Nassau Bank of New York, $169.
Druckman, Jacob—S. Weisglass, $207.
Davis, John L., et al.—Germania Bank of City of New York, $3,065.
Donovana, Morgan J.—E. P. Field et al., $108.
Dumont, Gennaro—George Ringler & Co., $451.
Elder, George W., et al.—New York Life Insurance and Trust Co., $351.
Davis, Ralph W., et al.—Germania Bank of City of New York, $3,065.
Foster, Emanuel—North American Distilling Co., $536.
Feldberg, William G.—Bakst Brothers, $188.
Fesenbender, Charles, et al.—H. Tenberg, $360.
Friedberger, Milton C.—D. Zionson, $311.
Gavin, William J.—H. Elsing & Co., $185.
Green, Sidney—F. Waterman, $194.
Garfales, John D.—D. Goldman, $118.
Gilhooley, Anderson—Evenpost Job Printing Office, $283.
Gruen-elder, Joseph C., et al.—J. & M. Haffen Brewing Co., $965.
Goodman, Morris—H. N. Goodstein, $456.
Gruenfelder, Pauline, et al.—J. & M. Haffen Brewing Co., $965.
Helfman, Nathan—M. Davidson, $117.
Heyman, Harry A., et al.—W. I. Cohn, $534.
Hooven, Arthur E.—Benjamin & Kentor Co., $202.
Herman, Heins A.—C. F. Paterse, $238.
Hartell, Edwin F.—William Hengerer Co., $270.
Same—Same, $270.
Henig, Louis—E. F. Brown, $1,621.
Horkheimer, Herbert M.—Cassidy & Son Mfg. Co., $102.
Jacobs, Irving or Isador—S. Elshowsky, $185.
Keating, James T.—M. Schulman, $258.
Keller, Samuel—Turner Harrison Pan Mfg. Co., $177.
Kresse, Ernest—J. H. Shanahan, $400.
Kerner, Joseph—George Ringler & Co., $2,556.
Kelsch, Annie, et al.—J. & M. Haffen Brewing Co., $965.
Kline, Max, (not summoned,) et al.—W. I. Cohn, $584.
Lamb, Arthur—Equitable Trust Co. of New York, $320.
Lemberson, James H.—Firemen's Insurance Co., $367.
Maple, John G.—W. Weidenkeller, $137.
Millett, Silas E.—Equitable Trust Co. of New York, $116.
McKiever, Katie, et al.—J. & M. Haffen Brewing Co., $985.
Nieberg, Benjamin, et al.—Kenney Mfg. Co., $113.
Olster, Samuel—J. I. Efferman, $139.
Odom, Mary A.—H. Wirsum, $114.
Orsini, Giuseppe, et al.—H. Wirsum, $114.
Parks, Frank J.—Gillett Lumber and Transportation Co., $1,327.
Rogen, Adolph—M. Weiss, $102.
Rafowitz, Moses—Mutual Paper Co., $171.
Rubenstein, Nathan—I. Silberman, $145.
Robinson, Jacob, et al.—Automatic Woven Wire Supply Co., $214.
Schlesinger, Louis—A. A. Reinhard et al., $221.
Slotkin, Meyer, (not summoned,) and Louis—H. N. Goodstein, $138.
Shapiro, Melich—Perlman & Sorin, $402.
Shea, John F.—H. I. Hall, $197.
Swift, Samuel, et al.—Automatic Woven Wire Supply Co., $214.
Silvenski, Anna, et al.—L. Mateyzel, $508.
Van Allen, William W.—H. L. Herbert & Co., $172.
Vondram, Paul and Minna—M. G. Buchdahl, $480.
Talsky, Morris—H. R. Allen Foundry Co., $336.
Vreisaf, Albert—George Ringler & Co., $3,645.
Weinmuller, Alois—M. Johnson, $764.
Weeks, Arthur H.—City of N. Y., $220.
Webber, Charles G.—Same, $220.
Weber, Constance—Same, $220.
Watkins, Edward—Same, $220.
Wundelschaefer, Emma—Same, $119.
Webster, Frederick—Same, $220.
Wernig, Frederick A.—Same, $220.
Wilson, Harland G.—Same, $220.
Wedegarten, Herman—Same, $220.
Wood, John G.—Same, $220.
Wheeler, James A.—Same, $220.
Wohlman, John J.—Same, $220.
Wilson, Martin—Same, $220.
Welekopf, Samuel—Same, $220.
Whirehouse, Samuel E.—Same, $220.
White, Theodore L.—Same, $220.
White, William—Same, $220.
Weymouth, Walter—Same, $220.
Wood, William G.—Same, $220.
Williams, William R.—Same, $220.
Webster, William V.—Same, $220.
Weiss, Jacob—Bakst Brothers, $197.
Wolf, Robert—Lyon, Beverly Shoe Co., $190.
Wyatt, John W.—Vroom, Inc., $111.
Williams, Richard T.—Stanley & Patterson, Inc., $228.
Wergiein, Lopinsky C.—J. Abramson, $144.
Zisefeld, Florian, et al.—F. Maxwell, $205.
Zellner, Charles E., W. Hasker, $154.
John M. Linch Construction Co.—Yorkville Bank, $4,607.
Steinmetz Co. et al.—N. Y. Life Insurance and Trust Co., $351.
Daxon Realty Co. et al.—Germania Bank of City of N. Y., $3,065.
J. S. Appel Sig. and Cook Co.—Clearing Co. of America, $1,803.
Inter-State Securities Co.—H. B. Twombly et al., $1,230.
Sun Construction Co. et al.—Kenney Manufacturing Co., $113.
John M. Linch Construction Co. et al.—H. Tenberg, $360.
Perry Solicitors Co.—National Nassau Bank of N. ..., $360.
Orwell Realty Co. et al.—Noonan & Price Co., $113.
Victor Packing Co.—Chemical Importing and Manufacturing Co., $907.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name in that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed.

Callabelotta, Antonio, and Vincenzo Pernicaro—A. B. Sidulsky, Feb. 2, 1911, $170.
Dennison, Joseph E.—M. L. Cocks, May 3, 1910, $132.
Gefon Construction Co.—L. Sperber, Sept. 27, 1911, $123.
Newman, Herman J.—S. Strauss, July 27, 1910, $362.
Pipe & Supply Co.—L. M. Isaacs et al., April 7, 1911, $4,850.
Same—same, April 21, 1910, $8,401.
Laird, Frank S.—T. M. Applegarth, Oct. 4, 1907, $132.
Lazarowitz, Joseph, and Jacob Hyman—S. Fishkoff, Nov. 27, 1908, $219.
N. Y. C. & H. R. R. Co.—L. Lally et al., June 14, 1905, $353.
Pigueron, George H.—L. Sperber, Sept. 27, 1911, $330.
Reliant Realty & Construction Co., Henry Natig and Frank S. Schwinick—Harbison-Walker Refractories Co., Sept. 19, 1911, $945.
Shurman, Clifford N.—W. Rau, Sept. 7, 1911, $112.
Sidebottom, William—Knickerbocker Trust Co., March 30, 1910, $20,040.
Troeger Sons' Co.—Katzenbach & Bullock Co., July 25, 1911, $266.
Williams, James J.—City of New York, Dec. 12, 1900, $178.
Witzel, Carl & Conrad—M. M. Tragesser, April 21, 1911, $10,357.
Walker, William H.—P. A. Smith, Sept. 21, 1911, $276.
Higgins, Amos—Van Norden Trust Co., Dec. 10, 1909, (released,) $4,250.
Kleinman, Yudel & Rose—J. G. Grauer, Feb. 21, 1910, (released,) $128.
Schneider, Simpson A.—M. L. Ernst, Aug. 9, 1897, (released,) $391.

TO-DAY'S COURT CALENDARS.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Bijur, J.—Ex parte business.
SURROGATE'S COURT—Chambers—Fowler, S. —Wills for probate. Frederick Wagner, Kunigunda Binger v. Frederick G. Jones.
CITY COURT—Special Term—Chambers—O'Dwyer, C. J.—Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Bijur, J.—Cissel v. Giles —Abram Ellenbogen. Pettit v. Mayer—Bert Cohen. Ruppert v. Reff—Thomas E. McDonald. Wallace v. Fanto—James Wright. Rolson v. Perkins—James A. Taylor. Michael v. Michael—John C. Coleman.
SUPREME COURT—Pendleton, J.—In re Walker and Centre Sts.—Thomas N. Rhinelander. Greenwich v. Levin—Phoenix Ingraham.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Bijur, J.—Laretta V. Fleming v. Pauline Schwartz—Ward Belknap. Otto J. Schultz, Jr. v. Otto Schultz—Otto J. Schultz.
SUPREME COURT—Pendleton, J.—Sol Hoffman v. Froma Realty Co.—Cambridge Livingston.
CITY COURT—O'Dwyer, C. J.—John E. Sampson v. Rosa A. Kohn—Thomas W. Churchill.

Brooklyn Court Calendars.

Supreme Court, Kings County: Trial Term.—A new calendar has been made up for October, 1911, consisting of all causes remaining undisposed of on previous calendars, and new notes of issue filed for October, 1911. All causes from No. 1 to No. 1,660 are reserved generally and may be brought on for trial by either party, on five days' notice, or on consent. All causes from No. 1,661 to No. 1,702, will be placed on the day calendar on Oct. 2, 1911. All causes from No. 1,703 to No. 2,200 will be called on Friday, Sept. 29, 1911, at 10 A. M., in Part I., Trial Term. The answer must be "ready" or "off." Ready will only mean that the cause is to go on a list of causes from which following day calendars will be made up; causes marked "off" cannot again be restored until No. 2,200 shall have been reached.

POLICE AND FIRE TRANSFERS.

Police Department.

Transfers: Lieutenants, 6th Precinct to precincts indicated—George Haerle, 13th; John McMullen, 66th; James J. McCarthy, 16th. To 6th Precinct from precincts indicated—William Van Keuren, 13th; Patrick McCormick, 69th; Philip Auer, 16th.

Patrolmen, 1st Precinct to precincts indicated—J. J. Ray, 23d; H. A. Mehl, 28th; C. Weidle, 52d; W. R. Gell, 25th; R. Latz, 29th; I. W. Lake, 30th; B. F. Siebelt, 31st Precinct, to Boiler Squad; W. R. Graham, Boiler Squad, to 147th Precinct.

Fire Department.

Detailed to commands for thirty days: Deputy Chief John F. King to Second Division; Foreman Andrew F. Fitzgerald, Engine 69, to Fifteenth Battalion.

Appointed on three months' probation: Matthew L. Blair, Jr., and David G. Shears, Jr., cable testers, Telegraph Bureau, Manhattan.

Appointed provisionally: John F. Shields and Michael A. Kelly, inspectors of blasting, Manhattan.

Transfer and assignment: Marine Stoker J. Harrington from Department of Docks and Ferries to Engine 35.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—A marked atmospheric activity has been the rule over the United States during the last several days, and it continues in the rapid eastward movement of the storm from Iowa to the New England Coast since Thursday night and also by the upper air observations at Mount Weather, where Friday morning at an altitude of 6,560 feet the wind was blowing sixty-two miles an hour from the West.

There have been rains during the last twenty-four hours over practically all sections east of the Mississippi River.

Snow was falling Friday night in Northern Maine.

A marked fall in temperature is reported from the Mississippi Valley and the Southwest, which is now followed by warmer in the Middle Atlantic States and the Far Northwest.

A disturbance developing over the Rocky Mountains will move eastward and cause unsettled weather by Sunday in the lake region and the Atlantic States.

The weather will be fair Saturday throughout the region east of the Mississippi River.

The weather will be cooler Saturday in the Northeast, but warmer weather is probable Sunday in the Ohio Valley and the North Atlantic States.

Winds along the New England and Middle Atlantic Coast will be moderate north and northwest; South Atlantic Coast, light to moderate variable.

Steamships departing Saturday for European ports will have moderate north and northwest winds and generally fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York and New England—Fair Saturday; cooler in south portion. Sunday fair, with rising temperature; moderate north and northwest winds.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair and cooler Saturday. Sunday increasing cloudiness; moderate north winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1910.	1911.		1910.	1911.
3 A. M.	57	55	4 P. M.	68	61
6 A. M.	57	58	6 P. M.	65	62
9 A. M.	65	57	9 P. M.	63	61
12 M.	69	67	12 P. M.	62	62

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 58; for the corresponding date last year it was 63; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 62.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 55; at 8 P. M. it was 61. Maximum temperature, 68 degrees at 4 P. M.; minimum, 55 degrees at 9 A. M. Humidity, 85 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 80 per cent. at 8 P. M.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Barr, William, Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; W. J. Smith, furnishing goods; 4 Washington Place.
Hamburger, A., & Sons, Los Angeles, Cal.; I. Samuel, silks and dress goods; 215 Fourth Avenue.
Gladding, B. H., Dry Goods Company, Providence, R. I.; F. W. Aldred, hosiery, gloves, and knit underwear; Hotel Algonquin.
Dallas Jobbing House, Dallas, Texas; A. Toplitz, clothing; Broadway Central Hotel.
Kline Cloak Company, St. Louis, Mo.; Miss L. Wolfson, ready-to-wear; 7 East Twentieth Street.
Horne, J., Company, Pittsburgh, Penn.; G. W. Patterson, women's hosiery and gloves; T. F. Ranck, cloaks and suits; 31 Union Square.
Beach, L. F., Company, Joliet, Ill.; L. Stocker, ribbons and notions; Grand Hotel.
Pixley, H. D., & Son Company, Utica, N. Y.; F. J. Peckham, hats, 320 Broadway; Grand Union Hotel.
Powers Mercantile Company, Minneapolis, Minn.; W. C. M. Pyke, laces, neckwear and ribbons; 214 Church Street.
Meier & Frank Company, Portland, Ore.; F. L. Roebuck, domestics, 31 Union Square; Hotel Navarre.
Hamburger & Sons, Los Angeles, Cal.; H. L. Woods, cloaks, suits and waists, 218 Fourth Avenue; Hotel Longacre.
Steiner & Lafman, Montgomery, Ala.; N. Lafman, cloaks; 43 Leonard Street.

Experienced salesman to sell medium line of skirts throughout the United States; good inducements. Thomas Posner, 837 Church St., New York.

Guide for Buyers.

1 line, 1 year, $116.80; 6 mos., $61.88; 3 mos., $32.76; 1 mo., $11.40.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS. A. C. Bosselman & Co., 453 Broadway.
EMBROIDERIES AND LACES. Laumann, Boesch & Weingart, 121 6th Av.
MARABOU Neckwear, Novelties & Trimmings. Hauser & Davis Mfg., 39 East 8th St.
MANICURE SUPPLIES. Lentz-ite (Pieroline Mfg. Co.,) 42 Franklin.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

SMALL PIANOS

Rented very low; some $3 month. Bargains in Grand, Player, and Upright Pianos. Used Aeolian Player-Piano.....$275
Liberal Terms; large stock to select from.
JAMES & HOLMSTROM, Mfrs., 23 EAST 14TH STREET.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

At Mount Vernon and Pelham Heights we have several good bargains in houses, both for sale and rent. Bryant Park Realty Co., 5 East 42d St. Phone 7750 Bryant. Mount Vernon office, 3 Park Av.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Attractive bungalow, brand new; large plot; price only $1,600; easy terms; 25 minutes from Broadway, Lackawanna Railroad. Louis Nicholson, Lyndhurst, N. J.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

BRONX.

JUST COMPLETED
Bainbridge and Bedford Courts
COR. BAINBRIDGE AV. & BEDFORD PARK BOULEVARD, OR 205TH ST.
IN THE HEART OF THE FINEST RESIDENTIAL SECTION OF THE CITY. SURROUNDED BY BEAUTIFUL PARKS.
5 minutes to L and Bronx Park stations.
4-5-6 elegant large rooms; beautifully decorated; every modern improvement. $27-$45

5 elegantly finished rooms, large dining room and wardrobe. All modern improvements; residential section of the Bronx, near public and Morris High schools. Small select families desired.
950 TRINITY AVE., Near 165d St.
RENT $22 UP.
Apply on premises.

MORRIS AV. 1921 SOUTH OF TREMONT AV
READY OCT. 1ST
2-4-5 Extra Large Rooms. Electric light, telephone, parquet floors, &c. Refined, quiet neighborhood.

1024 Boston Road near 165th
High-class 5 and 7 rooms; electric light; parquet floors; bath, telephone, etc. well-kept house.

183d Street and Marion Avenue.
THE WILLOW APARTMENTS.
Just completed; 5 and 6 rooms; two families on each floor.

2,030 MARION AV., bet. 194th and 195th Sts., 2 blocks west of Webster Av., Fordham Road "L" Station; apartments, just completed, 5 and 6 rooms, $25 upward.

1,999 MORRIS AV., Corner 179th St., 6 and 8 rooms in 2-family house; select neighborhood; rents reasonable.

Other "Furnished" and "Unfurnished" Apartments advertised on next to last page.

APARTMENT HOTELS.

Widening of 5th Ave. at 45th St. Completed Two Years Ago
THE LORRAINE
Fifth Avenue and 45th Street
Beautifully furnished apartments and rooms, transiently or permanently.
Every bedroom has a bath with outside window. Broad halls. Transoms over doors assuring ample ventilation. Quiet elevators. Complete Hotel Service.
2 handsomely furnished apartments on 5th Ave., 1 rooms and bath, 4 and 2 baths, 7 and 3 baths.
Restaurant and Cafe with Superior Cuisine and Moderate Prices.
Business Men's Lunch 12 to 2.
PAUL W. ORVIS GEO. C. HOWE

Hotel Clarendon
Northwest Corner
58TH ST. AND PARK AV.
APARTMENTS

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

IDEAL TOURS To BERMUDA
Special Outings, 4 to 12 days, $21.00 up. All Expenses, transportation, hotels, carriage & steamer trips, etc., included. From New York Oct. 7, 11, 14, 18, 21, 25, Nov. 1, 4. Send for illustrated folder. MARSTERS' TOURS, 31 W. 30th St., N. Y. City.

UP THE HUDSON
SUNDAYS
STR. BENJ. B. ODELL, (NEW)
To HIGHLAND FALLS and NEWBURGH
from Franklin St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:30 A. M.
ROUND TRIP 90c.

KEYPORT BOAT—Round Trip, 50c.
Saturday—Leave Battery 1.30 P. M., 7 P. M.; leave Keyport 7 A. M., 5 P. M. Sunday—Leave Battery 9.45 A. M., 1.30 P. M., 7 P. M.; leave Keyport 7.30 A. M., 11.30 A. M., 5 P. M. Weekdays—Leave Battery 5.15 P. M.; leave Keyport 7 A. M. Freight received for Keyport at Pier foot Gansevoort St., 6 A. M. to 4 P. M. daily; 9 A. M. to 12 noon Saturdays.

Magnificent R. M. S. "Arabic" leaves Feb. 8, rates $400 up, including shore excursions; 71 enchanting days. Stop-over privileges. RoundWorld Tours Oct. 21, Nov. 18 and later. FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York.
CLARK'S ORIENT CRUISE

Sight-Seeing Yachts
Saloon and Observation, around New York Harbor and Manhattan Island. Daily from Battery Pier, near South Ferry, 10:30 and 2:30. SEE THE OCEAN, Sandy Hook Lighthouse and Forts. Trips daily. 1-1/2 returning 5.

Sight-Seeing Yacht Clifton.
Around Manhattan Island, foot W. 42d St., 10:30, 2:30; lecturer aboard. Tel. 6441 Gram

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

HUDSON NAVIGATION CO'S
HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES
Direct Train Connections at Albany and Troy.
PEOPLES LINE To Albany
CITIZENS LINE To Albany & Troy
St. C. W. Morse (even dates Sept.) and Adirondack, Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., 6 P. M.; W. 129th St., 6:45 P. M. daily (Sunday excepted) Observation and Palm Room a new feature.
Day Str. Trains and Benedict, Pier 32, N. R., 6 P. M. daily (Saturday included); stops at Albany in both directions. Tickets at pier and principal ticket offices. Rail tickets accepted for passage between New York and Albany.
Tel. 9400 Spring.
"The Popular Searchlight Route."

JOY LINE $2.40 BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 36, East River.
New Management. Improved Service.
City Ticket Office, 329 Broadway, N. Y.

$1 MANHATTAN LINE To ALBANY
Round Trip, $1.50. Good 30 Days. Steam. lv. ft. W. Houston St., 5:30 P. M.; W. 129th St., 6 P. M. daily; stop Columbia St. (Union Stn.) Albany; southbound, stop ft. W. 125th St., N. Y. 8220 Spring.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

HUDSON NAVIGATION CO'S
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Tel. 9400 Spring.
"The Popular Searchlight Route."

HARTFORD LINE
From New Pier 14, East River, foot of Pike St., daily except Sunday, at 4 P. M., for Connecticut River landings. Write for illustrated folder.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN
Via PLYMOUTH and CHERBOURG TO HAMBURG.
S. S. PRESIDENT LINCOLN (18,000 Tons.) SAILS Oct. 3, 9 A. M.
GIBRALTAR, ALGIERS, NAPLES, GENOA.
S. S. MOLTKE (12,500 Tons.) SAILS Oct. 12, 2 P. M.

CRUISES DE LUXE
Around the World
On an Ocean Liner
TWO GRAND CRUISES
by the large new transatlantic Steamship CLEVELAND (17,000 tons), the first to leave New York on October 21, 1911, and the second from San Francisco on February 6, 1912.
$650 and up, including all necessary ex-1110 Days ports aboard and ashore. Duration. ANNUAL EVENT "Around the World Cruises" will be repeated in October, 1913, and February, 1913, by the large Cruising Steamship Victoria Luise, (16,500 tons.)
Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.
Write for Booklets at All Cruises.

REGULAR SERVICES
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
*PRES. LINCOLN.....Oct. 2, 9 A. M.
VICTORIA LUISE.....Oct. 7, 10 A. M.
*PRES. GRANT.....Oct. 10, 11 A. M.
†AMERIKA.....Oct. 14, 10 A. M.
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden. *Will call at Plymouth and Cherbourg.
Direct Service—PHILADELPHIA-HAMBURG.

Lost

25c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—Notice is hereby given that Certificate No. 137 for eleven (11) shares of preferred stock for Indian Refining Company, standing in the name of Rebekah C. Davis, has been either lost or stolen. All persons are hereby notified against purchasing, selling or otherwise negotiating the above certificate. Notice of the loss or theft has been given to the Indian Refining Company, and application has been made for the issue of a new certificate. (Signed) REBEKAH C. DAVIS.

LOST—Friday, 29th, Harlem train, smoking car, due Grand Central 5:17 A. M., or White Plains station, bill book, black, red cover, other paper, wrapped, manila paper, rubber band outside; reward. Room 1,702, 35 Liberty St.

LOST—In New York City, on Thursday, Sept. 21, railroad ticket, travelers' checks and bank draft; ticket revoked, drafts and check stopped; reward for return to owner, William L. Adams, Hotel Cumberland, 54th and Broadway.

LOST—Gentleman's black pearl and diamond scarfpin, in the neighborhood of Fulton Market; finder will be liberally rewarded by returning same to Blackford's, Fulton Market, New York City.

LOST—Fancy gunmetal watch, bow knot pin, between Broadway, 35th, West End, 22d, Astoria Ballerstein, Umbria, 23d St., West End Av.; reward.

LOST—Friday, on downtown express, about 8:30 A. M., diamond screw earring. Suitable reward if returned to Lyons, Room 256, 1,777 Broadway.

LOST—Drop pearl earring, small diamond on top, north-bound Subway train, Tuesday evening, Sept. 26; reward. Crane, 219 West 30th St.

LOST—Sunday, between 18th and 117th Sts., west side, gold watch fob, monogram "S. E." $5 if returned to Smith, 605 West 180th St.

LOST—Lady's gold watch and fob, between 114th and 116th Sts., on 5th or Manhattan Ave.; liberal reward. Mayers, 2,140 5th Av.

LOST—Watch in West 42d St. building by lady who was hurt, Sept. 26; reward; no questions asked. C 145 Times.

LOST—Thursday morning, Third Av., "L," two lodge books; finder please return; reward. A. J. Foehter, 36 Warren St.

LOST—A batch of notes payable to Diebold Safe and Lock Co.; reward if returned to 30 Reade St., New York.

LOST—Lady's gold watch, monogram "A. M. J." with fob; reward. Lindberg, Edwards & Co., 486 Broadway.

LOST—Gold medal, "Rose Attelson" on back. Kindly return to Attelson, 2 West 112th St. Liberal reward.

LOST—Diamond watch, between 31st St. and Astoria; reward. H. Reeder, 19 West 31st St.

LOST—Two map surveys on 4th Av., or uptown Subway. H. Anton, 50 Church St.

LOST—Gray onyx cuff button, marked W.; reward. Welling, 77 Broad St.

LOST—Gold fob, "S. S. B." Reward return to S. Bran, 404 East 48th St.

Found

30c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

FOUND, Sept. 28.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO. (Hudson Tubes.) Apply 137 Christopher St.—Soap, batteries, fire extinguisher, umbrella, pipe, bag, collar, baggage check, clothing.

FOUND, Sept. 29.—JERSEY CENTRAL R. R. Apply Station Master, Jersey City: Six umbrellas, 2 packages, pair rubbers, 2 rain coats, pin.

FOUND, Sept. 29.—NEW YORK CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Five packages, 2 umbrellas, brush, bunch keys, roll, commutation ticket, overcoat.

FOUND, Sept. 29.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Two umbrellas, box of lunch, rain coat.

FOUND, Sept. 29.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Dress, 6 packages, 7 umbrellas.

FOUND, Sept. 29.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City: Two packages, 8 umbrellas.

FOUND, Sept. 28.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City: Coat, 2 umbrellas, pair gloves, shirtwaist, package, book, roll of papers, package of collars. Sept. 23: Bag, strainer, umbrella, satchel, package of cake, knife, key, roll of music.

FOUND, Sept. 27.—New PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.: Two raincoats, 2 umbrellas, gloves, 2 glasses, pocketbook, nightgown. Sept. 28: Coat, pair pajamas, book, shaving brush, 2 parasols, nightshirt, 4 nightcap. Sept. 29: Hat brush, pair pajamas, cane, 2 packages, can of talcum powder; 8 pair gloves. LONG ISLAND DIVISION: Pair of gloves, veil, package, 2 umbrellas, neckpiece.

Business Opportunities

25c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Investment of $600 with services will net good living and large interest in stable manufacturing business to a bright young man who is looking for a future; bank references and orders from railroads, automobile trade, &c., can be had; money can be secured through bills receivable. Genuine, 208 Times Downtown.

Well-established physical culture correspondence business needs the service of a competent business manager who can make substantial investment, which will be fully secured. Exceptional Opportunity, X 47 Times.

EDITOR and business manager wanted for a printing and publishing company; must be an educated gentleman and invest $2,500 as third interest in $25,000 plant. X 44 Times.

A partner, active or otherwise; with $5,000, for public accountant in business, now earning $4,000 to $5,000; $1,000 to remain in business. C 126 Times.

Business Notices

30c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Best multigraph typewritten letters, 1,000, $1.50; get samples; we do printing, addressing, and mailing. Advanced Typewriting Bureau, 181 Broadway, Cortlandt—3617.

Help Wanted, Female

25c. a line 1 time; 50c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BEST & CO.,

1 WEST 35TH ST.,

REQUIRE EXPERIENCED HANDS ON MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S TAILORED AND FANCY COATS.

BOOKKEEPING and TOUCH TYPEWRITING TEACHER.—Uptown business school; state age and salary expected. Address S. A., 263 West 125th St.

WANTED at once, six girls for laboratory work; experience not required. Lederle Anti-Toxin Laboratory, 449 East 57th St.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BOY to attend door and answer telephone; references required. Apply Superintendent, 100 East 17th St.

EXPERIENCED DESIGNER WANTED ON CLOAKS, SUITS AND DRESSES; BEST OPPORTUNITY FOR FIRST-CLASS MAN; RIGHT PARTY CAN HAVE INTEREST IN THE BUSINESS. APPLY AT ONCE, B 200 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

EXPERIENCED SALESMAN to sell medium line of shirts throughout the United States; good inducements. Thomas Posner, 227 Church St., New York.

MECHANICAL engineer, able to figure in all measure, wanted in spare hours. Write or call Pellegrio, 20 West 96th St., City.

SALESMAN CLOTHING AS MANAGER outside New York; big opportunity eventually for right man; applicants must state references, time with each, age, salary, married or single. Write Confidential, 104 East 14th St.

SALESMEN wanted to handle ladies' muslin underwear as side line; only those with established trade need apply; good chance for right men. Address by mail only, Mutual Lace Underwear, 320 Broadway.

SHOE SALESMAN wanted with experience and reference. Frank Bros., 234 6th Av.

STENOGRAPHERS, experienced and rapid on typewriters, and who can figure well; salary, $18. Apply 624 East 19th St.

VARNISH SALESMAN to handle our extensive line among the trade; must have executive ability. Michael McNamara, Varnish Works, 204 Pearl St.

WANTED—Lonely people to attend Sunday evening service, Grace Methodist Church, West 105th St., near Columbus Av.; rose presented every one.

WANTED—Bright, grammar school education, for office in editorial rooms; $8. Address Box [illegible] Times.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

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WANTED—Bright, grammar school education, for office in editorial rooms; $8. Address Box [illegible] Times.

Help Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 45c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Domestic.

BOOKKEEPER, female, $12; cashier, saleslades bakery, near 110-$12; pantry maids, (2,) bakery, $6. Employer's Reference Service Agency, 144 West 23d St.

COOK, $40-$45; chambermaid-waitress $35; for Arizona. Miss Curry's Agency, 25 West 42d.

MRS. MALMBERG'S Swedish Employment Agency, 115 East 26th St., formerly at 352 4th Av.—Reliable servants for private families. Established 1881.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Good knowledge stenography; moderate salary; best references. Stenographer, 39 Delancey St.

GOVERNESS.—A lady wishes a position for her resident governess, who has lived in the family eighteen years and leaves because her pupil goes to boarding school; teaches English branches, Latin, French, and is willing to act as secretary. Mrs. W., Box 721 Babylon, L. I.

KINDERGARTNER.—Graduate, primary methods, desires position, visiting instructor to children. E. C., 335 Convent Av.

STENOGRAPHER desires position where good work is appreciated; ambitious, rapid, accurate; 6 years' experience; $15. Address X 218 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Rapid, accurate stenographer desires position immediately; seven years' experience; A1 references. B 257 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Position of companion by gentlewoman of education; references exchanged. C 132 Times.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; part time; reasonable. Accountant, 52 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT, expert; books opened; balanced; systems; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, 67 Murray St. Tel. 5083 Barclay.

ACCOUNTANT, expert; specialty, opening, closing, adjusting, complicated accounts; corporation work. Schults, 89 Delancey.

ADJUDGED A BONEHEAD, but not discharged; 30 years old; law graduate; has executive ability, capacity for hard work, and can handle men; wishing change, seeks employment with party willing to test him. Industry, C 151 Times.

A REFINED YOUNG MAN, knowing English, French, Greek, Turkish, and little Italian, wishes a commercial position. C 147 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—Expert accountant; writes up books regular intervals; moderate. Dixie, 216 Canal St.

BUTLER and COOK.—Japanese, with long experience, desires position in small family; best references; fully responsible; very industrious. Kichi, 257 East 56th St.

CHAUFFEUR and MECHANIC.—Reliable; references; wishes position, private family. Chauffeur, care Mosseder, 1,609 2d Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Aged 21; careful driver; experienced; desires position, private family. Orsenigo, 206 East 110th St.

CHAUFFEUR, single, wishes position with private family; careful driver; strictly sober; references. C 150 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Two years' experience, reference, desires position. Levey, 180 Osborn St., Brooklyn.

COACHMAN.—Position is desired for coachman in city or country; married, no children; best of references, who is losing present employment on account of employer's changes of plans for Winter. Address Harry Warren, care of Richard M. Jesup, White Plains, N. Y.

COLUMBIA graduate, 25, tutor; private family preferred; excellent credentials, or business position, where education and hard work count. C 124 Times.

ITALIAN TOURISTS needing services of a competent English-speaking guide are invited to apply to the undersigned, a Venetian, thoroughly conversant with Italian, (especially Florentine,) monuments, and art. Arturo Durelli, Via dell' Ariento, 2, Florence.

J. H. P. BROWN, Masseur, is open for treatments at home of clientele; medical reference; telephone, 3089 Schuyler.

WANTED.—Position as office manager or auditor; eight years with present employer; past five years as auditor in Southern States; desires to get back to the North; will travel; single, 27, Northern born and bred; unblemished record; best of references as to character and ability; can furnish any bond required. Address Box X 48 Times.

WELL-BRED YOUNG MAN, 21 years of age, capable, of good appearance, desires position with mercantile house where there is a chance for advancement; college mechanical education; highest credentials. Unique, Madison, N. J.

YOUNG MAN, ambitious, knowledge French and German, wishes employment Saturday afternoon; clerical work or in prominent dry goods house. C. T. F., Box 274 Williamsbridge.

YOUNG MAN, thorough business man; English, German, French, Bohemian, partly Italian, Spanish; long experience, seeks position as office manager or manager of export department; best references. C 93 Times.

YOUNG MAN, high school education and literary ability, desires position in a newspaper, magazine or a large publishing house; best reference. Alter Brody, 25 Meserole St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) employed, under bonds, desires position where merit rewards; 4 years' button line; selling ability; excellent references. C 141 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (24,) good education, to learn salesman business in dry goods line; at present employed; best references. C 142 Times.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 45c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, High-Grade Office Helpers, BOOKKEEPERS, Office Service Co. (Agency), STENOGRAPHERS. 50 Pine St. Tel. 8425 John.

Domestic.

A1 COLORED HELP furnished, short notice. Middlesex Employment Agency, 2,229 6th Av., Harlem—6370.

COMPETENT colored help, all grades, supplied. Riverside Agency, 12 West 99th St. 'Phone 1588 Riverside.

COOK, general workers, day workers, porters, elevator man. Instant Relief Agency. 'Phone 7288 Morningside.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency.) 214 West 53d Street. 'Phone 4788—Columbus.

For Sale

20c. a line 1 time; 45c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Slightly used office furniture, desks, chairs, tables, filing cabinets, typewriters, safes, cash registers, time clocks, mimeographs, multigraphs, adding machines, addressing, bookcases, partition. Nathan's, West Broadway, corner White St.

For sale—A WALKER VISIBLE Adding and Listing Machine. We found it the best machine on the market. Address Box B 163 Times Downtown.

Elegant Waltham gold watch for $40; it cost $60. Owner, 13 Grants, Newark, N. J.

Pianos and Organs

25c. a line 1 time; 60c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

STEINWAY unknowingly upright piano in fine condition; will sell very cheap. 342 W. 20th.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

57TH AV., 46.—Comfortably furnished large, small rooms, with board; refined surroundings; references; table guests.

57TH AV., 47.—Large and small rooms, private baths; transients and table guests.

16TH ST., 18 WEST.—Large front room; running water; near bath; very reasonable; excellent board; telephone.

16TH, 20, 22, 28 WEST.—Large rooms; newly decorated; well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

39TH ST., 57 WEST.—Board and rooms in well-kept Southern home; persons with reliable references.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms; private baths; house and table strictly first-class; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Large and small rooms; table guests; first-class references.

55TH ST., 63 WEST.—Room and board for gentleman; valet; large parlor; suitable for physician.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms with board; references.

58TH ST., 57 WEST. (near "L" and Subway.)—Newly decorated large and small rooms; private baths, electric lights; table guests; references.

63D ST., 133 WEST.—Lady having beautiful private home will board two gentlemen or married couple; all conveniences; reasonable; references.

64TH ST., 132 WEST.—Large and small rooms; excellent table board; private baths; telephone, reasonable.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, suitable for 1 or 2; excellent table; moderate.

243 WEST 72D ST.

A good house; well restricted; up-to-date service; convenient to Subway express station; 5th Av. stages stop at the door; desirable in every way.

72D ST., 172 WEST.—Second front, private bath, toilet; third front, private bath; fourth back, without bath; splendid table; references; table board.

73D ST., 159 WEST.—For Fall and Winter months, desirable rooms, with board; references.

72D ST., 251-253 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private bath; excellent cuisine; telephone; references.

72D, 181 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large and medium rooms; private baths; well appointed; references.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Newly decorated; private bath and telephone; electricity; steam; parlor dining room.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Large, medium rooms; suitable two; private bath; parlor dining; references.

74TH ST., 151 WEST.—17th year; rooms, private bath; parlor dining; references.

76TH ST., 239 WEST.—Newly furnished, decorated, single and double rooms; private bath, hot water, parlor dining, excellent table; table guests; telephone.

76TH ST., 149 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; excellent table; phone; home atmosphere; table guests; references; reasonable.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; table guests; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 232-234 WEST.—Desirable large, small; table guests; rates, $5 and $6; references.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; table board; references required.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Rooms, with board; high grade.

80TH ST., 143 WEST.—Large front room; southern exposure; table guests; parlor dining room; references.

80TH ST., 124 WEST.—Refined, exclusive home for desirable people; new throughout; generous table; telephone.

81ST ST., 120 WEST.—Suffrage club offers pure food; table board.

50-52 WEST 82D.

Rooms, newly decorated; baths; electricity. Schuyler, 8397.

82D ST., 74 WEST.—Table guest accommodated; all home cooking; select parlor dining room.

84TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large and small room; also 2d floor through; refined home; references.

85TH ST., 212 WEST.—Gentlemen or business woman can secure first-class accommodations, room and board, with congenial couple. Stokes.

86TH, 137 WEST.—Can accommodate gentleman or couple; exclusive, refined Jewish home; access surface, Subway, elevated; references exchanged.

90TH, 4 WEST.—In select private house, large, furnished front and bath room to responsible parties; suite for two or three; en suite or separate; dressing rooms attached; modern comforts; Austrian cuisine.

91ST ST., 54 WEST.—Elegant rooms; handsomely furnished; every convenience; telephone; centrally located; superior board.

92D, 54 WEST.—Second floor rooms, private baths; single rooms; excellent table; telephone; references.

92D ST., 60 WEST.—Suite of two rooms; hot and cold water; single room; table board.

96TH, 128-130 WEST.—Large and skylight rooms in high-class house; table guests.

94TH 144 WEST.—Rooms, attractive to those appreciating well-ordered house; convenient; table guests.

96TH ST., 149 WEST.—Large, small rooms, with board; private bath; business people preferred; telephone.

96TH, 61 WEST.—Rooms, with board; reasonable terms.

102D, 252 WEST.—Attractive rooms; bachelors, couples; refined, modern home; excellent table; Subway express.

104TH ST., 20 WEST.—Large, handsome rooms; excellent table; refined surroundings; phone; table guests.

104TH ST., 257 WEST. (West End Av.)—Rooms, private bath; table guests; references.

114TH ST., 526 WEST.—Very large front rooms, overlooking Columbia; private bath; excellent table.

117TH ST., 435 West.—Large front room; well furnished; southern exposure; excellent table.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Large corner rooms; Morningside Heights; superb view; celebrated table; room and board $12, $14; references; telephone 4769 Morningside.

116TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms; Southern cooking, daintily served; Subway, trolley.

118TH ST., 420 WEST.—Students' dining hall, $5, 3 meals; home cooking.

477 MANHATTAN AV., (120th.)

Large, small rooms, running water; good table.

121ST ST., 148 WEST.—Small room; well furnished; excellent board; table guests accommodated.

122D, 520 WEST.—Attractive front, modern room; telephone, electricity, elevator; reasonable; board optional. Kerker.

122D ST., 519 WEST.—Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside; single rooms, suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

123D ST., 264 WEST.—Large and small rooms; good closets; excellent table; American family; telephone.

124TH ST., 472 WEST.—Private residence; exceptional, homelike accommodations; wholesome, well-served meals; table guests.

125TH ST., 412 WEST.—Large, small rooms; refined house; superior table; references exchanged; table guests.

126TH ST., 559 WEST, (Near Broadway Subway.)—German family offers accommodations for a few desirable parties; thorough cleanliness; excellent meals; homelike comforts; table guests.

ALLIANCE HOUSE

256-260 West 44th St.

Quiet place for quiet people; in the very centre of the city, catering only to a respectable class; suites consisting of parlor, sleeping apartment, and private bathroom; also parlor and sleeping room, with running water; single and double rooms; steam heated; elevator service; popular rates; special rates for permanent guests.

THREE SPACIOUS SUNNY ROOMS; private house; home cooking; American family; references. C 129 Times.

East Side.

15TH ST., 210 EAST. (opposite Stuyvesant Park.)—Handsome back parlor; private bath; two large connecting rooms; telephone; table guests.

15TH ST., 216 EAST.—Desirable, large rooms; view Stuyvesant Park; reference; telephone; board optional.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; excellent board; table guests; telephone.

35TH ST., 42 EAST at Subway.—Family hotel; rooms and board, $10 per week; excellent service; inspection invited.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 30c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

East Side.

63D, 23 EAST. (604-606 Madison Av.)—Single and double rooms; uniformly excellent table.

50TH ST., 40 EAST.—Fine corner rooms, suites, with bath or separate; elevator, steam heat; uniformly fine table; select house; reasonable.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Large and small rooms; private baths; telephone; references; table guests accommodated.

MADISON AV., 71.—Large and small rooms, with board; telephone; references.

Brooklyn.

PRIVATE FAMILY offers two large adjoining rooms, with board, to couple or gentlemen for $20 weekly; no other boarders; excellent location in Brooklyn. X 226 Times Downtown.

PIERREPONT ST., 76, (Near Borough Hall Subway Station.)—Delightfully cool rooms; excellent table; moderate rates. 'Phone 1705—Main.

PARK SLOPE, 92 PRESIDENT ST.—Alcove and other rooms; superior table; telephone.

New Jersey.

MONTCLAIR.—For two gentlemen or couple, excellent room and board in private family; new house, steam, electric lights, bath, shower, phone, piano; comfortable, refined home, near Lackawanna; good after-theatre train service. X 51 Times.

Board Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 30c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

YOUNG BUSINESS MAN desires room and board with private family; near Subway or "L," between 34th and 122d St.; first-class references. C 146 Times.

BY gentleman, for Winter; wife, part Winter; in refined private family; no other boarders; 60th to 110th west, at $10 and $20 per week. C 149 Times.

Foreign doctor wishes home with small refined family, where there is opportunity of learning English. C 144 Times.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

9TH, 53 WEST.—Comfortable, well-furnished rooms; every convenience; private house; fine location.

9TH ST., 21 WEST.—Very desirable rooms; quiet, refined house; select neighborhood; $5-$15 weekly.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Desirable rooms, hot and cold water, telephone; small single room, $2.50.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house, charming suites, accommodate 2, 4, single; electric lights; references.

12TH, 109 WEST.—Desirable square, comfortable room; modern conveniences; suitable one or two; moderate.

12TH ST., 113 WEST.—Square rooms; southern exposure; running water; particular people; references.

13TH ST., 61 WEST.—Parlor floor, single or en suite; newly furnished and decorated; other rooms.

23D ST., 431 WEST.—Attractively furnished large, medium, small rooms; scrupulously clean; telephone; transients.

23D ST., 226 WEST.—Attractive large rooms, $4, $6; hall rooms, $2.50; back parlor; transients.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable double, single rooms; large closets, bath, running water; $8-$5.

37TH ST., 62 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished room; private bath; hardwood floor; gentlemen only.

45TH ST., 139 EAST.—LARGE, ALSO SMALL ROOM; ALL CONVENIENCES; SOUTHERN EXPOSURE; GENTLEMEN ONLY; REFERENCES.

46TH ST., 43 WEST.—Attractive, comfortable, large, small rooms, private bath, running water; references; gentlemen.

46TH ST., 63 WEST.—Large, well furnished room; private bath, with owner; gentlemen; references.

46TH, 28 WEST.—Large and small connecting rooms; private baths; all conveniences for gentlemen.

46TH ST., 313 WEST.—Large, small rooms; conveniences; block from Broadway; private house. 3462—Bryant.

52D ST., 238 WEST.—Large front room, suitable for two; bath, breakfast; $7. Large hall rooms; running water; breakfast; $4; gentleman.

52D, 236 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Exceptionally attractive large and small rooms; hot and cold running water; newly furnished, refined, private family.

57TH ST., 432 WEST.—Large, small, newly furnished; electric light; hot water; board optional; telep[illegible]

58TH ST., 17 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable rooms and suite; private bath; electric lights; board optional.

58TH ST., 222 WEST.—Large and small rooms; bath, telephone; parlor, with piano; all conveniences.

60TH ST., 22 WEST.—Elegantly kept; private baths; $30-$60 monthly; high-class, independent home.

60TH ST., 22 WEST.—Elegantly kept rooms, private baths; single, double, $25-$60 monthly; breakfast.

64TH ST., 119 WEST.—Unusually desirable room, near bath; attractively furnished; all improvements; reasonable.

69TH ST., 63 WEST.—Large sunny rooms; single or en suite; baths; steam heat; electric light; telephone.

70TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive room; private bath; steam heat; private house; gentlemen only; references.

70TH ST., 202 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large front room; one flight; every convenience.

71ST ST., 70 WEST.—Well-furnished rooms; private house; all accommodations; for gentlemen.

73D ST., 243 WEST.—Exceptionally large, light second-floor rooms, private bath; extra large closet; parquet floors; suitable for professor or apartment; convenient to Subway and cars; private house.

73D, 160 WEST.—Very pleasant room in private house; all modern conveniences; gentlemen only.

73D ST., 108 WEST.—Beautiful large single or connecting; private house; telephone; references.

73D, 172 WEST.
Desirable rooms; references.

73D ST., 148 WEST.—Attractive large and single rooms; southern exposure; baths; Subway and "L."

74TH ST., 104 WEST.—Well furnished large, small rooms; running water, bath, 'phone; terms reasonable.

75TH ST., 58 WEST.—Boston lady opening central exclusive home will rent two elegantly furnished large rooms; improvements; telephone; moderate terms; references.

75TH ST., 104 WEST.—Attractive, newly furnished large rooms; running water; bath; telephone.

76TH ST., 170 WEST.—Corner room; newly furnished; twin beds; phone; electric. Brockie.

76TH, 135 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, refined house and neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Desirable second floor front room, attractively furnished; conveniences; references; reasonable.

79TH, 162 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; well-kept house; convenient Subway. "L"; references.

79TH ST., 148 WEST.—Elegant furnished room for gentlemen; references.

80TH, 122 WEST.—Bachelors; superior accommodations; attractive to gentlemen appreciating private, refined surroundings; references.

80TH ST., 182 WEST.—Newly furnished and decorated rooms; hot and cold water; private family.

81ST ST., 108 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms, private house; all conveniences; reasonable; references; "L" Subway.

81ST ST., 151 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private house; all conveniences; private baths; together or separate.

82D ST., 227 WEST. (Riverside Drive.)—Private house; large, small; ample closets; gentlemen; telephone. Cambrai.

82D ST., 6 WEST.—Front suite; tray breakfast or board optional; business people preferred; references.

83D ST., 120 WEST.—Private bath; steam heat; electricity; parquet floors; special parlor, suites; telephone.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

83D ST., 71 WEST.—Large front room; excellent table; desirable location; private family. Phone 5980 Schuyler. Mrs. Pearsall.

84TH ST., 327 WEST.—Large back parlor, kitchenette; refined surroundings; also medium-sized room; moderate.

84TH ST., 111 WEST.—Large comfortably furnished, steam room, adjoining bath; refined; 44 minutes to Aqueduct.

84TH ST., 126 WEST.—Handsome parlor and bedroom, or single room with water; all conveniences. Brown.

85TH ST., 130 WEST. (Formerly 152 West 90th.)—Pleasant, homelike rooms; ideal location; telephone; references.

85TH, 140 WEST.—Large and small beautiful furnished rooms; private bath; convenient; private house.

87TH ST., 209 WEST.—Private family would rent parlor and bedroom, adjoining bath; independent. Copp.

88TH ST., 103 WEST.—Parlor and alcove; also rear parlor and lavatory adjoining; southern exposure; private locality; "L," Subway; telephone; references. Grossman.

89TH ST., 174 WEST.—Bedroom and sitting room for business women; 'phone 7563 Riverside. Janitor.

90TH, 6 WEST.—Private house; handsomely appointed, furnished rooms, with dressing room; breakfast if desired.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Attractive back parlor, also front room; clean, select house; all conveniences; telephone.

92D ST., 51 WEST.—Large and small room, with all modern conveniences, at moderate rates, near elevated and Subway.

93D ST., WEST.—Beautiful, large, light rooms; elevator apartment; refined small family; telephone 5,020 River. Campbell.

93D ST., 27 WEST.—Large room with alcove; running water; newly furnished; other rooms; telephone.

96TH ST., 138 WEST.—Comfortable, clean room; convenient location for business people; breakfast optional. Muir.

97TH ST., (west of Broadway.)—Select two-room suite; big-class elevator apartment; every comfort and convenience; telephone 6780 Riverside. Apartment 1—B.

100TH ST., 253 WEST.—Fastidiously furnished rooms, with adjoining bath; private residence; gentleman; references.

102D ST., 302 WEST.—Residence near Riverside Drive; handsomely furnished room; large; accommodations; all conveniences; reasonable; telephone.

103D ST., 210 WEST.—Daintily furnished parlor suite; separate entrance; excellent transportation; reasonable. Clarke.

103D ST., 216 WEST. (Corner Broadway.)—Private family offers large, handsomely furnished outside room. Lorsodi.

106TH, 247 WEST.—Private family rent one or two connecting furnished rooms; lavatory; block Subway; two doors west Broadway; references. Walker.

107TH ST., 220 WEST.—High-class elevator apartment; attractive rooms, beautifully furnished; references. Gurnee.

107TH ST., 210 WEST.—Large, bright, attractive front room; closets; elevator; Southern family; references. White.

113TH ST., 245 WEST.—Desirable outside room; running water; adjoining bath; modern apartment; private family. Telephone 2911L Morningside. Apt. 15.

115TH ST., 422 WEST.—Nicely furnished large, sunny room, two windows, $5 per week. Hendry.

115TH ST., 604 WEST.—Room, connecting lavatory; block subway express; newly decorated. Hoag.

118TH ST., 401 WEST.—Attractive room; telephone; electricity; elevator; dining-room convenient; Subway. Apartment 33.

118TH, 414 WEST, near Columbia.—Exceptionally well-kept rooms; elevator; $3, $5; references. Root.

417 WEST 118TH ST.

Newly furnished rooms; elevator; telephone; references. Fort.

414 WEST 118TH ST.

Large, small rooms; elevator; Subway. Smith.

121ST ST., 170 WEST.—Cool corner; four windows; modern; telephone; en suite; $3, $5. Hungerford.

122D ST., 540 WEST. (corner Broadway.)—Two ladies would like to rent outside room to a third; preferably business woman. Apartment 55.

122D ST., 540 WEST.—Comfortable, clean, sunny rooms, single, double; improvements; references. Apartment 32.

122D ST., 348 WEST.—In refined private house, exceptionally attractive, homelike comfortable room with private bath; $5. Telephone 654 Morningside.

123TH ST., 237-239 WEST.—Artistic, newly decorated, sunny large and small rooms; closets; running water; convenient location; private house; board optional.

126TH ST., 628 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; running water; private house; bath, shower; Subway; reasonable.

146TH ST., 208 WEST.—Furnished room, heat, bath, telephone; no other roomers; $2.50; references. Adams.

156TH ST., 540 WEST.—Two large, handsome rooms; running water; good table; private house; one block from Subway; gentlemen; telephone 4078 Audubon.

BROADWAY, 5,810, (corner 150th.)—Large furnished room; near Subway; elevator apartment. Call evenings. Farmer.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 410.—Nicely furnished room for refined party with reference. Fischer.

CLAREMONT AV., 175, near Riverside.—Select room; private family; business man, woman; $5. Cotton.

LIGHT housekeeping suite, 2 rooms; every convenience, electric lights, telephone; unusually desirable; reasonable. 476 West 24th, (London Terrace.) private residence.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 58, (120th.) Facing Park.—Front room, near bath; one flight. Gifford.

PARTY would rent room to lady, music teacher; privileges; part payment harmony lessons; references. T 7 Times.

PHYSICIAN'S OFFICE, with reception room and facilities, in select private house; furnished to suit; board optional. 4 West 90th.

SEVERAL beautiful rooms on Riverside Drive; running water and big closets; southern exposure; rent reasonable for desirable tenants; one block from 116th St. Subway. 431 Riverside Drive.

East Side.

16TH ST., 150 EAST.—Large second story front room, well furnished; running water; gentlemen; references.

17TH ST., 130 EAST.—Pleasant, well-furnished rooms, large and small; gentlemen.

28TH ST., 16 EAST.—Bachelors' quarters; swimming pool, showers free; electricity; $5 weekly and up.

29TH ST., 43 EAST.—Charming, large room, first floor; other rooms; private house; references.

33D ST., 15 EAST.—Large, sunny front room; running water and telephone; gentlemen.

38TH, 13 EAST.

Large, small rooms; all conveniences; reasonable.

43D ST., 16 EAST.—Large, attractive room; running water; also small room.

45TH ST., 35 EAST.—Furnished rooms, with baths; gentlemen; references.

49TH, 19 EAST. (Near Madison.)—Desirable rooms for gentlemen; comfortable, clean; reference; telephone; moderate.

49TH ST., 302 EAST.—Sunny room; private home; $3.50—all conveniences; references.

49TH ST., 148 EAST.—Large furnished rooms, with board; reasonable.

COTTAGE, like country; young couple will rent one room, three windows; no other roomers; $6; references. 7483—Lenox. 16 East 90th St.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Box spring bed; special rates for tourists; front room; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness; corner building.

LEXINGTON AV., 923.—Extra large front and back rooms; private baths; running water; conveniences.

MADISON AV., 260, (between 39th and 40th Sts.)—Exceptionally fine floor in private house; consists of three rooms with private bath; will let separately or together; steam heat, electricity, beautifully furnished; excellent neighborhood. Call or telephone 187 Bryant. W. Peck.

MADISON AV., 1,041.—Physician can share office expenses and waiting room; all handsomely furnished.

Brooklyn.

AT MONTAGUE TERRACE, 8 Heights.—Handsome rooms with private baths; instantaneous hot

FOUR ARE INDICTED IN UNION BANK CASE

Gilbert Elliott, Lawyer, Who Had Charge of Mortgage Business, Charged with Forgery.

OTHERS' NAMES KEPT SECRET

Elliott Prominent in Civic and Church Work in Brooklyn—Asks Public to Suspend Judgment.

Gilbert Elliott, a lawyer and real estate operator, of Brooklyn, was indicted by the Kings County Grand Jury yesterday for perjury, as a result of an investigation into the affairs of the Mechanics and Traders' Bank and its successor, the Union Bank. Three other indictments were handed down, but the names of the accused have not been made public because they have not been arrested. Mr. Elliott was arrested at his offices, 44 Court Street, and arraigned in the County Court before Judge Moore. He was released in $5,000 bail after his counsel, Martin T. Manton, had entered a plea of not guilty for him.

Mr. Elliott was David A. Sullivan's right-hand man in a number of real estate transactions, and had charge of much of the mortgage and loan business of Sullivan's bank.

After Elliott was released on bail, this statement was given out by District Attorney Clarke:

"The indictment for perjury against Gilbert Elliott arises out of an action which was begun by the Union Bank and the Essex & Lee Company against Ellsworth E. Bogart. In July, 1907, Sullivan and the Directors executed a note for $130,000, which was carried in the bank as an asset. This note was subsequently divided up by each Director making an individual note for $16,000.

"In December, 1907, Bogart demanded the surrender of his note, and threatened Sullivan with exposure. Sullivan, to appease Bogart, sent for Gilbert Elliott, and had Elliott assign a mortgage which was held by the Essex & Lee Company for $35,000 to Bogart as security. Bogart took the assignment of the mortgage, believing that this would relieve him from liability on the $16,000 note.

"After the bank closed Elliott demanded the mortgage back, claiming that he, as President of the Essex & Lee Company, had no authority from the Board of Directors to make the assignment. Bogart refused to surrender the mortgage. An action was begun by Grout & Greul to compel the surrender of the mortgage, and an application was made to the Supreme Court for an injunction restraining Bogart from disposing of or collecting on the mortgage.

"On the application for the injunction, Gilbert Elliott made an affidavit in which he swore that when he executed the assignment of the mortgage he was without authority from or knowledge of the Board of Directors of the Essex & Lee Company. The indictment charges that this statement was false and untrue, and alleges perjury."

Elliott, through his counsel, said:

"I wish to ask my friends to withhold judgment on my case until all the facts are heard, as I am entirely innocent of any intent to commit perjury."

Elliott is 45 years old. He is a member of the Brooklyn League, and for many years was Vice President of that organization. He was interested in many movements for civic improvements in Brooklyn, especially for playgrounds and boulevards in the borough. At the last election he was the candidate of the Prohibition Party for the Court of Appeals. He is a member of the Episcopal Church and the Episcopal Church Club. He is married and has two children—a son, Gilbert, who is in his senior year at Harvard, and a daughter, who is a student at Packer Institute, Brooklyn. He has a law office at 44 Court Street, and lives at 313 Sterling Place.

BOROUGH BANK DIVIDEND.

Order Permits the Payment of All the Small Creditors.

George C. Van Tuyl, Jr., State Superintendent of Banks, succeeded yesterday in obtaining through Jeremiah T. Mahoney, his counsel, an order from Justice Clark declaring a 10 per cent. dividend to the creditors of the Borough Bank of Brooklyn. The dividend was rather unexpected in view of the short time that Mr. Van Tuyl has had the affairs of the bank in charge.

The order as entered gives power to the Banking Superintendent to pay off in full the thousands of small creditors whose claims are $25 or less. It was further announced that the prospects of paying the creditors in full are very good, provided the market for the bank's assets continues to improve at the same rate as it has during the past month.

SUFFRAGE 'SANDWICHES' GAY

Will Parade Around Madison Square Garden To-day If Police Will Let Them

It was "sandwich day" at the Pure Food Show in Madison Square Garden yesterday. They were suffrage sandwiches from the Woman Suffrage Party in the Metropolitan Building. There were four of them, carrying sandwich boards in yellow and black with pure food mottos: "Down With Poisoned Food," &c., advertising the meeting of the congress which will be in charge of the suffragists Saturday night. The women created a sensation when they paraded up and down between the booths.

There was to have been a parade through the streets, but the rain and the police prevented. The rain passed just in time for the sandwichs to get to the Garden. Even the police, they say, cannot complain if a band of suffragists decently clad and with yellow and black cardboard coats, carrying tickets in their hands, march up to the Garden, and perhaps around it two or three times, before they go in. They will do that today. There were several pretty young girls in white gowns at the suffrage booth yesterday. Harvard college girls who were doing a flourishing business, giving out literature and selling flowers.

The oyster-opening contest, which was to have taken place yesterday, was postponed until to-day. William Lowney, champion of New England, and George W. Broderick of New York, will take part. Lowney says he is a world champion, having opened 100 oysters in 8 minutes, 200 in 7 minutes, and 1,000 in 45 minutes, and Broderick says he can defeat him. Four o'clock will be the hour, and there is a gold medal prize.

Mrs. Anna Kelton Wiley, bride of Dr. H. W. Wiley, Chief of the United States Bureau of Chemistry, will speak this afternoon on "Woman and the Larger Home." At the cooking lecture this morning Mrs. Lily Haxworth Wallace will show how to prepare a Sunday night tea. Entrance to the congress is free.

HER VALUABLE WATCH LOST.

Mrs. Reeder Offers Reward Through Lost Columns of The Times.

Mrs. Hilah Reeder of 19 West Thirty-first Street lost on Thursday afternoon between 2 and 3 o'clock a valuable jeweled watch. Leaving the "Life" Building in Thirty-first Street, Mrs. Reeder walked up Broadway to Thirty-third Street to the Waldorf, then on to Second Avenue, across the Queensboro Bridge to Astoria, and returned over the same route. She did not miss the watch until she returned to the "Life" Building. The watch was an open-faced case, with white enamel figures. On the back is gold work of pond lilies and leaves and a diamond swan, with a ruby eye, in green enamel representing water. The name "Hilah" is engraved on the inside of the case. Mrs. Reeder offers a reward through the lost columns of The Times.

SACCHARINE MEN PETITION.

Firms Want Longer Time Before Pure Food Law Is Enforced.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—There is a prospect that the decision on the use of saccharine rendered May 24 last, by which manufacturers were given six months more in which to work off stocks before the pure food law should be enforced against them, will be reconsidered. The firms concerned, the Fahlberg-Sachs & Co., Brooklyn; Harmon Belaire & Co., New Jersey; Fries Brothers, New York; the Verona Chemical Company, New York; the Monsanto Chemical Company, St. Louis, and the Hayden Chemical Company of New Jersey have submitted to Secretaries Nagel, MacVeagh, and Wilson briefs asking for a reconsideration of the report of the Remsen Board and the decision of the Board of Food and Drug Inspection in regard to the use of saccharine in foods.

The disturbed condition of affairs in the Department of Agriculture at this time rather prejudices the case for the manufacturers, but it is possible that they will be allowed another extension because it is difficult to decide their case now with the careful consideration it should receive. The manufacturers assert that the officials of the Department of Agriculture construed the Remsen Board report against them erroneously and urge that they should enjoy the same leniency as shown other manufacturers of food products.

If Secretary Nagel and Secretary MacVeagh should hear their case and reverse the former decision, the execution of the pure food law would be seriously complicated, and the Administration would be drawn into an ugly situation, probably with the result that the pending investigation by the Moss Committee would find its range of inquiry vastly enlarged.

Every consideration of the pure food controversy must include the fact that from the beginning the influence of the White House has had to be reckoned with. Dr. Wiley has always asserted this, and Secretary Wilson on the witness stand before the Moss Committee said it repeatedly.

MOVING PICTURE WAS NICER.

Fair 13 and Bold 19 Ran Away, but No Priest Would Wed Them.

"I had teased and teased and teased mother to let us get married," said thirteen-year-old Rosie Fornabi of 537 East 112th Street to Justice Hoyt in the Children's Court yesterday morning, "but each time she laughed at me and refused.

"Monday afternoon Giuseppe and I went to a moving picture show and there saw a picture what was just like our positions—a girl who loved her fellow with all her heart, but couldn't marry him just because she was too young. But that girl acted—ran away and married the fellow. The picture had a real happy ending. Their parents forgave them and gave a sort of party for them when they returned."

Rosie's eyes flashed with romantic excitement, and Justice Hoyt smiled as she continued:

"That picture decided us. We decided to go away and get married. We went to Newark that evening and tried to find a priest to marry us. We called on several, but they seemed to take it as a joke—told us to go home again and come back in a few years.

"The next day we came back to New York. I told Giuseppe to go up to my people's house and tell them we were married and see if they wouldn't forgive us and give us a party—like the people did in the picture. But they didn't. Instead they chased him out with a club, and my brother said he would shoot him.

"Later we were arrested by this detective," pointing to Special Officer Walsh of the Children's Society.

Justice Hoyt said that it was too bad the girl wasn't a few years older, and remanded her to the care of the Children's Society, without date, for a further examination on the technical charge of juvenile delinquency. Giuseppe Nella, her youthful consort, who was arrested with her at a friend's home, 747 Jackson Avenue, said that he is a barber, 15 years old, living at 339 East 112th Street. He was held for trial in $5,000 bail on the charge of kidnapping by Magistrate Breen in the Harlem Court.

MONEY AS WEDDING GIFTS.

Aged Bridegroom Makes Light-Hearted Suggestion, and with Some Success.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILLIPSBURG, N. J., Sept. 29.—"If you wish to give any present less than an airship or automobile, money will be the most acceptable, as our house is fully furnished," read the invitations to the wedding of John R. Munson and Mrs. Sallie A. R. Reimel, which took place here this afternoon.

Each of the parties to the nuptial contract had been married twice before. The bridegroom has six grown children and five grandchildren, and the bride three children and six grandchildren. He is 75 years old and she is 64.

The ceremony took place in the home of the bridegroom and was witnessed by 100 guests, some of whom obeyed the injunction as to gifts and others as merrily ignored it, assuming that it was more the product of the bridegroom's love of humor than anything else. The bride and bridegroom will start to-morrow for Niagara Falls for their honeymoon.

Munson was born in Wayne County, Penn., and in 1858 went to Colorado in quest of gold. He assisted in raising the first building at Colorado Springs. He lived for many years in Mexico, and has been but five years in Phillipsburg.

The bride is a grandniece of former Gov. Wolf of Pennsylvania, the founder of that State's public schools. Mrs. Reimel was nurse for the second Mrs. Munson in her last illness, having at that time been recently widowed.

EXEMPTS TRAFFIC SQUAD.

Three-Platoon System Not Applicable to Them Under New Law.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 29.—The Senate to-night passed the Ramsperger bill amending the three platoon police law so as to exempt the Traffic Squad of New York from its provisions. The measure is favored by the Merchants' Association, and is said to be approved by Police Commissioner Waldo. It was drafted by representatives of the State Patrolmen's Association, which was active in obtaining the passage of the original law.

Under the provisions of the Ramsperger bill the Police Commissioner may assign any number of policemen for traffic duty up to 550, and while they serve under such assignment their time for active service will not be restricted by the three-platoon law.

The bill was passed under an emergency message from the Governor.

MAY SUE 10,000 COMPANIES.

Many Illinois Corporations Failed to Make Income Returns.

CHICAGO, Sept. 29.—For failure to make returns under the corporation tax law more than 10,000 companies in the northern district of Illinois may be prosecuted by the United States District Attorney next month.

Reports showing their income for the year 1910 were due from them on June 1. Only 200 of the 13,000 corporations listed had responded up to that date. Since then a number have responded to notices from the Internal Revenue Collector and have paid $40,000 in penalties for delinquency.

The opportunity to compromise will end next month and all remaining cases will be turned over to the Federal prosecutor by the collectors.

SHOT MAN HERE, HE SAYS.

New Yorker Gives Himself Up in Chicago—Case Unknown to Police.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 29.—Horatio Bertrand Moses, 25 years old, of 330 West Fiftieth Street, New York City, walked into the Des Plaines Street Station this evening and gave himself up after stating that he was wanted in New York for shooting Stephen Kahn on the night of Sept. 1, 1910.

Moses, whose father, he said, is a photographer at Fifth Avenue and Forty-second Street, declared he had traveled all over the West and the Pacific Coast and was tired of avoiding the police, whom he knew to be searching for him.

According to Moses, he shot Kahn when he learned that the latter had affronted his sister. Afterward he fled and does not know whether his victim died or recovered.

ONE KIDNAPPED BOY IDENTIFIES MICELLI

Suspected Black Hand Chief Sent to Tombs with Bail High Enough to Keep Him There.

VICTIM KEPT FROM FATHER

Police Taking No Chances with Elder Sabella—Michele Scimeca, Who Is Four, Didn't Recognize Prisoner.

Pietro Pallozzolo, also known as Vito Micelli, who was arrested on Thursday night on suspicion that he was the head of a band of Italian kidnappers, was positively identified yesterday by Vincenzo Sabella, the boy who was released in Brooklyn a few days ago, as the man who coaxed him away from his home on July 31 last. Thereupon he was committed to the Tombs in default of $12,500 bail.

Detectives Carrao, Costano, and Dondero, who arrested Micelli, as he prefers to call himself, took him before Inspector Hughes yesterday morning. Micelli had been wanted for months by Inspector Hughes, who all along had suspected this gayly-bedecked, money-flashing, but idle young Italian, as having had much to do with the kidnapping both of Michele Scimeca, son of Dr. Mariano Scimeca of 2 Prince Street, and of Vincenzo Sabella and also of Pietro Quatrano, who is still missing.

In Inspector Hughes's office the prisoner was confronted with Michele and Vincenzo. Michele is only 4 years old, and very timid. He was kidnapped more than a year ago. When Inspector Hughes asked if he knew Michele the child's gaze fell. When further efforts were made to obtain some sign of recognition the boy would put his jacket sleeve in his mouth and chew on it nervously, or shift his eyes from Micelli's face to the window, and say nothing, or "I don't know," at most. Then it came Vincenzo's turn. He is 7 years old. After he had a good look at Micelli, the inspector asked:

"Did you ever see this man before?"

"Yes," replied Vincenzo, without a moment's hesitation. "He saw me on the street near my house before I went away, and he called me and said he would give me a penny to come along with him."

"Did you go in the street cars or in a train?"

"We went in a train and over a bridge."

"How far did you go?"

"We went a long ways, and finally he took me to a house where there was a woman and another child who was called Steve?"

"Did you see this man while you were at this house?"

"Oh, yes," was the reply. "He came a lot of times, and brought us cakes."

Inspector Hughes said afterward that not in his experience had he seen an identification by a child more complete or more evidently sincere.

Inspector Hughes had Micelli taken at once before Magistrate Murphy, sitting in the Tombs Court, and he himself made the charges. These included the kidnapping of both boys and the carrying of a concealed weapon, which, under the Sullivan act, is a felony. The case against him in the Scimeca kidnapping has by no means fallen through, according to Inspector Hughes, through the failure of Michele to identify Micelli. Two girls are understood to have seen him taking Michele away, though they did not appreciate that he was being kidnapped. Inspector Hughes said last night he would have these girls in court when Micelli gets his hearing.

The inspector asked Magistrate Murphy to hold Micelli for hearing this afternoon, and to fix the bail as high as he could. The Magistrate fixed the bail on each kidnapping charge at $5,000, and on the charge of carrying a concealed weapon at $2,500. In addition, Magistrate Murphy said:

"I am the only Magistrate who can accept bail for this prisoner."

Turning to Assistant District Attorney Nolan, who appeared with Inspector Hughes, Magistrate Murphy added:

"I suppose you will want forty-eight hours to investigate any bond that is offered, won't you?"

Mr. Nolan said he certainly would, and the Magistrate said that if any one came forward with bail for Micelli he would raise it to $25,000 before he would let him go.

Inspector Hughes had one more stroke to make. Vincenzo Sabella, the Elizabeth Street merchant and father of the kidnapped boy, has refused almost from the start to treat with the police, and has gone so far as to order Inspector Hughes's detectives from his store. He didn't even report the disappearance of the boy until nearly a month had elapsed. The Inspector, therefore, didn't dare trust the boy back in his father's hands, so he asked Magistrate Murphy if he would not commit the boy to the Children's Society until after the hearing. The Magistrate consented.

The elder Sabella went to Police Headquarters late in the afternoon to see if Inspector Hughes would not relent, but he found the Inspector in no humor for concessions. Inspector Hughes charged him with having paid the captor or captors of his son $2,750 to obtain the release, and with having ordered the detectives out of his place when they went there to aid him. Sabella denied that he had paid any money, and said he had not welcomed the detectives because he feared his place would be blown up.

"Yes, you thought more of your business than you did of your son, didn't you?" demanded the Inspector.

OFF FOR EUROPE TO-DAY.

Some of the Passengers Sailing on Seven Steamships.

The transatlantic steamships sailing today and some of those booked to depart on them are:

PHILADELPHIA (Southampton.)—Mr. and Mrs. Rafael Howard Arrien, Mr. and Mrs. John C. Benson, M. P. Bigelow, Capt. and Mrs. Charles Clingerton, James Mott Hallowell, the Rev. C. Silvester Horne, J. Howland Jones, L. B. de Lalitte, Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas F. Morice, Augustus Peabody, the Rev. and Mrs. George F. Pentecost, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Pickitt, and James H. Wynkoop.

PRINZESS IRENE (Naples.)—Mr. and Mrs. George de Arteaga, Mrs. Carrie Barndall, Miss Rose E. Cleveland, Mrs. J. W. Goodbody, Mrs. Charlotte T. Kearney, Prof. and Mrs. Harold B. Smith, and Claude C. Washburn.

MINNEAPOLIS (London)—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Baker, H. M. Coolidge, Mr. and Mrs. William L. Corbin, Sydney Flower, Mr. and Mrs. George P. Hoover, W. F. Kennedy, Mrs. William Lidstone, Mrs. W. T. Mason, and James S. Whiteley.

VADERLAND, (Antwerp)—Mrs. J. R. Aleshire, Edward S. Barnes, Miss Marion Cockburn, A. M. Kaer, Edward F. Qualtrough, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Webb, and Dudley Wilcox.

ROCHAMBEAU, (Havre)—Dr. George Ahern, Miss M. C. Baker, Mrs. L. F. Becher, Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Dupont, John Hay Duval, Mrs. R. L. Goodwin, Mr. and Mrs. Curtiss J. Monson, Lawrence B. Packard, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Richmond, and Dr. George St. Amand.

CALIFORNIA (Glasgow)—Herbert W. Clock, Mr. and Mrs. John Leslie, S. J. Fuller, Miss Helen McGregor, Charles E. Patterson, Alexander Robertson, and Dr. and Mrs. F. W. Weber.

CLYDE (Southampton, via West Indies.)—Lewis Anderson, R. S. Bowen, C. L. Carpenter, Mr. and Mrs. Silas C. Chase, Frederick Dickinson, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Fitzgerald, Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Hazard, Mrs. J. H. Sharp, Capt. C. W. Thomas, and Mrs. Helen Waterice.

Mrs. Leslie Carter's Chauffeur Fined.

Daniel O'Hare, chauffeur for Mrs. Leslie Carter, was fined $10 in the Westchester Court yesterday for driving her automobile thirty miles an hour on Pelham Parkway. A charge of having the rear light on the machine unlighted was dismissed. O'Hare explained that he was speeding to take some medicine to Mrs. Carter, who had recently undergone an operation at her home, 415 Pelham Road, New Rochelle. William L. Payne, Mrs. Carter's husband, paid O'Hare's fine.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A.M.		Loss.
12:50	South and Clinton Sts.; Department of Street Cleaning	Trifling
2:20	360 West 30th St.; W. L. Peters	Trifling
2:15	42 West 126th St.; Edith Cook	$25
9:55	107 East 110th St.; Fannie McGrail	Trifling
P.M.		
1:25	311 East 100th St.; A. Sadler	$200
3:05	148 Ridge St.; A. Lasenger	25
5:30	Pelham Parkway, east of White Plains Av.; S. Brooks	$2,000
7:20	2,116 Broadway; C. Furthman	50
9:15	4 Howard St.; J. Gephi	Trifling
9:40	2 East 123d St.; F. Messner	Trifling
10:10	2,221 Broadway; Mary Realty Company	Trifling

MADELINE RUSSE TURNS UP.

Flagg's Operator Confers with Employer's Prosecutor—Not Arrested.

Miss Madeline Russe, the confidential telephone operator of Jared Flagg, went to the Federal Building yesterday and conferred with Assistant District Attorney Thompson. Since the arrest of Flagg and his associates Miss Russe, who was named in the original complaint, but was not indicted on Wednesday, has been beyond the reach of the postal authorities, and it was declared that she was out of the State.

Yesterday morning she called up John F. McIntyre, Flagg's counsel, and was advised by him to go to the Federal Building. This she refused to do until she was assured that bail would be provided if she was arrested, and that Mr. McIntyre would act as her counsel. She arrived in the afternoon and spent several hours with Mr. Thompson in a room adjoining that set aside for the Grand Jury. At the conclusion of their conversation she and the Assistant District Attorney ran at top speed along the passages to escape the newspaper photographers and went to the District Attorney's office.

After a few minutes there she emerged, a slip of a girl with her features almost concealed by a velvet bee-hive shaped hat, and was escorted down the elevator by Mr. Thompson. She had nothing to say, and Mr. Thompson was equally reticent. It was learned, however, that she has not been arrested, and that if the Government needs her she will come down again to give further evidence.

F. F. Tennyson Neely, the ex-publisher, the only one of those arrested with Flagg, and who is still in the Tombs, had his bail reduced yesterday from $10,000 to $5,000. He was still unable to find bondsmen. He contends that his entire connection with Flagg was as agent to bring about the publication of his work, "Flagg's Flats," at a cheaper rate than Flagg himself could get.

Flagg's books are being examined in the Federal Building by Patterson & Cochrane, accountants. According to Irving Burdick, one of Flagg's counsel, this is being done at the defendant's expense, in order that he may demonstrate to the Government and the public that his accounts show that there was nothing in his system that called for any prosecution.

SLID OFF THE OLYMPIC.

Convenient Rope Helped Mr. McGee Get Back on the Adriatic.

More passengers of the White Star liner Olympic when she was rammed by the cruiser Hawke off the Isle of Wight got home yesterday on the Adriatic. Two who held themselves fortunate in getting accommodations were E. W. Sheldon, President of the United States Trust Company, and Thomas Magee, a real estate man of San Francisco.

Mr. Magee said he was standing near an open port on the starboard side of the Olympic, and as soon as the Hawke struck her he tried to signal a small steamboat near by. The skipper did not understand the signal. Glancing down he saw a coil of rope. Below the port a rowboat was bobbing up and down. He uncoiled the rope, but found it too short to reach the water. He drew it up and tied it to another piece. This was long enough. Calling to a boy in the boat to come alongside he slid down the rope.

He and the boy rowed three miles to Cowes, and there he telephoned to Southampton for accommodations on the Adriatic.

Mr. Magee was short of clothes when he got ashore and a tailor made him a pair of trousers in three hours, which he thought was a record.

Mr. Sheldon chartered a special train from London to Liverpool to catch the Adriatic. The railroad people would not take his check, but he was fortunate enough to borrow $625 from a friend. The train made the journey of 200 miles in less than six hours, arriving at Liverpool just in time.

HORSE CARS NOT PAYING.

Costs About Double the Fare to Carry Belt Line Passengers.

The impossibility of making the east and west side belt lines of the Central Park, North & East River Railroad Company, which are operated by horse cars, pay expenses, was brought out yesterday at the transfer hearing before Public Service Commissioner Eustis. Returns submitted for the first six months of this year showed that the average receipt from each passenger on the west side belt line is 4.04 cents, and it costs to convey him 8.15 cents, and the average receipt from each passenger on the east belt is 4.89 cents, and it costs to carry him 11.86 cents.

On the other hand, each passenger on the Fifty-ninth Street crosstown cars pays 4.25 cents, and it costs to carry him 2.68 cents, and thus the company hopes to make both ends meet. The figures for the second half of the year are likely to be somewhat improved in consequence of the greater travel on the belt lines in hot weather, but it is not uncommon for the east side belt cars in the evening to make trips without collecting a single fare.

George W. Linch, General Manager of the company, admitted that the company was skating on very thin ice, and argued that any increase to the burdens through the resumption of free transfers might result in throwing it into bankruptcy. About 4,000 transfers are now exchanged daily with the Metropolitan, but the system has been a failure.

LIBRARIANS ELECT OFFICERS.

Members Take an Automobile Ride Through Brooklyn and Queens.

The New York Librarians' Association, which is holding its annual convention in this city, met yesterday in the museum of the Brooklyn Institute, in Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn. After the business session the members were the guests of the Long Island Library Club at a luncheon given at the Montauk Club. They were then taken on an automobile trip through Brooklyn and a part of Queens. In the evening the librarians had dinner at Reisenweber's Casino, Brighton Beach.

Officers were elected yesterday as follows: William Foote Seward of Binghamton, President; Lucia T. Henderson of Jamestown, Vice President; Mrs. Kate Deane Andrew of Elmira, Secretary, and Frederick W. Jenkins of New York, Treasurer.

At the morning session addresses were made by ex-Mayor David A. Boody, President of the Brooklyn Public Library; Frank P. Hill of Brooklyn, the retiring President of the association; A. Augustus Healy, President of the Board of Directors of the Brooklyn Institute; Charles M. Pratt, President of Pratt Institute, and others.

Mrs. Walker Cleared of Shoplifting.

Mrs. Frances Walker of Holyoke, Mass., the wife of Edward C. Walker, a wealthy paper salesman, who was arrested in a Sixth Avenue department store on Wednesday afternoon for shoplifting, was discharged by Magistrate Corrigan in the Jefferson Market Court yesterday. The store withdrew the complaint on the ground that restitution had been made.

Kennedy of Cortlandt St.
Buy Your FALL HAT here—
All Middlemen's Profits Saved
A grade for every purse. A saving in every grade.
Fall Style Derbys,
"Different"—That's All!
Flexible Derbys—1.90, worth $3.50
Featherweights, Fast Color, Easy as a Soft Hat
A Style for Every Face
Stitched Cloth Hats, $1.25 & $1.90
Why Pay More? $3.00 Elsewhere?

HAINS MAY LEAVE SING SING TO-DAY

Annis's Slayer Doesn't Yet Know That a Pardon Is Coming—His Health Good.

WILL GO TO FATHER'S HOME

Gen. Hains on His Way to the Prison to Greet His Son—Army Ranks Closed Against Prisoner.

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, N. Y., Sept. 29.—It is generally believed by the officials of Sing Sing Prison that Peter C. Hains, Jr., former Captain of Coast Artillery, U. S. A., who is serving a sentence of from eight to sixteen years for killing William E. Annis in August, 1908, will be released to-morrow. While no official confirmation has reached the prison that Gov. Dix has given Hains a pardon the papers which will restore Hains to liberty and citizenship will be received in to-morrow morning's mail from Albany.

Thornton J. Hains, who was with his brother when he killed Annis and who was tried as an accessory to the murder and acquitted, was in Ossining this morning and called at the prison, where he had a talk with Warden Kennedy. Thornton Hains did not see his brother, however, and did not communicate with him in any way. As a matter of fact Peter Hains has no idea that freedom is so near. He will not know of it until the papers from Albany are received at the prison, and Warden Kennedy will be the person who will take the news to him.

The ex-army officer has been a model prisoner and has won the friendship of all in authority. He has worked in the draughting department and has also done much clerical work.

Thornton Hains on leaving the prison to-day was quoted as saying that when he saw his brother a week ago Capt. Hains appeared to be very blue and "talked as though he were going to die."

At the office of Warden Kennedy, Mr. Hickey, the Warden's secretary, said that instead of being ill and blue Capt. Hains was in very good health. Mr. Hickey said that Capt. Hains while not a strong man physically was, taking all things into consideration, in very good health indeed.

Gen. Peter C. Hains, U. S. A., retired, telegraphed from Washington to-day that he was on the way to Ossining, and he is expected to arrive in the morning in time to greet his son in the event the pardon arrives in to-morrow morning's mail. Capt. Hains, as soon as released, will probably go straight to his father's home in Washington. His three little children, who are being cared for by his mother, are in Washington.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 29.—"I feel convinced after reading the additional affidavits that have been submitted to me that Capt. Peter C. Hains, Jr., is entitled to Executive clemency," said Gov. Dix to-day, commenting on the application made to him for the pardon of the slayer of William E. Annis. The Governor said he expected to grant the pardon this week.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—The ranks of the United States Army are closed against Capt. Peter C. Hains, Jr., even though Gov. Dix pardons him. The President accepted Hains's resignation to take effect Jan. 28 last, and it is said at the War Department that only an act of Congress could restore him to the army roll.

PARDONS ANOTHER CONVICT.

Dix Frees Edward Wise, Serving Life Term for Cabman's Death.

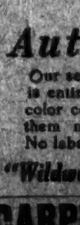
Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Sept. 29.—Ex-Congressman Keliher has received a telegram from Congressman Burton Harrison of New York, announcing the pardon and restoration to citizenship by Gov. Dix of Edward Wise of Roxbury, who has been confined in Sing Sing as a life prisoner since 1899. The pardon is the result of a hearing granted last week by Gov. Dix.

Wise was a champion pool player. While on a visit to New York with another Boston man, Sweeney, he became involved in a row in a saloon with a cab driver named Beasley. The quarrel was continued in the street, where Beasley was knocked down, receiving a fracture of the skull, and death resulted.

Wise, charged with highway robbery resulting in murder, was convicted and sentenced to death, but Gov. Roosevelt commuted his sentence to life imprisonment. Sweeney escaped and subsequently died in South Africa.

The friends of Wise have always asserted that the blow which resulted in Beasley's death was struck by Sweeney.


GEO. M. COHAN THEATRE, B'way & 43 St. Evs. 8:15. Matinees To-day & Wed. 2:15.
NEVER WAS A HIT LIKE THIS.
America's Own Author-Actor,
COHAN
In the best musical farce ever written,
"THE LITTLE MILLIONAIRE."
The Box Office line has never broken.

Kennedy Broadway at 42d St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:20.
LAST 2 WEEKS
DAVID BELASCO presents
THE CONCERT

Century (Formerly New Theatre) 62d & 9th Av. Tel. 2500 Col. Evs. 8:20.
LAST 2 TIMES
Mat. To-day 2:20. THE BLUE BIRD Prices, 50c. to $3.00.

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Evs. 8:20. Mat. To-day, & Wed. 2:15. Wed. Mat. 50c. to $1.50.
WHAT THE DOCTOR ORDERED
The New Comedy by A. E. THOMAS.

GRAND Opera House, Near Mon. 23d St. 8th Av. 25c to $1. Mat. To-day
THE COUNTRY BOY
BLANCHE BATES, "Nobody's Widow."

MUSIC HALL AMERICAN THEATRE 42d, W. of Broadway
8:15 P. M., 25 & 50c. 12:30 to 11:30 P. M.
All Seats Reserved. Mats. 10-15; Night 10-15-25c.
10 Big Vaudeville Acts. Continuous Vaudeville.
Baseball games reported by innings at the Matinee.

FOOD SHOW 10 A. M. to 11 P. M. 50 cents.
The exposition given by the National Food Magazine
Free Cooking Lessons every morning, 11 A. M.
Madison Square Garden

ACADEMY OF MUSIC 14th St. & 3d Av. 10, 20 & 30c. THE BANKER'S DAUGHTER.

TRADE E. & W. MARK
Shirts for Autumn Wear
Our semi-stiff plaited bosom shirt is entirely a new feature. The color combinations have many of them never before been shown. No labels.
"Wildwood"—a new Earl & Wilson Red-Man collar.

CARPET CLEANSING
Largest in the World. Every detail. 41 years' experience.
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STORAGE WAREHOUSE AND MOVING VANS.

HIPPODROME 6th Av., 43d, 44th. Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats $1. Box $5.
AROUND THE WORLD
SERIES OF COMPLETE NEW SPECTACLES

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th. Evs. 8. Mat. Wed. 411 Col. To-day 2.
GABY DESLYS | REVUE of REVUES
TO-MORROW NIGHT—FIRST BIG CONCERT.
GABY DESLYS AND OTHER STARS ACTS.

DALY'S B'way & 30th. Beginning To-day Matinee. A New Comedy NEXT! With Helen Lowell & Harry Conor.
All New York Is RINGING WITH THE SUCCESS OF
Bought and Paid For
By George Broadhurst, at the
PLAYHOUSE Evgs. 8:20. Matinee To-day 2:20.
48th St., East of Broadway. Tele. 2626 Bryant.
A PLAY THAT SENDS THE AUDIENCE AWAY LAUGHING AND CRYING AT THE SAME TIME.

BIJOU B'way & 45th. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Today Cyril Scott in MODERN MARRIAGE

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evgs. 8:10. Matinee To-day 2:15.
New Viennese Operetta. THE KISS WALTZ
William Collier's COMEDY 41st, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinee To-day 2:20.
An Auto-Comedy SPEED

Maxine Elliott's Thea., 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Last Week. Last Mat. To-day 2:15.
LAST 2 TIMES CROSMAN IN THE REAL THING.
Beginning Mon., Oct. 2 (Seats Now) Tuesday, Oct. 3 Seats Now.
Henrietta Crosman GERTRUDE ELLIOTT in Rebellion

39th Street Thea., 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:15. Last Week. Last Mat. To-day 2:15.
JOHN MASON in Augustus Thomas' greatest play, AS A MAN THINKS.
Beginning Mon., Oct. 2 (Seats Now) MARGARET ANGLIN in a new comedy GREEN STOCKINGS

BROADWAY Thea., B'way & 41st. OPENING POSTPONED TILL THURS., OCT. 5
LEW FIELDS Will Present Seats on Sale.
THE NEVER HOMES
Tickets purchased for To-night good Oct. 5.

LYRIC 42d, West of B'way. Evenings, 8:20. Last Mat. To-day. Last Mat. To-day 2:20. Last Three To-night.
EVERYWOMAN
Beginning Wednesday Oct. 4th.
HENRY KOLKER in "THE GREAT NAME"
SEATS NOW SELLING.

WEST END, 125th, W. of 8th Av. Evgs. 8:15. MATINEE TO-DAY 2:15. POMANDER WALK
Next Week, JOHN MASON in As a Man Thinks.

MANHATTAN Opera House, 34th & 8th Av. Evs. 8:15.
Matinee To-day 2:15 BABY MINE with MARGUERITE CLARK.
Next Week, THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER.

Lew Fields' HERALD SQ. B'way & 35th. Twice Daily, 2:30 and 8:30. KINEMACOLOR MOTION PICTURES of the Coronation. 25c., 50c.

MAJESTIC B'way & 59th. Twice Daily, 2:30 and 8:30. Kinemacolor Motion Pictures of the Coronation. 25c., 50c.

REPUBLIC THEATRE, W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Wed. at 2:30.
DAVID BELASCO presents THE WOMAN WM. C. de MILLE

BELASCO Theatre, 44th St., near B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Thurs. 2:30.
LAST 3 WEEKS
DAVID BELASCO presents The Concert

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th St. TO-DAY 2:15. TO-NIGHT 8:15. 25c-$1. BURLESQUE Sunday Concerts
Smoking Allowed
The Queen of Bohemia

HAMMERSTEIN'S 42 St., Ev. 35c. to $1. Daily Mat. 25-50-75c. Rock & Fulton, Montgomery & Stone, Mons. Hayes & Co., 19 others.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES

EMPIRE B'way, 40th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:30.
JOHN DREW in his greatest comedy success, A SINGLE MAN.

HUDSON 44th St., near B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Wed. at 2:30.
THE LAUGH HIT.
FRANK McINTYRE —IN— SNOBS

THE HARRIS West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Thurs. 2:30.
ROSE STAHL in Chas. Klein's Latest Success, MAGGIE PEPPER.

FOLIES BERGERE 46th St. B'way. Restaurant is in session from 6:30 P. M. to 1 A. M. 6:15 to 11, NEW REVUE. A LA BROADWAY. 11 P. M. to 1 A. M. CABARET SHOW. Popular price Matinee TO-DAY 2:15.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38th St. Evs. at 8. Matinee To-day 2.
"Siren Waltz Intoxicates."—Alan Dale.
DONALD BRIAN IN THE BEST OF ALL MUSICAL COMEDIES, including Julia